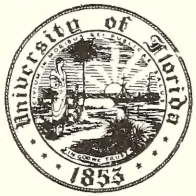
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CANADA VOTES

A Handbook of Federal and Provincial Election Data

HOWARD A. SCARROW
Michigan State University

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A Galleon Book

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Howard A. Scarrow

East Lansing, Michigan
August, 1961

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INTRODUCTION

Free elections are the hallmark of a democracy. More than any other characteristic, it is the periodic opportunity given to the citizen to choose among alternative policies and political leadership which distinguishes democracy from other forms of government. Somewhat paradoxical, therefore, is the fact that the results of democratic elections are often difficult to discover.

Canada presents a clear example of the problem. Any Canadian history text can be relied upon to relate which party and which leaders were elevated to office by a given election. The more refined data, however, is considerably more elusive, so that anyone who asks such a seemingly elementary question as "How many votes did a party receive at a given election?" had better be prepared to devote a good number of hours of research among sources which are not always easily available. There are two explanations for this state of affairs. First, in Canada as in many other countries which have inherited British political traditions, political parties are not accorded official recognition. Despite the crucial role which they play in the operation of responsible party government, parties have remained outside the legal framework of government, just as do so many other parts of the "real constitution." For election purposes, the practical consequence is that the voter is presented with a ballot which makes no mention of the party affiliation of the candidates among whom he is expected to choose, and that the official election returns are generally published as if the election were no more than a series of district contests between two or more individuals, with no mention being made of their party affiliations. At the federal level, the one concession to political reality in the issuance of election returns was a special summary report, published in 1916, which presented the results of every general election and by-election from 1896 to 1916, and which included not only the party affiliations of the

candidates, but also the total vote polled by each party.[1] At the provincial level, the exception to the rule of party anonymity occurs in certain provinces where, especially in more recent years, data on party performance is included in the official returns.

There are two sources which must be relied upon to fill the gap left by the failure of official publications to take cognizance of political parties. One is the *Canadian Parliamentary Guide,* an annual volume published through the patronage of Parliament and provincial legislatures, which contains a goldmine of information relating to the federal and provincial governments. The results of both federal and provincial elections are reproduced in the *Guide,* with the party affiliations of the candidates included. Unfortunately, however, the *Guide* had never followed to its logical conclusion the recognition that elections are essentially contests among parties, rather than individuals, and thus has failed to present the total party vote. Moreover, with regard to provincial elections, the *Guide's* coverage has, in the past, sometimes been incomplete, a fault which is hardly surprising in view of the difficulties in obtaining reliable provincial election data.

The Canadian Press, Canada's major wire service, has been the other major source of election information. Most Canadian newspapers carry the Canadian Press election coverage, which includes a complete list of candidates of each party, published the day following the deadline for filing nominations; and a complete account of the voting, published the day following

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[1] James G. Foley, Clerk of the Crown in Chancery for Canada, *Resume of General Elections of 1896, 1900, 1904, 1908, and 1911 and of By-Elections Held Between July 11th, 1896 and January 1st, 1916* (Ottawa, Government Printing Bureau, 1916).

Within recent years, certain government publications, such as the *Canadian Year Book,* have published the names of members of the House of Commons, complete with their party affiliations. The Elections Act, however, continues to remain silent on the subject of political parties, except to state that the parties are to nominate the enumerators for the preparation of the voters list. The official position was stated in the House by Prime Minister Mackenzie King in 1940: "Under these [election] laws no political party is recognized as such. The printed ballots and the printed lists of names of candidates contain only the names of candidates, their addresses and occupations. The responsibility of ascertaining the party affiliations of the candidates is that of the voter himself." *Globe and Mail* (Toronto), March 20, 1940, p. 1. In the wartime elections of 1917 and 1940 special provision was made to provide overseas servicemen with the party affiliation of the candidates, and since the election of 1945 this information has likewise been given to Canada's peacetime overseas forces.

the election. Obviously, however, the voting figures presented in these accounts are unofficial and incomplete, and in other ways suffer from their necessarily hasty preparation.[2]

The other explanation for the dearth of reliable information on Canadian elections lies in the publication practices of the various jurisdictions. At the federal level a complete account of every election has been published since the establishment of Confederation in 1867, with the results broken down to the smallest polling station. In the provinces, however, publication practices have varied widely. If published at all, the election results have often been overly abbreviated, have shown signs of hasty and inaccurate preparation, and frequently have been in such form that even the best of Canadian libraries have not included them in their holdings. Although in recent years there have been notable advances in provincial publication policies, there are today four provinces which still do not publish full returns of their own elections (Newfoundland, Prince Edward Island, New Brunswick, and Manitoba).

The purpose of the present volume should now be apparent. It is to provide a comprehensive survey of Canadian election results for the use of scholars, public officials, and citizens concerned with public affairs. It is focused on the election performance of the various political parties, and embraces elections at both the federal and provincial level. Because of practical considerations, not all elections have been treated with equal thoroughness. Part I presents the results of federal elections from 1878 to 1917. For each election there is a table showing, for each province and for the nation at large, the number and percentage of seats, and the number and percentage of votes, won by each party. The number of candidates entered by each party is given in the notes.

The first three federal elections to be held, those of 1867, 1872, and 1874 have been omitted from the analysis, since during these early years of Confederation the formation of national political parties had not yet been completed. At these early elections there were many candidates who were not formally identified with recognized political movements, and many others

[2] During the late 1940's and early 1950's the Canadian Press issued pocket-size election handbooks covering the latest federal and provincial elections. Although not accurate in every detail, these volumes are excellent accounts of the elections of the period.

whose political loyalties were so uncertain that reference sources present contradictory accounts of their partisan affiliations.

Part II is a more detailed examination of federal election results from 1921 to 1958. For each election there is included:

a) A brief interpretation of the election;
b) Table I, which shows, for each province and for the nation at large, the number and percentage of seats and the number and percentage of votes, won by each party;
c) Table II, which shows, for each province and for the nation at large, the number of seats contested, retained, gained, and lost by each party;
d) Table III, which shows, for each province and for the nation at large, the number of seats won by various percentage margins;
e) A listing of the outcome of the election in each riding.

Part III presents the results of federal by-elections during the period 1921 to 1958, as well as a summary of the seats contested, retained, gained, and lost at by-elections by the respective parties.

Part IV is devoted to provincial elections held since 1920. The data presented includes the number of seats contested, the number of seats won, and the number and percentage of votes polled by each party. Where the information is available, data on voter participation is also included.

Part V is a summary of electoral trends for the periods covered.

EXPLANATORY REMARKS

Every attempt has been made to insure that the data included in this volume is as accurate as is humanly possible. With a few exceptions which are noted, every figure has been obtained from official sources. For the federal elections, the source has been the *Report of the Chief Electoral Officer* (Ottawa),[3] or for the elections of 1896 through 1911, the special summary report already described. The sources for the provincial elections are noted in Part IV.

[3] Prior to 1917, the report was issued under the name of the Clerk of the Crown in Chancery.

With the exception of the federal elections of 1896 through 1911, and those provincial elections where party data has been included in the official returns, for each election it has been necessary to ascertain the party affiliation of each individual candidate. This has been done with the aid of the *Canadian Parliamentary Guide;* the accounts by the Canadian Press and by local correspondents as appearing in major Canadian newspapers; and the *Canadian Annual Review,* a publication initiated at the turn of the century and appearing every year until the late 1930's. The party affiliation of every candidate has been checked against at least two of these sources, and sometimes twice that many. This precaution has been necessary because of the disturbing inconsistencies which appear in these reference sources.

Apart from typographical errors, and mistakes which are likely to appear in any extensive tabular compilation, the major explanation for these discrepancies is the fact that in Canada party organization is decentralized among the provinces, and to a lesser extent among the local constituencies, so that there exists no one central party organization which can grant or withhold official party endorsement and thus be in a position to issue a list of "official" party candidates. Even at the constituency level, especially for the minor parties, there is sometimes little in the way of a formal party organization which can be relied upon to designate the official party candidate. Not infrequently, therefore, the party affiliation of a candidate is determined only by how he describes himself to the electorate, and the documentation of his party affiliation is dependent upon how that description is perceived by observers on the scene. It is quite clear that in some cases the perception of one observer has not squared with that of another.[4]

Whatever the reason, for every election there have invariably been several instances of disagreement among the sources consulted as to the party affiliation of particular candidates. Where such discrepencies have appeared, reliance has generally been placed upon information contained in a major newspaper

[4] In some cases two or three newspapers have disagreed over the party affiliation of a candidate, even though each has attributed its source to the Canadian Press. Even within a single issue conflicting statements have appeared. Similar inconsistencies have appeared within single issues of the *Canadian Parliamentary Guide* and *Canadian Annual Review.*

of the province in question, especially the textual accounts of local correspondents, or upon published histories of the period. Where these sources have not yielded satisfactory solutions, the party affiliation chosen has been that which has appeared in the majority of sources consulted, or ultimately, that which in the author's own judgment appears most likely to be correct. Fortunately, most of the problems of this sort have arisen with regard to the candidates of the minor parties and political movements. The major exception occurs during the 1920's, when because of the blurred relationship among the Liberals, Progressives, Liberal-Progressives, United Farmers of Ontario, and labor candidates, considerable confusion was evidenced in the reporting of the election results. The solutions of these difficulties are footnoted in the relevant sections of Part II.

If all sources were to agree on the party affiliation of every candidate, the compiliation of the party totals would still leave a good deal of room for individual judgment. The major problem which arises concerns those candidates who appendage an adjective, such as Independent, before the label Liberal, Conservative, etc. Should the votes and seats won by these candidates be included in the regular party column, or should they be counted separately?

There are at least four types of circumstances under which the modified party label has been used. First, there are those candidates who, while nominated by the constituency organization of one of the parties, wishes to emphasize his position on some policy question, or to identify himself with some cause or group. Thus, for example, Liberal candidates have run under the label of Liberal-Labor, Liberal Protectionist, and Liberal-Dry. During the later 1920's there were several candidates who, having received the nomination of both Liberal and Progressive parties, ran under the designation of Liberal-Progressive; and after the demise of the Progressive Party there were candidates who continued to run under this hyphenated label.

A second type of situation occurs when a candidate wishes to emphasize his disagreement with certain aspects of his party's platform or policy, and who therefore calls himself an Independent Liberal, Independent Conservative, etc. Frequent examples of such independence have occurred among Quebec Liberals.

A third type is the candidate who, having failed to receive

the nomination of his party, decides to stand against the official candidate, running as an Independent Liberal, Independent Conservative, etc.

Fourth, there are those candidates who are not formally associated with a party organization, yet who run as Independent Liberals, Independent Conservatives, etc., either because of the prestige and vote-pulling power of the party label, or because of their general sympathy with the party's objectives.

Finally, there is the candidate who runs as a true Independent, but who during the course of the campaign receives the public backing of one of the party organizations which itself has failed to enter a nomination. Thus by election time the candidate has come to be referred to as an Independent Liberal, an Independent Conservative, etc.[5]

Except where noted (see notes to Table for 1878), in the preparation of this volume the decision of whether or not to include the votes of a modified party candidate in the regular party column has been made dependent upon whether or not the candidate has been opposed by a "regular" party standard bearer. Where there is such opposition, as under the circumstances described in examples three and four above, the votes of the candidate are counted separately under "Other." Where no such opposition occurs, the votes are included in the regular party column and noted accordingly.[6] The rationale of this procedure lies in the fact that the objective has been to present as accurate a picture as possible of the party preferences of the electorate. To fail to include in the Liberal column the votes of an Independent Liberal, or a Liberal-Labor, or to fail to include in the Conservative column the votes of an Independent Conservative, where these candidates have not been opposed by regular party nominees, would result in a greater distortion of these preferences than any distortion which may result from the more

[5] Sometimes, however, Independents do not publicize their party backing. Thus in 1921 the *Canadian Annual Review* noted that the Conservatives contested every single seat in Quebec, with one-third of the candidates running as straight Independents, the Conservative label apparently being considered a stigma. In cases of this sort, no attempt has been made to count the votes polled by such candidates as part of the regular party totals.

[6] The inclusion of such candidates in the regular column holds true for all the tables, as well as for the listings of ridings.

inclusive approach. It should also be mentioned that not infrequently there have been candidates who, while carrying the straight party label, have adopted positions on certain policy questions which have made them in fact no less "independent" than those candidates who formally adopt this modifier in describing their party affiliation; it would be difficult to justify the exclusion of the one and not the other.[7] Finally, it may be noted that the deviant party candidate, if elected, almost invariably has become a member of the regular party caucus in Parliament, and by the time of the next election may well have adopted the regular party label.[8]

One other problem in the preparation of party totals may be mentioned. Occasionally it happens that two candidates of the same party contest a single riding, as when the party organization is unable to agree upon a nominee. In such cases the votes of both candidates have been included in the party total, and the fact of the double candidacy noted accordingly. With these few exceptions, it may be assumed that the number of candidates entered by a party equals the number of seats contested by that party.

EXPLANATION OF TABLES

The following explanatory notes are presented as guides to the interpretation of the tables included in this volume.

I. Tables Showing Seats and Votes Won by Parties:

1. At the federal level there have always been a few urban ridings which have returned two members, rather

[7] Nor can it always be assumed that a candidate carrying the regular party label has necessarily been nominated by the party organization. Sometimes, for example, a Liberal or Conservative has received only a handful of votes, and thus obviously has received no organizational backing. Such candidates, nevertheless, have been counted as regular Liberals or Conservatives.

[8] One type of discrepancy which has often appeared among the various sources consulted relates to this problem of the modified party candidate. One source will ascribe to a candidate the straight party label, while another will add an appropriate modifier. Since discrepancies of this sort nearly always arise only in cases where the candidate is not opposed by a candidate carrying the straight party label, the only question which has arisen for the preparation of this volume has been whether or not to include a footnote notation. The rule which has been followed is to assume that for such discrepancies to appear the candidate must be so closely identified with the party that the notation is unnecessary. Thus, for example, William Benidickson, the representative of Kenona-Rainy River, Ontario, since 1945, has been variously described as a Liberal and Liberal-Labor (because of his association with organized labor). He is always counted in the Liberal column without notation.

than the usual one. (Today there are two such ridings, Halifax, Nova Scotia, and Queens, Prince Edward Island.) Similar examples of plural member ridings occur at the provincial level. Since in such cases the voter votes for as many candidates as there are representatives to be returned, the total vote cast in these ridings substantially exceeds the total cast in the normal single member districts. Consequently, the party which runs exceptionally well in these urban districts has its portion of the total provincial or national vote artificially inflated; and those parties running poorly are shown to have attracted lesser support than is actually the case. Generally, however, these distortions would be slight.

2. Any reader who might compare the vote totals given in this volume with those found in official sources might occasionally find discrepancies. The explanation is that mistakes of addition sometimes appear in these official reports. In every case where the total valid vote cast has been shown in the official return, this total has been checked against the sum derived by adding up the votes received by the various parties. In tracking down any discrepancy, it has sometimes been found that the official report has added incorrectly the votes received by all of the candidates as these votes are shown in the report. Ultimately, therefore, the figures which are taken to be the "official" figures are those which appear as being polled by each candidate, and not those which may be shown in the summary tables included at the beginning or end of the report.

3. In the notes to each table showing seats and votes won by the parties there is an explanation of the votes included in the column "Other." The figures in parenthesis refer to the number of candidates running under each party label.

4. Unlike Britain, Australia, and New Zealand, Canada has never produced a national labor party of major significance. To the extent that it has received some backing by organized labor, the Co-operative Commonwealth Federation (C.C.F.) has been the nearest approximation of such a party. There have, nevertheless, been numerous

"labor" parties at the provincial level. These were especially numerous prior to the formation of the C.C.F., and some of them formed larger federations such as the Independent Labor Party or the Canadian Labor Party. The electoral success of these parties at the national level has been negligible, and to the extent that they have had an impact on Canadian politics it has been largely in provincial governments.

The existence of many separate labor parties has been due to doctrinal splits and other difficulties, and is reflected in the variety of designations, some of which, other than those already noted, are Labor, Federated Labor, Dominion Labor, Socialist, Socialist Party of Canada, Socialist-Labor, and Workers. Unfortunately, the reporting of elections in Canada has never been sufficiently precise to document accurately the exact party which a candidate might represent, and thus frequently the simple designation "Labor" is all that is provided. The reader is cautioned, therefore, not to interpret the designation "Labor" as appearing in this volume, as meaning that the candidate represents a major Labor Party, as in Britain, or indeed that he represents an organized party of any sort. The only party which has been consistently distinguished has been the Labor Progressive Party, which was formed in 1943, and which is Canada's Communist Party.

II. Table II (Part II) :

1. Under the column "Other," the figures shown for Contested ("C") refer to the number of "other" candidates, and not to the number of seats contested by these candidates.

2. In the case of an election which follows a redistribution of seats, it is not possible to make a completely accurate assessment of the number of seats retained, gained, and lost by each party. Frequently the redistribution acts have resulted in such sweeping changes of the electoral map that the majority of ridings, even though their names have remained unchanged, have undergone at least some alteration in the territory included within their boundaries. The figures which appear, therefore, offer at best only an

approximate indication of this phase of the election outcome.

Sometimes analysis has been aided by the fact that an entire area, embracing four or five seats, remains loyal to a single party, so that despite the fact that the boundaries have undergone radical change (as when the boundary lines are changed from vertical to horizontal), it has been possible to classify all the seats as having been retained by the party. In other cases, however, no such fortuitous solution has been possible, so that analysis has had to be confined to those seats which could reasonably be compared with the old election map.[9]

3. For the purpose of figuring the seats retained, gained, and lost, the party which is considered as holding the seat at the time of the election is that party which won the seat in the last election held in the riding (the last general election or the last by-election). No attempt has been made to take into account any change of party affiliation by the elected candidate after his election to office.

III. Tables of Election Results by Riding (Part II):

1. A single asterisk (*) appearing after the name of a riding indicates a double-member district.

2. A single asterisk (*) appearing after the vote under the column "Other" indicates that one of the "other" candidates was elected. A single asterisk appearing after the vote of one of the listed parties indicates that the candidate of this party was elected, even though due to a double candidacy by one of the other parties his total vote is not the highest vote shown. In all other cases the riding has been won by the party which is shown to have received the highest number of votes.

IV. Turnout Data:

All figures on voter turnout have been calculated by dividing the number of votes by the number of names on the voters list. Unless otherwise noted, the number of

[9] In the case where two ridings, each held by a different party, are merged into one single riding, the party which wins the new seat is considered as having retained the seat.

votes includes both valid and invalid ballots cast, and where there are plural member districts has been adjusted by dividing by two, three, etc., the number of votes cast in those districts. The number of names on the voters list has been adjusted by subtracting the names of voters in those districts where the election was by acclamation. For the elections of 1917 and 1940 the calculation of turnout is based upon the civilian vote only.

V. All Tables:

In all tables showing election results by province, the provinces are listed in geographical order, beginning with Newfoundland (prior to 1949, Prince Edward Island), and ending with British Columbia. The strongly regionalized nature of Canadian politics justifies this arrangement.

VI. Abbreviations:

The following are the major abbreviations used throughout the volume:

C.C.F.—Co-operative Commonwealth Federation
Comm.—Communist
Con.—Conservative
Ind.—Independent
Lib.—Liberal
Prog.—Progressive
Soc.—Socialist
U.F.A.—United Farmers of Alberta
U.F.O.—United Farmers of Ontario

THE CANADIAN ELECTORAL SYSTEM

The major features of the Canadian electoral system may now be briefly summarized.

Elected Representatives: In accordance with the British parliamentary model, the Canadian voter casts his ballot for but one official, *viz.*, the representative to the House of Commons for his constituency (or in provincial elections, the representative to the provincial legislature). Unlike in the United States, there is no opportunity to vote directly for executive or judicial officers, and at the legislative level only the one house is chosen

by popular election.[10] This difference between Canadian and American elections reflects, of course, the fundamental distinction between the parliamentary and presidential system of government and, incidentally, emphasizes the relative simplicity of Canadian election data as compared to the vast complexity of American election returns.[11]

Apportionment of Representatives Among the Provinces: Like the states in the United States, in Canada the provinces serve as the basic units for representation in the lower house of the federal legislature. Each province is allotted a number of representatives in the House of Commons which is generally proportional to its population. Until 1947, the various "exception" clauses in the governing legislation allowed many of the provinces to claim a greater number of representatives than their population would otherwise have allowed. Since that time, however, apportionment has corresponded more closely to population distribution, although certain provisions still guarantee some provinces being over represented. (For example, each province is guaranteed at least as many representatives as it has Senators, a provision which now assures that Prince Edward Island and New Brunswick can never have their representation reduced below the present four and ten seats, respectively.) Table 1 shows the representation accorded to each province since 1867.[12]

Apportionment within the Provinces: The most flagrant violations of the principle of "representation by population" has occurred in connection with the drawing of the individual single member district boundaries within each province.[13] Because it is the majority party in Parliament which has ultimate control over the periodic redistributions, deliberate gerryman-

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[10] At the federal level, the upper house (Senate) is an appointed body. Among the provinces, only Quebec retains a two-chamber legislature, the upper house likewise being appointed.

[11] Further complicating American election data is the lack of centralized reporting of federal elections, and the frequency of elections at all levels. The most useful reporting of American election results is now found in the *America Votes* series, edited by Richard M. Scammon, and published at appropriate intervals by the Governmental Affairs Institute, Washington, D. C.

[12] For a complete account of the history of Canadian representation, see Norman Ward, *The Canadian House of Commons Representation* (Toronto, 1950).

[13] As already noted, in Canada there are presently two constituencies which return two members, rather than the usual one.

TABLE 1

REPRESENTATION IN THE HOUSE OF COMMONS
GENERAL ELECTIONS, 1867-1958

	Nfld.	P.E.I.	N.S.	N.B.	Que.	Ont.	Man.	N.W. Terr.		B.C.	Yukon*	Total Seats
1867			19	15	65	82						181
1872			21	16	65	88	4			6		200
1874, 1878		6	21	16	65	88	4			6		206
1882		6	21	16	65	92	5			6		211
1887, 1891		6	21	16	65	92	5	4		6		215
1896, 1900		5	20	14	65	92	7	4		6		213
1904		4	18	13	65	86	10	10		7	1	214
								Sask.	Alta.			
1908, 1911		4	18	13	65	86	10	10	7	7	1	221
1917, 1921		4	16	11	65	82	15	16	12	13	1	235
1925, 1926, 1930		4	14	11	65	82	17	21	16	14	1	245
1935, 1940, 1945		4	12	10	65	82	17	21	17	16	1	245
1949	7	4	13	10	73	83	16	20	17	18	1	262
1953, 1957, 1958	7	4	12	10	75	85	14	17	17	22	2	265

* Beginning in 1949, the Yukon constituency was renamed Yukon-Mackenzie River, in recognition of the addition of the Mackenzie District. Since 1953, however, both the Yukon and the Mackenzie District have been separate constituencies.

dering for partisan advantage has been possible; and because of the wide acceptance of certain notions of representation, such as that urban ridings should as a matter of course be more populous than rural ridings, wide variations in the populations of the various constituencies have been justified. The result is that in Canada, as in most countries where the single member district system is employed, all citizens do not enjoy equal voting power. For example, in Ontario the number of registered voters per constituency for the federal election of 1958 ranged from 17,142 to 112,628.

Voting System: At the federal level voting has always been by simple plurality. The winning candidate, in other words, is that candidate who receives the most votes, regardless of whether or not he receives a majority of the votes cast.

At the provincial level, there have been certain departures from the simple plurality system. These are explained in Part IV.

Franchise: Since the passage of the federal Elections Act in 1920 (and thus beginning with the 1921 election), the franchise for federal elections has been determined by the requirements set forth in federal law. It has been based on the principle of adult suffrage, with the usual restrictions governing age (21), citizenship, residence, and certain other matters.

With the exception of a few years, all federal elections prior to 1921 were held under the various provincial franchises. The exceptions were the three elections of 1887, 1891, and 1896, when a federal franchise was applied, and the wartime election of 1917, when the franchise was based on both federal and provincial requirements. The evolution of the provincial franchise requirements was such that whereas in 1867 eligibility to vote was made dependent upon the ownership of property, by 1900 only the voters in Quebec and Nova Scotia were subject to this requirement.[14] The federal legislation of 1920 finally removed the property qualification for all Canadians.

The election of 1917 was the first federal election in which women participated. The participation was assured by virtue of the woman suffrage legislation which had been enacted by several provinces (beginning in 1916), and by the wartime

[14] The federal franchise which governed the elections of 1887, 1891, and 1896 included the property qualification. For a complete history of the federal franchise, see Ward, *op. cit.*, Ch. XII.

federal legislation which granted the vote to relatives of members of the armed services. However, the 1921 election was the first in which all women were eligible to vote.

As already mentioned, at the provincial level the general property qualification had been abolished by 1900 in every province but two. Nova Scotia finally removed the property restriction in 1920, and Quebec in 1936.[15] By 1920 all but two of the provinces had granted the franchise to women. Prince Edward Island fell into line in 1922, and finally Quebec in 1940. In all provinces but three the voting age is 21. In Alberta and British Columbia it is 19, and in Saskatchewan it is 18.

Nominations: According to the Elections Act, all one has to do to have his name appear on the ballot is to secure the signatures of ten qualified voters on the formal nominating paper, file the paper according to specified procedures, and make a deposit of $200, returnable providing he polls at least half the number of votes polled by the winning candidate. (Similar provisions appear in provincial legislation). Usually, however, the only candidates who have a chance of being elected, or even having their deposit returned, are those who have been selected by a constituency organization of one of the political parties.

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[15] However, there is a modified property qualification in Prince Edward Island. See Part IV.

Part I

RESULTS OF FEDERAL GENERAL ELECTIONS 1878-1917

TABLE 2
1878 ELECTION RESULTS
SEATS WON AND VOTES POLLED BY PARTY

	CONSERVATIVE				LIBERAL				OTHER				TOTAL	
	Seats	%	Votes	%	Seats	%	Votes	%	Seats	%	Votes	%	Seats	Votes
Prince Edward Island	5	83.3	13,978	56.8	1	16.7	10,621	43.2	–	—	—	—	6	24,599
Nova Scotia	14	66.7	33,541	52.3	6	28.6	28,330	44.2	1	4.8	2,289	3.6	21	64,160
New Brunswick	5	31.3	17,964	45.0	11	68.8	21,916	55.0	–	—	—	—	16	39,880
Quebec	45	69.2	78,458	56.4	20	30.8	55,797	40.1	–	—	4,774	3.4	65	139,029
Ontario	62	70.5	135,534	52.2	26	29.5	122,846	47.3	–	—	1,381	0.5	88	259,761
Manitoba	3	75.0	546	49.6	1	25.0	555	50.4	–	—	—	—	4	1,101
British Columbia	6	100.0	2,945	88.8	—	—	—	—	–	—	373	11.2	6	3,318
TOTAL	140	68.0	282,966	53.2	65	31.6	240,065	45.1	1	0.5	8,817	1.7	206	531,848

For the elections of 1878, 1882, 1887, and 1891, no attempt has been made to separate the votes of Independent Liberals or Nationalists (in Quebec) from those of regular Liberals, or the votes of Independent Conservatives from those of regular Conservatives. For these early elections local party organization was often not sufficiently formalized to allow an accurate identification of the "official" party candidate, and it was not uncommon for more than one party standard-bearer to contest a single riding. Indeed, for all these elections the difficulty of ascertaining the party affiliation of certain candidates casts a shadow of uncertainty on any attempted tabular compilation.

The number of Conservative (including Independent Conservative) and Liberal (including Independent Liberal and Nationalist) candidates in each province was as follows:

	P.E.I.	N.S.	N.B.	Que.	Ont.	Man.	B.C.	TOTAL
Con.	6	21	14	62	92	4	9	208
Lib.	6	21	18	55	86	1	–	187

The following is an itemization of the votes which are included in the column "Other."

N.S. Ind. (3) 2,289.
ELECTED: 1 Independent.
Que. Ind. (4) 4,074; Undetermined (3) 700.
Ont. Ind. (3) 1,381.
B.C. Undetermined (1) 299; Ind. (1) 74.

Explanation of Party Totals:
Eight Conservative seats were won by acclamation (three in Quebec and Manitoba, two in British Columbia). Three Liberal seats were won by acclamation (two in New Brunswick, one in Quebec).

TABLE 3

1882 ELECTION RESULTS
SEATS WON AND VOTES POLLED BY PARTY

	CONSERVATIVE				LIBERAL				OTHER			TOTAL	
	Seats	%	Votes	%	Seats	%	Votes	%	Seats	%	Votes %	Seats	Votes
Prince Edward Island	1	16.7	14,778	48.5	5	83.3	15,680	51.5	–	—	— —	6	30,458
Nova Scotia	14	66.7	31,025	55.0	7	33.3	25,345	45.0	–	—	— —	21	56,370
New Brunswick	9	56.3	21,146	54.5	7	43.8	17,625	45.5	–	—	— —	16	38,771
Quebec	52	80.0	63,290	59.3	13	20.0	43,400	40.7	–	—	— —	65	106,690
Ontario	54	58.7	139,581	51.0	38	41.3	134,215	49.0	–	—	— —	92	273,796
Manitoba	2	40.0	3,378	46.7	3	60.0	3,855	53.3	–	—	— —	5	7,233
British Columbia	6	100.0	2,339	82.8	—	—	300	10.6	–	—	187 6.6	6	2,826
TOTAL	138	65.4	275,537	53.4	73	34.6	240,420	46.6	–	—	187 0.1	211	516,144

The number of Conservative (including Independent Conservative) and Liberal (including Independent Liberal and Nationalist) candidates in each province was as follows:

	P.E.I.	N.S.	N.B.	Que.	Ont.	Man.	B.C.	TOTAL
Con.	6	23	20	73	94	6	10	232
Lib.	6	19	13	44	90	4	1	177

The votes in the column "Other" after British Columbia are those polled by two candidates whose party affiliation could not be determined.

Explanation of Party Totals:

Twenty-Four Conservative seats were won by acclamation (16 in Quebec, two each in New Brunswick, Ontario, and British Columbia, and one in Nova Scotia and Manitoba).
One Liberal seat was won by acclamation (in Quebec).

TABLE 4
1887 ELECTION RESULTS
SEATS WON AND VOTES POLLED BY PARTY

	CONSERVATIVE				LIBERAL				OTHER				TOTAL	
	Seats	%	Votes	%	Seats	%	Votes	%	Seats	%	Votes	%	Seats	Votes
Prince Edward Island	—	—	17,145	46.5	6	100.0	19,733	53.5	–	—	—	—	6	36,878
Nova Scotia	14	66.7	41,728	50.2	7	33.3	39,451	47.4	–	—	2,061	2.5	21	83,240
New Brunswick	10	62.5	30,281	51.1	6	37.5	28,994	48.9	–	—	—	—	16	59,275
Quebec	36	55.4	80,711	50.6	29	44.6	78,413	49.1	–	—	483	0.3	65	159,607
Ontario	54	58.7	180,619	50.5	38	41.3	177,225	49.5	–	—	164	0.1	92	358,008
Manitoba	4	80.0	7,712	51.4	1	20.0	7,280	48.6	–	—	—	—	5	14,992
British Columbia	6	100.0	3,995	86.9	—	—	603	13.1	–	—	—	—	6	4,598
North West Territory	4	100.0	5,000	69.3	—	—	2,220	30.8	–	—	—	—	4	7,220
TOTAL	128	59.5	367,191	50.7	87	40.5	353,919	48.9	–	—	2,708	0.4	215	723,818

The number of Conservative (including Independent Conservative) and Liberal (including Independent Liberal and Nationalist) candidates in each province was as follows:

	P.E.I.	N.S.	N.B.	Que.	Ont.	Man.	B.C.	N.W.T.	TOTAL
Con.	6	22	17	65	92	6	10	5	223
Lib.	6	22	15	66	93	4	3	4	213

The votes in the column "Other" are those polled by Independent candidates (four in Nova Scotia, one each in Quebec and Ontario).

Explanation of Party Totals:

Seven Conservative seats were won by acclamation (three in Quebec, two in British Columbia, one each in New Brunswick and Manitoba).
Three Liberal seats were won by acclamation (in Quebec).

TABLE 5
1891 ELECTION RESULTS
SEATS WON AND VOTES POLLED BY PARTY

	CONSERVATIVE				LIBERAL				OTHER				TOTAL	
	Seats	%	Votes	%	Seats	%	Votes	%	Seats	%	Votes	%	Seats	Votes
Prince Edward Island	2	33.3	17,892	48.5	4	66.7	18,966	51.5	–	—	—	—	6	36,858
Nova Scotia	16	76.2	47,689	54.0	5	23.8	40,155	45.0	–	—	468	0.5	21	88,312
New Brunswick	13	81.3	36,820	59.3	3	18.8	23,368	37.7	–	—	1,858	3.0	16	62,046
Quebec	29	44.6	97,123	52.0	34	52.3	84,775	45.4	2	3.1	4,731	2.5	65	186,629
Ontario	48	52.2	183,326	49.4	44	47.8	182,141	49.1	–	—	5,605	1.5	92	371,072
Manitoba	4	80.0	9,369	53.1	1	20.0	8,281	46.9	–	—	—	—	5	17,650
British Columbia	6	100.0	4,009	71.6	—	—	1,592	28.4	–	—	—	—	6	5,601
North West Territory	4	100.0	8,371	81.0	—	—	1,960	19.0	–	—	—	—	4	10,331
TOTAL	122	56.7	404,599	52.0	91	42.3	361,238	46.4	2	1.0	12,662	1.6	215	778,499

The number of Conservative (including Independent Conservative) and Liberal (including Independent Liberal and Nationalist) candidates in each province was as follows:

	P.E.I.	N.S.	N.B.	Que.	Ont.	Man.	B.C.	N.W.T.	TOTAL
Con.	6	22	18	64	91	5	6	6	218
Lib.	6	21	13	59	92	4	4	2	201

The following is an itemization of the votes which are included in the column "Other."

N.S. Prohibition (2) 468.
N.B. Ind. (1) 1,858.
Que. Ind. (6) 4,731.
Ont. ELECTED: 2 Independents.
Equal Rights (2) 2,455; Patron (2) 2,198; Ind. (2) 923; Single Tax (1) 29.

Explanation of Party Totals:

Four Conservative seats were won by acclamation (two in British Columbia, one each in Ontario and Manitoba).
Three Liberal seats were won by acclamation (in Quebec).

TABLE 6
1896 ELECTION RESULTS
SEATS WON AND VOTES POLLED BY PARTY

	CONSERVATIVE				LIBERAL				OTHER				TOTAL	
	Seats	%	Votes	%	Seats	%	Votes	%	Seats	%	Votes	%	Seats	Votes
Prince Edward Island	3	60.0	9,157	49.0	2	40.0	9,515	51.0	–	—	—	—	5	18,672
Nova Scotia	10	50.0	50,772	50.4	10	50.0	49,176	48.8	–	—	737	0.7	20	100,685
New Brunswick	9	64.3	31,399	49.0	5	35.7	28,383	44.3	–	—	4,318	6.7	14	64,100
Quebec	16	24.6	102,884	45.8	49	75.4	120,321	53.5	–	—	1,485	0.7	65	224,690
Ontario	43	46.7	189,927	45.0	43	46.7	169,480	40.2	6	6.5	62,668	14.8	92	422,075
Manitoba	4	57.1	15,459	49.0	2	28.6	11,519	35.0	1	14.3	5,906	18.0	7	32,884
British Columbia	2	33.3	9,231	50.9	4	66.7	8,921	49.1	–	—	—	—	6	18,152
North West Territory	1	25.0	7,811	43.9	3	75.0	8,191	46.0	–	—	1,786	10.0	4	17,788
TOTAL	88	41.3	416,640	46.3	118	55.4	405,506	45.1	7	3.3	76,900	8.6	213	899,046

The number of Conservative and Liberal candidates in each province was as follows:

	P.E.I.	N.S.	N.B.	Que.	Ont.	Man.	B.C.	N.W.T.	TOTAL
Conservative	5	20	14	63	88	7	8	4	209
Liberal	6	20	14	63	75	6	6	3	193

The following is an itemization of the votes which are included in the column "Other."

N.S. Ind. (1) 737.
N.B. Ind. (4) 4,318.
Que. Patron (1) 1,485.
Ont. Patron (27) 32,337; Ind. (10) 16,787; McCarthyite (11) 7,311; P.P.A. (5) 6,233.
ELECTED: 3 McCarthyite; 2 Patron (one by acclamation); 1 Independent.
Man. McCarthyite (1) 3,073; Patron (3) 2,833.
ELECTED: 1 McCarthyite.
N.W.T. Ind. (3) 1,786.

Explanation of Party Totals:

P.E.I. Two Liberal candidates contested a single riding.
Que. Two Liberal seats, and one Conservative seat, were won by acclamation.
B.C. There were two instances of two Conservative candidates contesting a single riding.

TABLE 7
1900 ELECTION RESULTS
SEATS WON AND VOTES POLLED BY PARTY

	CONSERVATIVE				LIBERAL				OTHER				TOTAL	
	Seats	%	Votes	%	Seats	%	Votes	%	Seats	%	Votes	%	Seats	Votes
Prince Edward Island	2	40.0	10,139	48.2	3	60.0	10,887	51.3	–	—	—	—	5	21,026
Nova Scotia	5	25.0	50,810	48.3	15	75.0	54,384	51.7	–	—	—	—	20	105,194
New Brunswick	5	35.7	32,638	47.8	9	64.3	35,401	51.9	–	—	228	0.3	14	68,267
Quebec	8	12.3	103,253	43.5	57	87.7	133,566	56.3	–	—	501	0.2	65	237,320
Ontario	56	60.9	212,413	49.7	36	39.1	212,595	49.8	–	—	2,165	0.5	92	427,173
Manitoba	3	42.9	20,117	48.2	4	57.1	21,597	51.8	–	—	—	—	7	41,714
British Columbia	2	33.3	10,814	40.9	4	66.7	12,985	49.1	–	—	2,652	10.0	6	26,451
North West Territory	—	—	10,606	44.9	4	100.0	13,012	55.1	–	—	—	—	4	23,618
TOTAL	81	38.0	450,790	47.4	132	62.0	494,427	52.0	–	—	5,546	0.6	213	950,763

The number of Conservative and Liberal candidates in each province was as follows:

	P.E.I.	N.S.	N.B.	Que.	Ont.	Man.	B.C.	N.W.T.	TOTAL
Conservative	5	20	13	88	64	7	6	4	207
Liberal	5	20	14	95	66	7	7	4	218

The following is an itemization of the votes which are included in the column "Other."

N.B. Ind. (1) 228.
Que. Ind. (6) 501.
Ont. Ind. (2) 1,893; Labor (2) 272.
B.C. Labor (1) 2,652.

Explanation of Party Totals:

N.B. One Liberal seat was won by acclamation.
Que. One Liberal seat was won by acclamation.
There were three instances of two Liberals contesting a single riding.
Ont. One Conservative seat, and two Liberal seats were won by acclamation.
Two Liberals contested a single riding.
B.C. Two Liberals contested a single riding.

TABLE 8
1904 ELECTION RESULTS
SEATS WON AND VOTES POLLED BY PARTY

	CONSERVATIVE				LIBERAL				OTHER				TOTAL	
	Seats	%	Votes	%	Seats	%	Votes	%	Seats	%	Votes	%	Seats	Votes
Prince Edward Island	3	75.0	14,986	50.9	1	25.0	14,441	49.1	—	—	—	—	4	29,427
Nova Scotia	—	—	46,131	44.5	18	100.0	56,526	54.5	—	—	994	1.0	18	103.651
New Brunswick	6	46.2	35,503	48.8	7	53.8	37,158	51.0	—	—	138	0.2	13	72,799
Quebec	11	16.9	111,550	43.4	54	83.1	144,992	56.4	—	—	522	0.2	65	257,064
Ontario	48	55.8	223,627	50.3	38	44.2	219,871	49.5	—	—	759	0.2	86	444,257
Manitoba	3	30.0	20,119	41.8	7	70.0	26,713	55.5	—	—	1,290	2.7	10	48,122
British Columbia	—	—	9,781	38.8	7	100.0	12,458	49.5	—	—	2,945	11.7	7	25,184
North West Territory	3	30.0	19,367	41.5	7	70.0	27,173	58.2	—	—	136	0.3	10	46,676
Yukon	1	100.0	2,113	58.6	—	—	1,495	41.4	—	—	—	—	1	3,608
TOTAL	75	35.0	483,177	46.9	139	65.0	540,827	52.5	—	—	6,784	0.7	214	1,030,788

The number of Conservative and Liberal candidates in each province was as follows:

	P.E.I.	N.S.	N.B.	Que.	Ont.	Man.	B.C.	N.W.T.	Yukon	TOTAL
Conservative	4	18	13	63	86	8	6	10	1	209
Liberal	4	19	13	65	86	11	7	10	1	216

The following is an itemization of the votes which are included in the column "Other."

N.S. Labor (1) 869; Ind. (2) 125.
N.B. Ind. (1) 138.
Que. Ind. (3) 522.
Ont. Ind. (3) 759.
Man. Labor (1) 1,290.
B.C. Soc. (2) 1,077; Ind. (4) 1,868.
N.W.T. Ind. (2) 136.

Explanation of Party Totals:

N.S. Two Liberals contested a single riding.
Que. Two Liberal seats were won by acclamation.
Man. Two Liberals contested a single riding.
One Liberal seat was won by acclamation.
B.C. One Liberal seat was won by acclamation.

TABLE 9

1908 ELECTION RESULTS
SEATS WON AND VOTES POLLED BY PARTY

	CONSERVATIVE				LIBERAL				OTHER				TOTAL	
	Seats	%	Votes	%	Seats	%	Votes	%	Seats	%	Votes	%	Seats	Votes
Prince Edward Island	1	25.0	14,286	49.6	3	75.0	14,496	50.4	–	—	—	—	4	28,782
Nova Scotia	6	33.3	54,500	49.0	12	66.7	56,638	51.0	–	—	—	—	18	111,138
New Brunswick	2	15.4	34,935	46.2	11	84.6	40,716	53.8	–	—	—	—	13	75,651
Quebec	11	16.9	115,579	40.8	54	83.1	162,176	57.3	–	—	5,377	1.9	65	283,132
Ontario	48	55.8	237,548	51.4	37	43.0	217,963	47.1	1	1.2	6,769	1.5	86	462,280
Manitoba	8	80.0	35,078	51.5	2	20.0	30,892	45.4	–	—	2,077	3.1	10	68,047
Saskatchewan	1	10.0	22,007	36.8	9	90.0	33,885	56.6	–	—	3,976	6.6	10	59,868
Alberta	3	42.9	20,433	44.4	4	57.1	23,100	50.2	–	—	2,439	5.3	7	45,972
British Columbia	5	71.4	17,503	46.8	2	28.6	13,412	35.9	–	—	6,453	17.3	7	37,368
Yukon	—	—	265	10.8	1	100.0	992	40.2	–	—	1,208	49.0	1	2,465
TOTAL	85	38.5	552,134	47.0	135	61.1	594,270	50.6	1	0.5	28,299	2.4	221	1,174,703

The number of Conservative and Liberal candidates in each province was as follows:

	P.E.I.	N.S.	N.B.	Que.	Ont.	Man.	Sask.	Alta.	B.C.	Yukon	TOTAL
Con.	4	18	13	61	87	10	9	7	6	1	216
Lib.	4	18	13	66	83	10	10	7	7	1	219

The following is an itemization of the votes which are included in the column "Other."

Que. Ind. Lib. (1) 2,920; Ind. (6) 2,457.
Ont. Ind. Con. (1) 4,039; Labor (1) 1,320; Ind. (2) 708; Soc. (1) 702.
ELECTED: 1 Independent Conservative.
Man. Soc. (1) 1,977; Ind. (1) 100.
Sask. Ind. (3) 3,976.
Alta. Ind. (3) 2,439.
B.C. Ind. (2) 3,947; Soc. (2) 2,506.
Yukon Ind. (2) 1,208.

Explanation of Party Totals:

Que. Two Liberals contested a single riding.
One Liberal seat was won by acclamation.
Ont. Two Conservatives contested a single riding.
One Conservative seat was won by acclamation.
B.C. One Liberal seat was won by acclamation.

TABLE 10
1911 ELECTION RESULTS
SEATS WON AND VOTES POLLED BY PARTY

	CONSERVATIVE				LIBERAL				OTHER			TOTAL	
	Seats	%	Votes	%	Seats	%	Votes	%	Seats	%	Votes	%	Seats	Votes
Prince Edward Island	2	50.0	14,638	51.1	2	50.0	13,998	48.9	—	—	—	—	4	28,636
Nova Scotia	9	50.0	55,209	48.8	9	50.0	57,462	50.8	—	—	351	0.3	18	113,022
New Brunswick	5	38.5	38,880	49.2	8	61.5	40,192	50.8	—	—	—	—	13	79,072
Quebec	27	41.5	159,299	49.2	38	58.5	164,281	50.7	—	—	459	0.1	65	324,039
Ontario	73	84.9	269,930	56.2	13	15.1	207,078	43.1	—	—	3,564	0.7	86	480,572
Manitoba	8	80.0	40,356	51.9	2	20.0	34,781	44.8	—	—	2,559	3.3	10	77,696
Saskatchewan	1	10.0	34,700	39.0	9	90.0	52,924	59.4	—	—	1,419	1.6	10	89,043
Alberta	1	14.3	29,675	42.5	6	85.7	37,208	53.3	—	—	2,892	4.1	7	69,775
British Columbia	7	100.0	25,622	58.8	—	—	16,350	37.5	—	—	1,587	3.6	7	43,559
Yukon	1	100.0	1,285	60.8	—	—	829	39.2	—	—	—	—	1	2,114
TOTAL	134	60.6	669,594	51.2	87	39.4	625,103	47.8	—	—	12,831	1.0	221	1,307,528

The number of Conservative and Liberal candidates in each province was as follows:

	P.E.I.	N.S.	N.B.	Que.	Ont.	Man.	Sask.	Alta.	B.C.	Yukon	TOTAL
Con.	4	18	13	65	85	10	10	7	7	1	220
Lib.	4	18	13	67	85	10	10	7	7	1	222

The following is an itemization of the votes which are included in the column "Other."

N.S. Ind. (2) 351.
Que. Labor (2) 459.
Ont. Ind. (1) 2,281; Labor (3) 1,283.
Man. Soc. (1) 2,325; Ind. (1) 234.
Sask. Ind. (2) 1,419.
Alta. Ind. (4) 2,892.
B.C. Soc. (3) 1,587.

Explanation of Party Totals:

Que. Three Conservative candidates contested a single riding.
The Conservative candidates included about 25 Nationalists, an estimated 10 or 11 of whom were elected. See **Canadian Annual Review,** 1911, p. 264.
There were two instances of two Liberal candidates contesting a single riding.
Two Liberal seats were won by acclamation.

Ont. One Conservative seat, and one Liberal seat, were won by acclamation.

TABLE 11
1917 ELECTION RESULTS
SEATS WON AND VOTES POLLED BY PARTY

	GOVERNMENT				OPPOSITION				OTHER				TOTAL	
	Seats	%	Votes	%	Seats	%	Votes	%	Seats	%	Votes	%	Seats	Votes
Prince Edward Island	2	50.0	17,672	49.8	2	50.0	17,788	50.2	–	—	—	—	4	35,460
Nova Scotia	12	75.0	57,436	48.4	4	25.0	54,038	45.5	–	—	7,282	6.2	16	118,756
New Brunswick	7	63.6	56,593	59.4	4	36.4	38,668	40.6	–	—	—	—	11	95,261
Quebec	3	4.6	80,248	25.1	62	95.4	231,970	72.7	–	—	6,863	2.2	65	319,081
Ontario	74	90.2	505,714	62.3	8	9.8	277,074	34.1	–	—	29,012	3.6	82	811,800
Manitoba	14	93.3	106,858	79.7	1	6.7	27,176	20.3	–	—	—	—	15	134,034
Saskatchewan	16	100.0	85,111	74.1	—	—	29,812	25.9	–	—	—	—	16	114,923
Alberta	11	91.7	77,912	61.0	1	8.3	45,428	35.5	–	—	4,478	3.5	12	127,818
British Columbia	13	100.0	86,415	68.4	—	—	32,234	25.6	–	—	7,690	6.1	13	126,429
Yukon	1	100.0	959	54.3	—	—	808	45.7	–	—	—	—	1	1,767
TOTAL	153	65.1	1,074,918	57.0	82	34.9	755,086	40.1	–	—	55,325	2.9	235	1,885,329

The 1917 election results were reported in terms of votes cast for Government and Opposition candidates, rather than the usual Conservative and Liberal breakdown. Prime Minister Borden had formed the Union Government in October, 1917, which was composed and supported by Conservatives as well as "Unionist" Liberals. The latter were those Liberals who had broken with the leadership of Wilfred Laurier over the conscription issue. In the table, the votes included in the Government column are those polled by candidates endorsed by the Prime Minister, while those votes shown in the Opposition column are those polled by the major candidates who stood opposed to the Government endorsed entries. Nearly all of the latter were Liberals who had remained loyal to the Laurier leadership, although in a few cases they included Liberals who had voted for conscription, but who nevertheless ran against an official Government candidate. Also contesting the election were a number of Labor candidates, nearly all of whom opposed Government candidates. For the purposes of the table, in a case where there was no Liberal opposition candidate but there was a Labor opposition candidate, the latter has been included in the Opposition column;[1] in all other cases the Labor vote has been included under "Other."

[1] There were six such cases in Ontario, two each in Manitoba, Saskatchewan, and Alberta, and one in Quebec. This procedure not only allows a more accurate picture of the number of voters who voted against Government candidates, but also overcomes the difficulty of trying to identify which candidates were Liberal and which were Labor, since sources were not always in agreement on this point.

NOTES

The number of Government and Opposition candidates in each province was as follows:

	P.E.I.	N.S.	N.B.	Que.	Ont.	Man.	Sask.	Alta.	B.C.	Yukon	TOTAL
Gov't.	4	16	10	42	82	15	17	12	13	1	212
Opp.	4	12	10	65	81	12	11	12	13	1	221

The following is an itemization of the votes which are included in the column "Other."

N.S. Labor (2) 7,282.
Que. Ind. Con. (4) 2,857; Nationalist (1) 1,343; Ind. Lib. (3) 1,262; Labor (2) 917; Ind. (4) 484.
Ont. Labor (10) 18,257; Ind. (4) 10,538; Ind. Con. (1) 217.
Alta. Non Partisan League (3) 3,005; Labor (2) 1,013; Ind. (1) 460.
B.C. Labor (6) 7,089; Ind. (2) 601.

Explanation of Party Totals:

N.S. Four Government seats were won by acclamation.
N.B. One Government seat was won by acclamation.
One Opposition seat was won by acclamation.
Que. Seventeen Opposition seats were won by acclamation.
Ont. One Government seat was won by acclamation.
Man. Three Government seats were won by acclamation.
Sask. Two Government candidates contested a single riding.
Four Government seats were won by acclamation.
B.C. One Government seat was won by acclamation.

Part II

RESULTS OF FEDERAL GENERAL ELECTIONS 1921-1958

THE GENERAL ELECTION OF DECEMBER 6, 1921

The 1921 general election may be regarded as a landmark in the history of Canadian politics. First, following four years of coalition by the Conservatives and the Unionist wing of the Liberal Party, the election marked the resumption of the traditional struggle between the united and disciplined ranks of Liberals and Conservatives. Second, the election launched the career of the new leader of the Liberal Party, William Lyon Mackenzie King, who was to dominate Canadian politics for the next quarter century. Third, with the election began a period of Liberal ascendancy at Ottawa which, interrupted only a few months in 1926 and the years of Conservative reign from 1930 to 1935, was not to come to an end until 1957. Fourth, the 1921 election, fought between the Liberal, Conservative, and Progressive parties, marked the end of the traditional two-party pattern of politics. Although the Progressive movement was to fade, the forces which nourished its growth were not, and thus Canadian politics has continued to be distinguished by the existence of parties which have been unable to find accommodation within the ranks of either Liberalism or Conservatism. Finally, with the 1921 election came the last major extension of the franchise, the grant of women suffrage.

A record 635 candidates stood for election in 1921. Two-hundred and eight carried the banner of the Conservative Party under the leadership of Prime Minister Arthur Meighen. In recognition of the Unionist Liberals who were still included in the Government caucus, however, the party bore the official name of National Liberal and Conservative Party. The Liberal Party entered 202 candidates and, having recovered from the split over conscription which had guaranteed defeat in 1917 and which had reduced its support largely to Quebec, now hoped once again to win a national following. The Progressive Party had come into official existence at the beginning of the year, and was a holding company for the various provincial United Farmers organizations. Its formation had been encouraged by the electoral success of the United Farmers of Ontario. Under the leadership of Thomas Crerar there were 149 candidates who carried the Progressive label, most of them concentrated in Ontario and the Prairie Provinces.

At the constituency level there were several instances of

agreement between Liberals and Progressives, especially in Ontario where there were 28 ridings without a Liberal-Progressive contest. Another sort of alliance was also in evidence. In Ontario and the Maritimes there were understandings between Progressive and Labor candidates, to the extent that some candidates adopted the label of Labor-Progressive, Progressive-Labor, or Farmer Labor.[1]

For the Government party of Arthur Meighen the election was a near complete rout. Six provinces failed to return a single Conservative candidate, and even in its stronghold of Ontario opposition parties won a majority of the seats. Polling less than one-third of the national vote, the party won a scant 50 seats.

With 116 seats, the Liberals emerged from the election with the largest representation in the new Parliament. Nevertheless, over half of this total resulted from the Liberal sweep in Quebec, and west of Ontario the party won only five contests. The Liberals clearly benefited from the electoral system, their 40.7 percent of the popular vote winning for them just slightly under 50 percent of the seats.

For a party contesting its first election, the Progressives made an impressive showing. Their 65 seats ranked second only to the Liberals, although because of the smaller number of candidates and their support in the less populous provinces, their proportion of the popular vote fell below that of the Conservatives. Like the other two parties, Progressivism found its main support concentrated in a single area of the country. In only four provinces did the party win much more than 10 percent of the vote.

Ontario had clearly been the marginal electoral area, and all three parties were disappointed that they had not made better showings in this key province. Fifty-one of Ontario's 82 seats were decided by margins of less than ten percent of the vote, and 27 by less than five percent. In the next election there was to be a sufficient swing to bring many of these seats into the Conservative column, and thus to alter radically the election outcome.

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[1]In Winnipeg and Calgary Labor candidates also received Progressive backing. The situation in Ontario and the Maritimes led to some confusion in the reporting of the election. Some sources labeled certain candidates as straight Progressives, while others referred to them with one of the hyphenated designations. In each case in the accompanying tables these candidates have been counted as straight Progressives.

TABLE 12

1921 ELECTION RESULTS
SEATS WON AND VOTES POLLED BY PARTY

	Conservative				Liberal			
	Seats	%	Votes	%	Seats	%	Votes	%
Prince Edward Island	—	—	19,504	37.2	4	100.0	23,950	45.7
Nova Scotia	—	—	83,928	32.3	16	100.0	136,064	52.4
New Brunswick	5	45.5	61,172	39.4	5	45.5	76,733	49.4
Quebec	—	—	146,236	18.4	65	100.0	558,056	70.2
Ontario	37	45.1	445,175	39.2	21	25.6	338,282	29.8
Manitoba	—	—	42,218	24.4	1	6.7	18,816	10.9
Saskatchewan	—	—	37,335	16.7	1	6.3	46,448	20.7
Alberta	—	—	35,181	20.3	—	—	27,404	15.8
British Columbia	7	53.8	74,225	47.9	3	23.1	46,249	29.8
Yukon	1	100.0	707	51.1	—	—	658	47.6
TOTAL	50	21.3	945,681	30.3	116	49.4	1,272,660	40.7

The following is an itemization of the votes which are included in the column "Other."

P.E.I.	Labor (1) 2,537.
N.S.	Labor (2) 7,904.
N.B.	Labor (1) 1,224.
Que.	Ind. (25) 53,802; Farmer-Labor (1) 4,061; Labor (2) 1,799; Ind. Lib. (1) 1,825.
Ont.	Labor (7) 23,923; Ind. (7) 10,931; Ind. Lib. (1) 2,764; Ind. Con. (1) 257.

Explanation of Party Totals:

Ont.	One Liberal-Labor candidate is counted as a Liberal.
Alta.	One Independent Progressive (elected) is counted as a Progressive.

TABLE 12

1921 ELECTION RESULTS
SEATS WON AND VOTES POLLED BY PARTY

Progressive				Other				Total	
Seats	%	Votes	%	Seats	%	Votes	%	Seats	Votes
—	—	6,453	12.3	—	—	2,537	4.8	4	52,444
—	—	31,897	12.3	—	—	7,904	3.1	16	259,793
1	9.1	16,223	10.4	—	—	1,224	0.8	11	155,352
—	—	29,197	3.7	—	—	61,487	7.7	65	794,976
24	29.3	314,092	27.7	—	—	37,875	3.3	82	1,135,424
12	80.0	75,578	43.7	2	13.3	36,151	20.9	15	172,763
15	93.8	136,472	61.0	—	—	3,610	1.6	16	223,865
11	91.7	98,160	56.8	1	8.3	12,159	7.0	12	172,904
2	15.4	13,917	9.0	1	7.7	20,608	13.3	13	154,999
—	—	—	—	—	—	18	1.3	1	1,383
65	27.7	721,989	23.1	4	1.7	183,573	5.9	235	3,123,903

Man.	Ind. (5) 11,503; Ind. Lib. (1) 10,570; Labor (3) 9,764; Soc. (1) 3,094; Ind. Con. (1) 1,220. ELECTED: 1 Independent Liberal; 1 Labor.
Sask.	Labor (1) 1,896; Ind. (1) 1,714.
Alta.	Labor (4) 11,790; Ind. (1) 369. ELECTED: 1 Labor.
B.C.	Labor (2) 7,657; Soc. (3) 7,392; Ind. (2) 4,749; Comm. (1) 810. ELECTED: 1 Independent.
Yukon	Ind. (1) 18.

TABLE 13

1921 ELECTION RESULTS
NUMBER OF SEATS CONTESTED BY PARTY

	Total Seats	Conservative	Liberal	Progressive	Other	Total No. Candidates
Prince Edward Island	4	4	4	3	1	12
Nova Scotia	16	14	16	8	2	40
New Brunswick	11	10	10	5	1	26
Quebec	65	48	65	18	29	160
Ontario	82	79	65	71	16	231
Manitoba	15	13	9	12	11	45
Saskatchewan	16	14	11	16	6	43
Alberta	12	12	10	11	5	38
British Columbia	13	13	11	5	8	37
Yukon	1	1	1		1	3
TOTAL	235	208	202	149	76	635

TABLE 14

1921 ELECTION RESULTS

SEATS WON BY PERCENTAGE POINT MARGINS

	Percentage Points		0.1–4.9	5.0–9.9	10.0–14.9	15.0–19.9	20.0–29.9	30.0–39.9	40.0–49.9	50.0–100.0	Total Seats
Prince Edward Island			2	2							4
Nova Scotia			3	5	2	2	3	1			16
New Brunswick			4	2	1	1		1	1	1	11
Quebec				1	2	2	9	20	7	24	65
Ontario			27	24	14	11	4	2			82
Manitoba			1	1	3	2	1	4	1	2	15
Saskatchewan				1	1		4	5	1	4	16
Alberta			1	1	2	1		1	1	5	12
British Columbia			4	2		4	3				13
Yukon			1								1
	TOTAL	No.	43	39	25	23	24	34	11	36	235
		%	18.3	16.6	10.6	9.8	10.2	14.5	4.7	15.3	100

The most closely contested seats were divided among the parites as follows:

	P.E.I.	N.S.	N.B.	Que.	Ont.	Man.	Sask.	Alta.	B.C.	Yuk.	Total
0.1–4.9											
Con.			4		10				1	1	16
Lib.	2	3			5				3		13
Prog.					12	1		1			14
											43
5.0–9.9											
Con.			1		11				1		13
Lib.	2	5		1	6	1					15
Prog.			1		7		1	1	1		11
											39

TABLE 15
1921 ELECTION RESULTS BY RIDING

	Conservative		Liberal		Progressive		Other		Total
PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND		%		%		%		%	
King's	3,008	34.5	3,829	43.9	1,877	21.5			8,714
Prince	4,671	35.1	5,930	44.6	2,693	20.3			13,294
Queen's*	11,825	38.9	14,191	46.6	1,883	6.2	2,537	8.3	30,436
NOVA SCOTIA									
Antigonish-Guysborough	3,356	28.8	6,752	57.9	1,553	13.3			11,661
Cape Breton North and Victoria			7,399	64.6	4,060	35.4			11,459
Cape Breton South and Richmond*	13,769	26.7	20,911	40.6	16,798	32.6			51,478
Colchester	5,562	48.6	5,888	51.4					11,450
Cumberland	4,407	25.5	9,762	56.5	3,094	17.9			17,263
Digby and Annapolis	5,153	41.1	7,388	58.9					12,541
Halifax*	20,553	34.0	32,049	53.0			7,904	13.0	60,506
Hants	3,795	43.1	4,027	45.7	993	11.3			8,815
Inverness			4,650	53.0	4,128	47.0			8,778
King's	5,097	46.7	5,812	53.3					10,909
Lunenburg	4,541	36.5	7,899	63.5					12,440
Pictou	7,567	37.9	11,125	55.7	1,271	6.4			19,963
Shelburne and Queen's	4,520	46.3	5,237	53.7					9,757
Yarmouth and Clare	5,608	43.9	7,165	56.1					12,773
NEW BRUNSWICK									
Charlotte	5,202	50.6	5,069	49.4					10,271
Gloucester	2,842	27.0	7,671	73.0					10,513
Kent			4,626	59.9	3,103	40.1			7,729
Northumberland	5,285	44.1	6,706	55.9					11,991
Restigouche and Madawaska	1,723	18.5	7,593	81.5					9,316
Royal	5,551	40.7	5,434	39.8	2,663	19.5			13,648
St. John City and Counties									
St. John and Albert*	22,547	50.3	20,077	44.8	985	2.2	1,224	2.7	44,833
Victoria and Carleton	5,361	45.5			6,413	54.5			11,774
Westmorland	4,884	23.7	12,646	61.4	3,059	14.9			20,589
York-Sunbury	7,777	52.9	6,911	47.1					14,688

QUEBEC									
Argenteuil	2,819	38.9	3,674	50.7	755	10.4			7,248
Bagot	48	0.7	4,004	56.5	3,034	42.8			7,086
Beauce	1,335	10.0	12,030	90.0					13,365
Beauharnois	3,272	38.9	5,147	61.1					8,419
Bellechasse			5,195	82.4	1,109	17.6			6,304
Berthier	2,615	34.8	4,910	65.2					7,525
Bonaventure	1,599	20.7	6,136	79.3					7,735
Brome	2,163	36.5	3,768	63.5					5,931
Chambly and Vercheres	4,845	35.4	8,847	64.6					13,692
Champlain	3,170	18.7	11,709	69.0	2,090	12.3			16,969
Charlevoix-Montmorency	2,902	27.3	7,727	72.7					10,629
Chateauguay-Huntingdon			5,915	56.2	548	5.2	4,061	38.6	10,524
Chicoutimi-Saguenay	4,728	17.4	19,427	71.6			2,975	11.0	27,130
Compton	3,961	33.5	7,866	66.5					11,827
Dorchester	2,703	32.0	5,744	68.0					8,447
Drummond and Arthabaska	1,902	12.0	10,280	64.9	2,154	13.6	1,503	9.5	15,839
Gaspe	2,267	18.9	9,728	81.1					11,995
George-Etienne-Cartier	854	6.2	7,790	56.5			5,150	37.3	13,794
Hochelaga	2,335	10.4	20,164	89.6					22,499
Hull			11,998	82.7	2,510	17.3			14,508
Jacques-Cartier	9,227	30.8	18,881	63.1			1,825	6.1	29,933
Joliette	3,763	36.8	6,203	60.6			265	2.6	10,231
Kamouraska			4,822	66.0			2,483	34.0	7,305
Labelle			7,391	71.0	2,893	27.8	124	1.2	10,408
Laprairie and Napierville	1,213	21.4	4,458	78.6					5,671
L'Assomption-Montcalm	1,626	16.7	7,408	76.0	114	1.2	600	6.2	9,748
Laurier-Outremont	5,023	23.2	15,341	70.8			1,289	6.0	21,653
Laval-Two Mountains			6,040	60.1			4,018	40.0	10,058
Levis	4,004	31.3	8,787	68.7					12,791
L'Islet	2,132	36.4	3,720	63.6					5,852
Lotbiniere			5,179	68.6	2,370	31.4			7,549
Maisonneuve	1,944	10.5	14,222	77.1			2,284	12.4	18,450
Maskinonge	1,991	32.5	4,128	67.5					6,119
Matane	2,252	21.7	8,105	78.3					10,357
Megantic	1,749	16.7	8,715	83.3					10,464
Missisquoi	2,740	34.2	5,268	65.8					8,008
Montmagny			5,103	79.3	1,332	20.7			6,435

TABLE 15—Continued

1921 ELECTION RESULTS BY RIDING

	Conservative	%	Liberal	%	Progressive	%	Other	%	Total
Nicolet			8,298	78.5	2,271	21.5			10,569
Pontiac	3,800	22.8	11,077	66.6	1,760	10.6			16,637
Portneuf	1,475	13.2	9,021	80.8	665	6.0			11,161
Quebec County			6,843	60.1			4,547	39.9	11,390
Quebec East	1,424	13.7	9,005	86.3					10,429
Quebec South	3,281	31.0	6,645	62.7			669	6.3	10,595
Quebec West	4,715	35.0	8,741	65.0					13,456
Richelieu	2,044	30.3	4,706	69.7					6,750
Richmond and Wolfe			10,340	77.6			2,986	22.4	13,326
Rimouski			6,363	83.6	1,247	16.4			7,610
St. Ann	5,494	31.7	10,742	62.0			1,081	6.2	17,317
St. Antoine	5,274	36.8	9,056	63.2					14,330
St. Dennis			18,703	78.6			5,104	21.4	23,807
St. Hyacinthe-Rouville			9,425	67.1			4,627	32.9	14,052
St. James	968	7.6	11,216	87.6			625	4.9	12,809
St. John and Iberville	460	6.5	6,618	93.5					7,078
St. Lawrence-St. George	5,275	38.7	7,836	57.5			510	3.7	13,621
St. Mary	799	3.9	15,262	74.2			4,505	21.9	20,566
Shefford			6,318	70.6			2,636	29.4	8,954
Sherbrooke	4,535	33.4	9,043	66.6					13,578
Stanstead	3,104	31.1	6,877	68.9					9,981
Temiscouata	3,336	24.2	5,625	40.8			4,833	35.0	13,794
Terrebonne	3,636	29.0	8,882	71.0					12,518
Three Rivers and St. Maurice	6,688	32.3	13,995	67.7					20,683
Vaudreuil-Soulanges			5,366	63.5	293	3.5	2,787	33.0	8,446
Westmount-St. Henri	7,195	29.0	17,583	71.0					24,778
Wright	1,551	20.3	4,510	58.9	1,590	20.8			7,651
Yamaska			4,130	62.7	2,462	37.3			6,592
ONTARIO									
Algoma East	4,194	34.1	5,007	40.7	3,095	25.2			12,296
Algoma West	4,279	40.1	3,565	33.4	2,822	26.5			10,666
Brant	3,150	38.9	1,645	20.3	3,309	40.8			8,104

Brantford	4,892	37.6	6,879	52.9	1,244	9.6			13,015
Bruce North	2,553	24.5	4,178	40.0	3,704	35.5			10,435
Bruce South	2,232	20.6	3,849	35.5	4,762	43.9			10,843
Carleton	5,537	41.3	4,142	30.9	3,474	25.9	257	1.9	13,410
Dufferin	3,755	48.1			4,052	51.9			7,807
Dundas	5,499	49.0			5,732	51.0			11,231
Durham	5,106	40.9	3,441	27.6	3,936	31.5			12,483
Elgin East	3,240	39.7	1,750	21.4	3,172	38.9			8,162
Elgin West	4,367	36.4	3,631	30.2	4,013	33.4			12,011
Essex North	6,981	33.0	14,176	67.0					21,157
Essex South	2,953	23.9	4,968	40.1	4,455	36.0			12,376
Fort William and Rainy River	5,642	51.4			5,342	48.6			10,984
Frontenac	4,557	48.8			4,780	51.2			9,337
Glengarry and Stormont	3,892	24.1	5,942	36.8	6,320	39.1			16,154
Grenville	4,325	49.5	2,014	23.1	2,392	27.4			8,731
Grey North	5,741	38.4	3,675	24.6	5,538	37.0			14,954
Grey Southeast	4,360	31.2	2,638	18.9	6,958	49.9			13,956
Haldimand	4,517	46.2	1,467	15.0	3,800	38.8			9,784
Halton	5,264	43.3	3,649	30.0	3,238	26.6			12,151
Hamilton East	6,320	41.9	1,667	11.1	4,824	32.0	2,274	15.1	15,085
Hamilton West	6,942	51.5	1,557	11.5	4,990	37.0			13,489
Hastings East	4,986	50.8	1,246	12.7	3,592	36.6			9,824
Hastings West	7,279	54.4			6,108	45.6			13,387
Huron North	4,057	34.6	2,426	20.7	5,243	44.7			11,726
Huron South	3,965	32.7	4,061	33.5	4,105	33.8			12,131
Kent	5,288	22.4	11,093	47.0	7,211	30.6			23,592
Kingston	6,055	50.7	5,884	49.3					11,939
Lambton East	5,752	46.0			6,747	54.0			12,499
Lambton West	5,715	37.4	4,602	30.1	4,958	32.5			15,275
Lanark	9,250	57.7			6,615	41.3	158	1.0	16,023
Leeds	7,868	45.6	5,830	33.8	3,564	20.6			17,262
Lennox and Addington	4,606	49.3			4,735	50.7			9,341
Lincoln	8,087	46.6			3,066	17.7	6,212	35.8	17,365
London	9,730	44.3	7,974	36.3	4,252	19.4			21,956
Middlesex East	3,618	33.9	2,648	24.8	4,414	41.3			10,680
Middlesex West	2,445	20.4	4,004	33.4	5,543	46.2			11,992
Muskoka	3,517	49.1			3,651	50.9			7,168
Nipissing	5,589	29.8	9,886	52.7	3,280	17.5			18,755
Norfolk	5,451	46.8			6,205	53.2			11,656

TABLE 15—Continued

1921 ELECTION RESULTS BY RIDING

	Conservative		Liberal		Progressive		Other		Total
		%		%		%		%	
Northumberland	6,849	46.6	1,778	12.1	6,073	41.3			14,700
Ontario North	3,772	49.0			3,919	51.0			7,691
Ontario South	4,923	37.5	5,102	38.9	3,102	23.6			13,127
Ottawa*	31,279	37.1	43,194	51.3	9,746	11.6			84,219
Oxford North	4,053	33.4	4,213	34.8	3,857	31.8			12,123
Oxford South	4,476	39.9	3,135	28.0	3,597	32.1			11,208
Parkdale	10,705	56.6	5,487	29.0			2,723	14.4	18,915
Parry Sound	3,229	35.2	3,157	34.4	2,784	30.4			9,170
Peel	4,892	40.9	3,732	31.2	3,350	28.0			11,974
Perth North	5,274	35.8	6,030	40.9	3,425	23.3			14,729
Perth South	2,948	32.5	3,209	35.4	2,908	32.1			9,065
Peterborough East	2,296	35.6	1,503	23.3	2,647	41.1			6,446
Peterborough West	4,732	40.7	6,890	59.3					11,622
Port Arthur and Kenora	3,627	33.8	3,419	31.9	3,681	34.3			10,727
Prescott			2,359	26.9	3,661	41.7	2,764	31.5	8,784
Prince Edward	3,839	43.0	2,357	26.4	2,730	30.6			8,926
Renfrew North	3,015	29.5	3,828	37.5	3,371	33.0			10,214
Renfrew South	2,432	21.3	4,083	35.8	2,675	23.4	2,229	19.5	11,419
Russell			9,069	57.0	6,836	43.0			15,905
Simcoe East	4,810	30.8	7,414	47.4	3,414	21.8			15,638
Simcoe North	4,489	43.5			5,298	51.4	527	5.1	10,314
Simcoe South	6,509	57.8			4,758	42.2			11,267
Timiskaming	5,130	30.5	5,703	33.9	5,797	34.5	197	1.2	16,827
Toronto Centre	5,985	53.9	5,123	46.1					11,108
Toronto East	5,392	36.1	52	0.3			9,486	63.5	14,930
Toronto North	12,412	59.5	8,452	40.5					20,864
Toronto South	4,056	53.9	3,475	46.1					7,531
Toronto West	5,920	51.1	3,913	33.8			1,741	15.0	11,574
Victoria	7,816	49.4			8,019	50.6			15,835
Waterloo North			7,466	59.9	4,994	40.1			12,460
Waterloo South	6,629	47.2			7,429	52.8			14,058
Welland	6,365	30.1	11,195	52.9	3,437	16.2	156	0.7	21,153
Wellington North	3,874	43.0			5,138	57.0			9,012

Wellington South	6,208	36.6	4,662	27.5			6,077	35.9	16,947
Wentworth	9,375	43.0	3,177	14.6	9,246	42.4			21,798
York East	10,978	59.4	4,440	24.0			3,074	16.6	18,492
York North	4,112	33.6	5,167	42.2	2,973	24.3			12,252
York South	10,368	47.9	8,015	37.0	3,276	15.1			21,659
York West	8,850	45.3	7,989	40.9	2,710	13.9			19,549
MANITOBA									
Brandon	4,067	28.9	404	2.9	9,596	68.2			14,067
Dauphin	2,138	21.6			7,779	78.4			9,917
Lisgar	3,296	42.5			4,460	57.5			7,756
Macdonald	2,036	22.5	1,035	11.4	5,989	66.1			9,060
Marquette			553	3.8	9,873	67.0	4,307	29.2	14,733
Neepawa	2,147	21.4			7,876	78.6			10,023
Nelson	1,319	31.9			2,814	68.1			4,133
Portage la Prairie	4,137	48.2			4,314	50.2	139	1.6	8,590
Provencher			2,177	32.0	3,189	46.9	1,428	21.0	6,794
Selkirk	2,347	15.8	1,239	8.3	6,529	44.0	4,740	31.9	14,855
Souris	3,714	33.5			7,380	66.5			11,094
Springfield	2,234	18.0	4,382	35.4	5,779	46.6			12,395
Winnipeg Centre	4,034	20.8	4,032	20.8			11,308*	58.3	19,374
Winnipeg North	3,045	29.0	3,809	36.2			3,659	34.8	10,513
Winnipeg South	7,704	39.6	1,185	6.1			10,570*	54.3	19,459
SASKATCHEWAN									
Assiniboia	2,225	19.1	2,847	24.5	6,549	56.4			11,621
Battleford			1,558	14.5	9,156	85.5			10,714
Humbolt	1,215	7.5	4,707	29.1	10,280	63.4			16,202
Kindersley	2,995	17.7			13,911	82.3			16,906
Last Mountain	1,553	12.3			11,024	87.7			12,577
Mackenzie	1,338	11.5	3,025	26.0	5,381	46.2	1,896	16.3	11,640
Maple Creek	3,672	21.6			13,344	78.4			17,016
Moosejaw	3,857	23.5	5,815	35.4	6,744	41.1			16,416
North Battleford	744	5.3	4,596	32.5	8,786	62.2			14,126
Prince Albert	2,417	15.2	4,962	31.2	8,525	53.6			15,904
Qu'Appelle	3,705	30.7			8,350	69.3			12,055
Regina	6,008	34.6	7,786	44.9	3,547	20.5			17,341
Saltcoats			2,986	27.1	6,335	57.4	1,714	15.5	11,035
Saskatoon	2,909	19.5	3,943	26.4	8,057	54.0			14,909

TABLE 15—Continued

1921 ELECTION RESULTS BY RIDING

	Conservative	%	Liberal	%	Progressive	%	Other	%	Total
Swift Current	2,158	13.3	4,223	26.0	9,848	60.7			16,229
Weyburn	2,539	27.7			6,635	72.3			9,174
ALBERTA									
Battle River	1,726	11.2	1,397	9.0	12,247	79.7			15,370
Bow River	3,579	23.1			11,527	74.5	369	2.4	15,475
Calgary East	4,237	30.1	3,684	26.2			6,135*	43.6	14,056
Calgary West	7,353	45.7	1,351	8.4	7,369	45.8			16,073
Edmonton East	3,139	23.5	4,147	31.0	6,094	45.5			13,380
Edmonton West	4,441	19.3	8,603	37.3	10,011	43.4			23,055
Lethbridge	1,328	13.2	615	6.1	4,961	49.2	3,170	31.4	10,074
Macleod	1,767	17.4	922	9.1	6,086	59.8	1,407	13.8	10,182
Medicine Hat	1,135	8.0	2,698	19.1	10,295	72.9			14,128
Red Deer	2,644	16.8	2,207	14.1	10,849	69.1			15,700
Strathcona	2,925	25.8			7,319	64.6	1,078	9.5	11,322
Victoria	907	6.4	1,780	12.6	11,402	80.9			14,089
BRITISH COLUMBIA									
Burrard	12,240	55.9	6,960	31.8			2,699	12.3	21,899
Cariboo	3,879	35.1			7,185	64.9			11,064
Comox-Alberni	2,935	38.2					4,686*	61.8	7,684
Fraser Valley	4,092	48.7	4,307	51.3					8,399
Kootenay East	2,203	35.9	2,339	38.1	1,591	25.9			6,133
Kootenay West	3,890	39.7	1,117	11.4	4,790	48.9			9,797
Nanaimo	6,897	45.9	4,159	27.7			3,958	26.4	15,014
New Westminster	5,520	43.5	3,482	27.4			3,699	29.1	12,701
Skeena	3,223	49.7	3,261	50.3					6,484
Vancouver Centre	10,493	58.5	5,538	30.9	39	0.2	1,866	10.4	17,936
Vancouver South	4,893	37.7	4,120	31.8	312	2.4	3,637	28.0	12,962
Victoria City	7,485	59.8	5,033	40.2					12,518
Yale	6,475	52.2	5,933	47.8					12,408
YUKON TERRITORY									
Yukon	707	51.1	658	47.6			18	1.3	1,383

THE GENERAL ELECTION OF OCTOBER 29, 1925

Despite its lack of a clear majority, the first King Government was able to complete a near full term in office. It had been able to retain nine seats through by-elections, and in one contest had gained a seat from the Conservatives. In two other contests, however, it had lost seats to that party.

Like in 1921, the 1925 election was a three-way contest. The Progressives, however, now entered less than half the number of candidates, and all were concentrated in Ontario and the western provinces.[1] At least in part, this reduction in candidates was due to Progressive-Liberal understanding in not opposing each other's entries. Especially was this true in Ontario, where there were only eight Progressive-Liberal contests.[2] In the west, however, the co-operation between the two parties was little in evidence, and thus in Saskatchewan all but two of the 21 seats were contested by both Liberal and Progressive candidates.

The outcome of the election was even more indecisive than that of 1921. Again no party received a majority of seats (now raised to 245), but this time it was the Conservatives, with 116 seats, which emerged as the largest single party. The Progressives, although their representation dropped from 65 to 24, held the balance of power even more decisively than before.

By comparison with 1921, the election was clearly a Conservative victory. The party's percentage of the vote rose from 30.3 to 46.5, an increase which was reflected in every province. Even in Quebec the party nearly doubled its proportion of the vote. It was in the Maritimes and Ontario, however, where the increase vote paid the richest dividends. In the Maritimes the party's representation increased from five to 23, and in Ontario, where gains were made at the expense of both Liberals and Progressives, from 37 to 68. In the Prairie Provinces the

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[1] The one Progressive in New Brunswick who had been successful in 1921 now ran as an Independent Progressive-Liberal, and in the accompanying tables is counted as a Liberal.

[2] The situation in Ontario was reflected in the confusion which was evidenced in the reporting of the election. Some sources (e.g. *The Canadian Annual Review*) labeled certain candidates as Liberal, while most other sources labeled them as Progressives. In the accompanying tables, these apparently "dual" candidates are counted as Progressives, in accordance with contemporary newspaper accounts.

Conservatives also made impressive, though more modest, gains at the expense of the Progressives. Of all nine provinces, only one (Saskatchewan) failed to return a single Conservative member. In 1921 there had been six.

A closer look at the results, however, reveals how slender the Conservative margin of "victory" had been. Forty-seven of the Conservative seats were won by less than ten percent of the vote, and 24 by less than five percent. Since the Conservatives won only 17 more seats than the Liberals, it is clear that a shift of a few hundred votes in selected ridings would have altered the election result.

The Liberals received almost exactly the same percentage of the vote as they had in 1921 (39.8 as compared with 40.7), and actually increased their percentage of the vote in all but three provinces. Moreover, from Manitoba westward they either held their own in terms of seats won, or even increased their representation. The Liberal performance in Saskatchewan was especially impressive, the party increasing its seats from one to 15. However, losses of seats to the Conservatives in the Maritimes, where the Liberals were reduced from 25 to five seats, and in Ontario, where Liberal seats shrank from 21 to 11, were sufficient to reduce the Government's strength in the House to 99 seats (101 if two Independent Liberals are included), and to place in serious jeopardy the life of the Liberal regime. Only the solid and disciplined support of the Progressives could have made possible the continuance of a Liberal Government, and when after several months of the new Parliament this support faltered, the King Government, amidst the constitutional crisis involving the powers of the Governor General to refuse to dissolve Parliament, was forced to give way to the Conservative Ministry of Arthur Meighen.

The Progressives, with their greatly reduced number of candidates, polled only 9.0 percent of the vote, as compared to 23.1 in 1921. In Ontario the party suffered a major setback, dropping all but two of its 24 seats. This failure clearly signaled the reduction of Progressivism to a movement confined to the Prairie Provinces, and even here the party's percentage of the vote was about halved.

Although distortions of the voting system were evident in certain provinces (e.g., the Conservatives won only four seats

in Quebec with 33.7 percent of the vote, and the Liberals won only one seat in New Brunswick with 40.3 percent of the vote), nation-wide the results were remarkably representative of the electorate's party preferences. For each of the three parties the discrepancy between percentage of total vote and percentage of total seats was less than one point.

TABLE 16

1925 ELECTION RESULTS
SEATS WON AND VOTES POLLED BY PARTY

	Conservative				Liberal			
	Seats	%	Votes	%	Seats	%	Votes	%
Prince Edward Island	2	50.0	23,749	48.0	2	50.0	25,681	52.0
Nova Scotia	11	78.6	125,283	56.4	3	21.4	93,110	41.9
New Brunswick	10	90.9	90,489	59.7	1	9.1	61,087	40.3
Quebec	4	6.2	269,548	33.7	59	90.8	474,960	59.4
Ontario	68	82.9	694,240	57.0	11	13.4	377,758	31.0
Manitoba	7	41.2	70,341	41.3	1	5.9	34,554	20.3
Saskatchewan	—	—	49,821	25.4	15	71.4	82,283	41.9
Alberta	3	18.8	51,111	31.8	4	25.0	41,622	25.9
British Columbia	10	71.4	90,016	49.3	3	21.4	63,374	34.7
Yukon	1	100.0	742	59.4	—	—	508	40.6
TOTAL	116	47.3	1,465,340	46.5	99	40.4	1,254,937	39.8

The following is an itemization of the votes which are included in the column "Other."

N.S. Labor (1) 3,617.

N.B. Ind. (1) 84.

Que. Ind. Lib. (10) 32,175; Protectionist (3) 12,111; Ind. (4) 8,381; Labor (2) 1,681; Farmer (1) 1,130.
ELECTED: 1 Independent; 1 Independent Liberal.

Ont. Ind. (2) 9,976; Labor (5) 9,478; Ind. Con. (5) 8,997; Ind. Lib. (4) 5,144; Labor-Prog. (1) 762.
ELECTED: 1 Independent Liberal.

Explanation of Party Totals:

N.B. One Independent Progressive-Liberal is counted as a Liberal.

Que. One Independent Liberal is counted as a Liberal.
In one riding there are two Liberal candidates.

TABLE 16

1925 ELECTION RESULTS
SEATS WON AND VOTES POLLED BY PARTY

Progressive				Other				Total	
Seats	%	Votes	%	Seats	%	Votes	%	Seats	Votes
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	4	49,430
—	—	—	—	—	—	3,617	1.6	14	222,010
—	—	—	—	—	—	84	0.1	11	151,660
—	—	—	—	2	3.1	55,478	6.9	65	799,986
2	2.4	112,022	9.2	1	1.2	34,357	2.8	82	1,218,377
7	41.2	46,067	27.1	2	11.8	19,325	11.3	17	170,287
6	28.6	62,411	31.8	—	—	1,904	1.0	21	196,419
9	56.3	50,603	31.5	—	—	17,167	10.7	16	160,503
—	—	11,078	6.1	1	7.1	18,161	9.9	14	182,629
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	1,250
24	9.8	282,181	9.0	6	2.4	150,093	4.8	245	3,152,551

Man.	Labor (5) 19,325. ELECTED: 2 Labor.
Sask.	Ind. Prog. (2) 1,904.
Alta.	Labor (3) 12,517; Ind. (1) 2,643; Labor-Farmer (1) 2,007.
B.C.	Labor (5) 11,479; Ind. (1) 4,794; Soc. (1) 1,888. ELECTED: 1 Independent.

TABLE 17

1925 ELECTION RESULTS

NUMBER OF SEATS CONTESTED, RETAINED, GAINED, AND LOST BY PARTY

	Total Seats	Conservative				Liberal				Progressive				Other				Total No. Candidates	Total Changing Seats
		C	R	G	L	C	R	G	L	C	R	G	L	C	R	G	L		
Prince Edward Island	4	4	—	2	—	4	2	—	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	8	2
Nova Scotia	14	14	1	10	—	14	3	—	10	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	29	10
New Brunswick	11	11	6	4	—	11	1	—	3	—	—	—	1	1	—	—	—	23	4
Quebec	65	58	—	4	—	66	58	1	6	—	—	—	—	20	—	2	1	144	7
Ontario	82	82	33	30	1	65	5	5	17	24	2	—	18	17	—	1	—	188	36
Manitoba	17	16	—	6	—	11	—	—	1	12	7	—	5	5	1	1	1	44	7
Saskatchewan	21	19	—	—	—	19	1	11	—	21	4	—	11	2	—	—	—	61	11
Alberta	16	15	—	3	—	13	—	3	—	12	6	—	5	5	—	—	1	45	6
British Columbia	14	14	7	3	—	11	2	—	1	3	—	—	2	7	1	—	—	35	3
Yukon	1	1	1	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	—
TOTAL	245	234	48	62	1	215	72	20	40	72	19	—	42	58	2	4	3	579	86

The table is confined to 227 seats which, despite the Redistribution Act of 1924, could reasonably be compared with seats existing in 1921. The gains made by the parties were as follows:

	Con. Gain From			Lib. Gain From			Other Gain From	
	Lib.	Prog.	Other	Con.	Prog.	Other	Lib.	Prog.
P.E.I.	2							
N.S.	10							
N.B.	3	1						
Que.	4					1[1]	2[2]	
Ont.	17	13		1	4			1[3]
Man.		5	1[4]				1[5]	
Sask.					11			
Alta.		2	1[6]		3			
B.C.	1	2						
TOTALS	37	23	2	1	18	1	3	1

[1] Independent Liberal (a former Independent Liberal now running as an official Liberal).
[2] Independent Liberal and Independent.
[3] Independent Liberal.
[4] Independent Liberal.
[5] Labor.
[6] Labor.

TABLE 18

1925 ELECTION RESULTS
SEATS WON BY PERCENTAGE POINT MARGINS

Percentage Points		0.1–4.9	5.0–9.9	10.0–14.9	15.0–19.9	20.0–29.9	30.0–39.9	40.0–49.9	50.0–100.0	Total Seats
Prince Edward Island		3		1						4
Nova Scotia		3	3	5		2	1			14
New Brunswick			1	5	2	2		1		11
Quebec		3	5	11	12	11	11	7	5	65
Ontario		23	13	13	8	9	4	5	7	82
Manitoba		5	7	2	1	2				17
Saskatchewan		2	4	8	3	3	1			21
Alberta		3	3	1	3	3	1	2		16
British Columbia		1	7	2	1	2	1			14
Yukon					1					1
TOTAL	No.	43	43	48	31	34	19	15	12	245
	%	17.6	17.6	19.6	12.7	13.9	7.8	6.1	4.9	100

The most closely contested seats were divided among the parties as follows:

	P.E.I.	N.S.	N.B.	Que.	Ont.	Man.	Sask.	Alta.	B.C.	Total
0.1–4.9										
Con.	2	1		2	15	2		1	1	24
Lib.	1	2		1	7		2	1		14
Prog.					1	3		1		5
										43
5.0–9.9										
Con.		2		1	12	3			5	23
Lib.		1	1	4	1		1		2	10
Prog.						3	3	3		9
Other						1				1
										43

TABLE 19
1925 ELECTION RESULTS BY RIDING

	Conservative	%	Liberal	%	Progressive	%	Other	%	Total
PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND									
King's	3,758	52.3	3,422	47.7					7,180
Prince	5,167	43.6	6,692	56.4					11,859
Queen's*	14,824	48.8	15,567	51.2					30,391
NOVA SCOTIA									
Antigonish-Guysborough	5,545	47.5	6,135	52.5					11,680
Cape Breton North and Victoria	6,873	61.5	4,309	38.5					11,182
Cape Breton South	9,551	54.0	4,510	25.5			3,617	20.5	17,678
Colchester	6,405	65.4	3,394	34.6					9,799
Cumberland	8,492	57.4	6,291	42.6					14,783
Digby-Annapolis	7,599	51.3	7,219	48.7					14,818
Halifax*	36,792	63.2	21,424	36.8					58,216
Hants-Kings	10,168	52.7	9,110	47.3					19,278
Inverness	5,030	56.9	3,807	43.1					8,837
Pictou	9,693	55.6	7,731	44.4					17,424
Queens-Lunenburg	8,846	49.0	9,219	51.0					18,065
Richmond-West Cape Breton	3,962	54.9	3,252	45.1					7,214
Shelburne-Yarmouth	6,327	48.5	6,709	51.5					13,036
NEW BRUNSWICK									
Charlotte	5,426	62.4	3,274	37.6					8,700
Gloucester	5,272	45.7	6,254	54.3					11,526
Kent	4,427	55.6	3,534	44.4					7,961
Northumberland	5,331	58.5	3,779	41.5					9,110
Restigouche-Madawaska	6,374	56.5	4,904	43.5					11,278
Royal	7,485	57.1	5,614	42.9					13,099
St. John-Albert*	28,873	61.8	17,783	38.1					46,656
Victoria-Carleton	6,859	57.6	4,958	41.7			84	0.7	11,901
Westmorland	11,806	60.3	7,780	39.7					19,586
York-Sunbury	8,636	72.9	3,207	27.0					11,843
QUEBEC									
Argenteuil	3,921	51.3	3,721	48.7					7,642
Bagot	2,797	43.9	3,571	56.1					6,368
Beauce	3,684	22.4	12,765	77.6					16,449

Beauharnois	3,223	40.6	4,724	59.4			7,947
Bellechasse	1,917	29.4	4,596	70.6			6,513
Berthier-Maskinonge	4,264	39.0	6,664	61.0			10,928
Bonaventure	3,815	46.8	4,344	53.2			8,159
Brome-Missisquoi			6,804	56.7	5,196	43.3	12,000
Chambly-Vercheres	5,914	42.9	7,875	57.1			13,789
Champlain	5,057	34.9	9,423	65.1			14,480
Charlevoix-Saguenay	3,046	26.5	8,312	72.3	143	1.2	11,501
Chateauguay-Huntingdon	4,058	43.5	5,270	56.5			9,328
Chicoutimi	1,120	8.4	4,981	37.5	7,198*	54.1	13,299
Compton	4,262	39.6	6,497	60.4			10,759
Dorchester	3,666	41.5	5,167	58.5			8,833
Drummond-Arthabaska	3,926	27.3	9,301	64.8	1,130	7.9	14,357
Gaspe	3,528	31.7	7,615	68.3			11,143
Hull	4,561	30.8	10,248	69.2			14,809
Joliette	4,114	42.2	5,638	57.8			9,752
Kamouraska	2,918	39.7	4,425	60.3			7,343
Labelle			3,764	39.2	5,843*	60.8	9,607
Lake St. John	5,502	42.1	7,579	57.9			13,081
Laprairie-Napierville	2,635	37.9	3,956	56.9	356	5.1	6,947
L'Assomption-Montcalm	2,480	28.4	6,261	71.6			8,741
Laval-Two Mountains	3,634	35.9	6,485	64.1			10,119
Levis	4,899	40.5	7,192	59.5			12,091
L'Islet	2,436	40.9	3,516	59.1			5,952
Lotbiniere	1,402	21.3	3,819	58.0	1,358	20.6	6,579
Matane	3,884	33.6	7,660	66.4			11,544
Megantic	3,262	32.0	6,929	68.0			10,191
Montmagny	3,189	43.9	4,070	56.1			7,259
Nicolet	2,972	30.0	6,221	62.7	723	7.3	9,916
Pontiac	4,663	30.4	7,562	49.2	3,136	20.4	15,361
Portneuf	3,405	27.8	6,412	52.4	2,418	19.8	12,235
Quebec-Montmorency	5,250	42.2	7,194	57.8			12,444
Quebec East	6,366	40.9	9,193	59.1			15,559
Quebec South	5,109	43.0	6,780	57.0			11,889
Quebec West	6,059	44.5	7,561	55.5			13,620
Richelieu	2,565	36.0	4,562	64.0			7,127
Richmond-Wolfe	3,689	33.6	7,292	66.4			10,981
Rimouski	3,167	38.1	5,142	61.9			8,309
St. Hyacinthe-Rouville	2,790	26.7	7,645	73.3			10,435

TABLE 19—Continued
1925 ELECTION RESULTS BY RIDING

	Conservative	%	Liberal	%	Progressive	%	Other	%	Total
St. Johns-Iberville			4,074	74.6			1,387	25.4	5,461
Shefford	4,499	43.2	5,910	56.8					10,409
Sherbrooke	5,449	45.4	6,566	54.6					12,015
Stanstead	4,326	43.9	5,520	56.1					9,846
Temiscouata	5,291	41.9	7,341	58.1					12,632
Terrebonne	2,609	27.8	6,789	72.2					9,398
Three Rivers-St. Maurice	6,007	32.8	10,285	56.2			1,999	10.9	18,291
Vaudreuil-Soulanges	1,687	23.3	5,554	76.7					7,241
Wright	3,973	45.9	4,685	54.1					8,658
Yamaska	2,754	44.5	3,438	55.5					6,192
ISLAND OF MONTREAL									
Cartier			7,934	61.9			4,889	38.1	12,823
Hochelaga	4,732	24.3	14,741	75.7					19,473
Jacques-Cartier	14,956	47.1	16,826	52.9					31,782
Laurier-Outremont	10,105	43.9	12,889	56.1					22,994
Maisonneuve	7,406	34.9	12,624	59.5			1,177	5.6	21,207
Mount Royal	16,377	69.7	7,129	30.3					23,506
St. Ann	9,914	47.6	10,242	49.1			687	3.3	20,843
St. Antoine	6,433	52.0	5,927	48.0					12,360
St. Denis	7,372	25.9	13,850	48.7			7,216	25.4	28,438
St. Henri			11,829	80.6			2,839	19.4	14,668
St. James			12,080	74.8			4,076	25.2	16,156
St. Lawrence-St. George	6,509	53.8	5,580	46.2					12,089
St. Mary			14,411	79.5			3,707	20.5	18,118
ONTARIO									
Algoma East	6,209	52.3	5,665	47.7					11,874
Algoma West	6,767	65.4	3,574	34.6					10,341
Brant	4,151	56.7			3,173	43.3			7,324
Brantford City	7,395	59.9	4,952	40.1					12,347
Bruce North	3,646	37.1	3,839	39.0	2,351	23.9			9,836
Bruce South	3,362	35.6	3,965	41.9	2,128	22.5			9,455
Carleton	7,757	57.4	5,748	42.6					13,505

Dufferin-Simcoe	8,942	60.1			5,936	39.9			14,878
Durham	7,020	53.6	6,074	46.4					13,094
Elgin West	8,360	56.1	6,535	43.9					14,895
Essex East	6,052	50.8	5,855	49.2					11,907
Essex South	6,851	53.2	6,017	46.8					12,868
Essex West	11,029	56.5	8,508	43.5					19,537
Fort William	6,205	68.7	2,830	31.3					9,035
Frontenac-Addington	7,322	61.7			4,554	38.3			11,876
Glengarry	2,628	33.1	2,785	35.1	2,519	31.8			7,932
Grenville-Dundas	8,175	61.0	5,221	39.0					13,396
Grey North	6,861	51.7			6,415	48.3			13,276
Grey Southeast	5,245	44.1			6,652	55.9			11,897
Haldimand	5,415	55.9	4,266	44.1					9,681
Halton	6,775	55.5	5,424	44.5					12,199
Hamilton East	15,669	77.7	2,205	10.9			2,286	11.3	20,160
Hamilton West	13,875	84.0	2,651	16.0					16,526
Hastings-Peterborough	6,511	63.5			3,747	36.5			10,258
Hastings South	10,448	57.1	7,837	42.9					18,285
Huron North	5,170	49.2			5,340	50.8			10,510
Huron South	4,694	41.5	4,947	43.7	1,680	14.8			11,321
Kenora-Rainy River	3,707	44.3	3,898	46.6			762	9.1	8,367
Kent	8,396	40.6	7,833	37.9	4,461	21.6			20,690
Kingston City	6,765	57.5	5,004	42.5					11,769
Lambton East	5,611	46.0	1,061	8.7	5,522	45.3			12,194
Lambton West	6,535	49.4	6,704	50.6					13,239
Lanark	7,620	63.3					4,416	36.7	12,036
Leeds	8,931	57.2	6,689	42.8					15,620
Lincoln	12,054	67.0	5,942	33.0					17,996
London	12,260	54.6	7,777	34.7			2,405	10.7	22,442
Middlesex East	5,220	47.9	3,155	29.0	2,518	23.1			10,893
Middlesex West	2,816	24.9	4,926	43.6	3,548	31.4			11,290
Muskoka-Ontario	9,184	62.1			5,608	37.9			14,792
Nipissing	9,031	49.9	9,128	50.1					18,159
Norfolk-Elgin	8,145	53.1			7,183	46.9			15,328
Northumberland	7,815	54.0			6,665	46.0			14,480
Ontario	7,835	54.3	6,595	45.7					14,430
Ottawa*	42,885	52.4	38,890	47.5					81,775
Oxford North	6,243	52.4	5,660	47.6					11,903
Oxford South	5,400	50.9	5,200	49.1					10,600

TABLE 19—Continued
1925 ELECTION RESULTS BY RIDING

	Conservative	%	Liberal	%	Progressive	%	Other	%	Total
Parkdale	14,483	73.2	5,299	26.8					19,782
Parry Sound	5,224	57.1	3,922	42.9					9,146
Peel	7,047	51.8	6,546	48.2					13,593
Perth North	7,386	52.3	6,725	47.7					14,111
Perth South	4,041	47.6	4,455	52.4					8,496
Peterborough West	9,100	56.0	7,137	44.0					16,237
Port Arthur-Thunder Bay	3,277	34.6	2,413	25.5			3,787	40.0	9,477
Prescott	2,387	26.2	2,519	27.7			4,198*	46.1	9,104
Prince Edward-Lennox	6,435	53.0			5,701	47.0			12,136
Renfrew North	5,303	53.9	4,529	46.1					9,832
Renfrew South	6,336	56.3	4,925	43.7					11,261
Russell	6,328	42.9	8,419	57.1					14,747
Simcoe East	7,658	52.5	6,929	47.5					14,587
Simcoe North	6,885	52.2			6,295	47.8			13,180
Stormont	5,706	51.4	5,394	48.6					11,100
Timiskaming North	6,053	40.7	3,255	21.9			5,560	37.4	14,868
Timiskaming South	5,362	45.4	4,558	38.6			1,882	15.9	11,802
Toronto East	17,663	81.4	4,036	18.6					21,699
Toronto East Centre	8,898	47.0	4,682	24.7			5,345	28.3	18,925
Toronto-High Park	15,809	74.3	5,465	25.7					21,274
Toronto Northeast	20,877	72.1	8,073	27.9					28,950
Toronto Northwest	16,329	75.5	3,106	14.4			2,190	10.1	21,625
Toronto-Scarborough	18,481	81.2	4,281	18.8					22,762
Toronto South	5,895	68.3	2,442	28.3			289	3.4	8,626
Toronto West Centre	10,514	57.6	7,495	41.1			247	1.4	18,256
Victoria	8,632	57.9			6,285	42.1			14,917
Waterloo North	4,657	34.4	8,868	65.6					13,525
Waterloo South	8,089	61.1			5,158	38.9			13,247
Welland	12,753	60.4	8,373	39.6					21,126
Wellington North	4,152	55.2			3,370	44.8			7,522
Wellington South	9,096	52.9	8,088	47.1					17,184
Wentworth	12,970	71.3			5,213	28.7			18,183
York North	10,028	51.3	9,534	48.7					19,562

York South	7,762	76.5	1,394	13.7			990	9.8	10,146
York West	23,637	75.8	7,536	24.2					31,173
MANITOBA									
Brandon	5,428	45.8			6,411	54.2			11,839
Dauphin	4,883	48.9			5,102	51.1			9,985
Lisgar	2,736	46.8			3,112	53.2			5,848
Macdonald	3,293	38.1			5,346	61.9			8,639
Marquette	4,219	42.3	1,665	16.7	4,084	41.0			9,968
Neepawa	3,461	40.2	1,809	21.0	3,332	38.7			8,602
Nelson	2,143	46.3			2,485	53.7			4,628
Portage la Prairie	5,817	53.9			4,966	46.1			10,783
Provencher			2,656	49.3	2,736	50.7			5,392
Selkirk	3,831	39.6	2,524	26.1	3,319	34.3			9,674
Souris	3,258	39.1	1,563	18.8	3,509	42.1			8,330
Springfield	2,259	40.0	1,724	30.5	1,665	29.5			5,648
St. Boniface	2,442	24.0	4,819	47.4			2,901	28.5	10,162
Winnipeg North	3,882	31.7	3,573	29.2			4,781*	39.1	12,236
Winnipeg North Centre	3,578	35.6	1,689	16.8			4,794*	47.6	10,061
Winnipeg South	7,017	44.9	5,400	34.6			3,206	20.5	15,623
Winnipeg South Centre	12,094	52.9	7,132	31.2			3,643	15.9	22,869
SASKATCHEWAN									
Assiniboia	2,303	23.5	4,356	44.5	3,124	31.9			9,783
North Battleford	1,830	21.0	4,204	48.2	2,697	30.9			8,731
Humboldt	967	14.4	3,212	47.8	2,536	37.8			6,715
Kindersley	1,218	16.3	2,614	35.0	3,631	48.7			7,463
Last Mountain	1,596	19.4	3,269	39.7	3,359	40.8			8,224
Long Lake	1,904	26.6			3,497	48.8	1,768	24.7	7,169
Mackenzie			2,496	40.9	3,609	59.1			6,105
Maple Creek	3,253	33.1	4,019	40.8	2,570	26.1			9,842
Melfort	2,646	31.1	3,688	43.3	2,178	25.6			8,512
Melville	1,692	18.2	5,305	57.0	2,302	24.8			9,299
Moose Jaw	5,356	38.8	5,654	40.9	2,801	20.3			13,811
Prince Albert	2,412	23.3	5,301	51.2	2,638	25.5			10,351
Qu'Appelle	4,600	46.6			5,272	53.4			9,872
Regina	5,399	35.6	7,478	49.3	2,284	15.1			15,161
Rosetown	1,926	25.7	2,450	32.7	2,974	39.7	136	1.8	7,486
Saskatoon	5,114	43.2	5,303	44.9	1,417	12.0			11,834

TABLE 19—Continued
1925 ELECTION RESULTS BY RIDING

	Conservative	%	Liberal	%	Progressive	%	Other	%	Total
South Battleford	2,646	25.8	4,364	42.5	3,252	31.7			10,262
Swift Current			4,555	55.4	3,668	44.6			8,223
Weyburn	1,957	21.9	4,807	53.9	2,162	24.2			8,926
Willow Bunch	1,790	16.0	5,506	49.4	3,861	34.6			11,157
Yorkton	1,212	16.2	3,702	49.4	2,579	34.4			7,493
ALBERTA									
Acadia	1,481	17.6	1,552	18.5	5,362	63.9			8,395
Athabaska	643	6.9	5,078	54.2	3,648	38.9			9,369
Battle River	1,634	19.5	1,690	20.1	5,067	60.4			8,391
Bow River	2,075	23.7	2,917	33.3	3,773	43.0			8,765
Calgary East	5,560	47.2	2,519	21.4			3,710	31.5	11,789
Calgary West	10,256	62.9					6,040	37.1	16,296
Camrose	1,409	18.8	1,885	25.1	4,202	56.1			7,496
Edmonton East	3,927	38.8	3,440	33.9			2,767	27.3	10,134
Edmonton West	4,706	35.9	6,394	48.8			2,007	15.3	13,107
Lethbridge	4,656	46.3			5,399	53.7			10,055
Macleod	4,239	38.1	1,941	17.5	4,943	44.4			11,123
Medicine Hat	2,397	27.2	4,383	49.7	2,039	23.1			8,819
Peace River	3,978	33.4	3,932	33.0	4,015	33.7			11,925
Red Deer	2,029	24.3	2,462	29.5	3,851	46.2			8,342
Vegreville					5,103	65.9	2,643	34.1	7,746
Wetaskiwin	2,121	24.2	3,429	39.2	3,201	36.6			8,751
BRITISH COLUMBIA									
Cariboo	6,430	53.7			5,534	46.3			11,964
Comox-Alberni	2,247	31.9					4,794*	68.1	7,041
Fraser Valley	5,751	56.2	4,485	43.8					10,236
Kootenay East	3,495	44.0	4,446	56.0					7,941
Kootenay West	5,720	54.5			4,779	45.5			10,499
Nanaimo	9,584	54.5	6,117	34.8			1,888	10.7	17,589
New Westminster	7,714	42.8	7,013	38.9			3,305	18.3	18,032
Skeena	2,940	40.1	3,633	49.5	765	10.4			7,338

Vancouver-Burrard	9,897	47.2	8,840	42.2	2,230	10.6	20,967
Vancouver Centre	9,458	48.5	8,277	42.4	1,777	9.1	19,512
Vancouver North	3,694	39.5	4,279	45.7	1,384	14.8	9,357
Vancouver South	8,587	47.3	6,797	37.4	2,783	15.3	18,167
Victoria	6,926	60.0	4,617	40.0			11,543
Yale	7,573	60.9	4,870	39.1			12,443
YUKON TERRITORY							
Yukon	742	59.4	508	40.6			1,250

THE GENERAL ELECTION OF SEPTEMBER 14, 1926

Unable to command the support of Parliament, the new Conservative Prime Minister called for a dissolution of Parliament less than a week after assuming office on June 28. Almost immediately the campaign commenced for Canada's second general election within the space of a year.

The split which had occurred in the ranks of the Progressives during the life of the brief Parliament prepared the way for an election which was less complex than the previous two. The contest was primarily between the two major parties. Only 37 straight Progressive candidates entered the field, and of these 12 were in Alberta, where the United Farmers of Alberta (U.F.A.) decided to drop the national party label and to campaign as a separate parliamentary group. The understanding between Liberals and Progressives which had occurred in some ridings in 1925 was now taken one step further. In Manitoba and Ontario,[1] not only were there agreements to eliminate three way contests (there were only four Liberal-Progressive contests in Ontario and none in Manitoba) but in both provinces the Liberals and Progressives formally endorsed many of the same candidates, who ran under the label of Liberal-Progressive. There were six such hybrids in Ontario (two elected), and seven, including the erstwhile Progressive leader, in Manitoba (all elected). In Saskatchewan there were two Liberal-Progressives nominated and elected.

In many respects the election results were little different than those in 1925. Nevertheless, by counting the 11 Liberal-Progressives in the Liberal column—as has been done in the accompanying tables— Mackenzie King's party emerged with 128 seats, a clear working majority. It was Ontario and Manitoba, the areas of Liberal-Progressive cooperation, which tipped the scales in favor of the Liberals. Including as Liberal gains those seats formerly held by Progressives and now won by Liberal-Progressives, the Liberals gained 25 seats in these two

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[1] As in 1925, in Ontario there was again some confusion in the reporting of the election, some sources labeling certain candidates as Progressive, others labeling them as Liberals, and others as Liberal-Progressives. These discrepancies have been resolved by relying upon contemporary newpaper accounts.

provinces alone. In all other provinces combined the net Liberal gain was only four seats.

In terms of popular vote, the outcome was very close. Less than one percent separated the proportion polled by the two major parties. There were, moreover, 90 seats which were decided by less than ten percent of the vote, and 42 by less than five percent. Unlike in 1925, however, these closely fought seats were divided about equally between the two major parties. The Conservatives actually polled more votes than they had in 1925, and practically the same percentage. Yet, however slight, the shift was sufficient to reduce the Conservative seats from 116 to 91. The electoral system definitely worked against the Conservatives, their 45.3 percent of the popular vote being matched by only 37.7 percent of the seats. The most flagrant distortion occurred in Manitoba, where the Conservatives, with 16 candidates in the field, polled 42.2 percent of the vote, as compared to 37.9 for the Liberals, yet won not a single seat, as compared to 11 for the Liberals.

Despite their reduced number of candidates and their polling only about half their 1925 proportion of the vote, the Progressives suffered a net loss of only four seats. Nevertheless, the 1926 election marked the end of the Progressive Party, for its remnants were now reduced to provincial factions which were to help provide the foundation for new political movements to arise in the 1930's.

TABLE 20
1926 ELECTION RESULTS
SEATS WON AND VOTES POLLED BY PARTY

	Conservative				Liberal			
	Seats	%	Votes	%	Seats	%	Votes	%
Prince Edward Island	1	25.0	26,217	47.3	3	75.0	29,222	52.7
Nova Scotia	12	85.7	122,965	53.7	2	14.3	99,581	43.5
New Brunswick	7	63.6	87,080	53.9	4	36.4	74,465	46.1
Quebec	4	6.2	275,280	34.3	60	92.3	500,850	62.3
Ontario	53	64.6	661,714	54.1	26	31.7	474,885	38.9
Manitoba	—	—	83,100	42.2	11	64.7	74,621	37.9
Saskatchewan	—	—	67,524	27.5	18	85.7	139,262	56.8
Alberta	1	6.3	49,514	31.5	3	18.8	38,451	24.5
British Columbia	12	85.7	100,066	54.2	1	7.1	68,317	37.0
Yukon	1	100.0	823	55.9	—	—	648	44.0
TOTAL	91	37.1	1,474,283	45.3	128	52.2	1,500,302	46.1

The following is an itemization of the votes which are included in the column "Other."

N.S. Labor (1) 6,412.

Que. Ind. Lib. (6) 14,349; Ind. (3) 11,331; Ind. Con. (1) 775; Soc. (1) 672; Protectionist (1) 129.
ELECTED: 1 Independent.

Ont. Ind. Con. (3) 19,028; Labor (4) 6,282; Ind. (2) 5,356; Ind. Lib. (2) 4,481.
ELECTED: 1 Independent Liberal.

Explanation of Party Totals:

Ont. Six Liberal-Progressives (two elected) are counted as Liberals.
One Independent Liberal (elected) is counted as a Liberal.
One Liberal-Labor (elected) is counted as a Liberal.
Two Liberal-Labor-Progressives are counted as Liberals.

Man. Six Liberal-Progressives are counted as Liberals. All 6, as well as a Liberal-Progressive who won by acclamation, were elected.

Sask. Two Liberal-Progressives (both elected) are counted as Liberals.

Alta. The total shown under the Progressive column refers to the votes polled by the 12 U.F.A. candidates.

TABLE 20
1926 ELECTION RESULTS
SEATS WON AND VOTES POLLED BY PARTY

Progressive				Other				Total	
Seats	%	Votes	%	Seats	%	Votes	%	Seats	Votes
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	4	55,439
—	—	—	—	—	—	6,412	2.8	14	228,958
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	11	161,545
—	—	—	—	1	1.5	27,256	3.4	65	803,386
2	2.4	50,360	4.1	1	1.2	35,147	2.9	82	1,222,106
4	23.5	22,092	11.2	2	11.8	17,194	8.7	17	197,007
3	14.3	38,324	15.6	—	—	—	—	21	245,110
11	68.8	60,740	38.7	1	6.3	8,311	5.3	16	157,016
—	—	—	—	1	7.1	16,087	8.7	14	184,470
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	1,471
20	8.2	171,516	5.3	6	2.4	110,407	3.4	245	3,256,508

Man. Labor (4) 17,194.
ELECTED: 2 Labor.

Alta. Labor (1) 6,707; Labor-Farmer (1) 1,441; Ind. Labor (1) 163.
ELECTED: 1 Labor.

B.C. Labor (7) 11,757; Ind. (2) 4,330.
ELECTED: 1 Independent.

TABLE 21
1926 ELECTION RESULTS
NUMBER OF SEATS CONTESTED, RETAINED, GAINED, AND LOST BY PARTY

	Total Seats	Conservative C	R	G	L	Liberal C	R	G	L	Progressive C	R	G	L	Other C	R	G	L	Total No. Candidates	Total Changing Seats
Prince Edward Island	4	4	1	—	1	4	2	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	8	1
Nova Scotia	14	14	10	2	1	13	1	1	2	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	28	3
New Brunswick	11	11	7	—	3	11	1	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	22	3
Quebec	65	62	4	—	—	64	59	1	—	—	—	—	—	12	1	—	1	138	1
Ontario	82	82	53	—	15	72	11	15	—	11	1	1	1	11	—	1	1	176	17
Manitoba	17	16	—	—	7	12	1	10	—	4	3	1	4	4	2	—	—	36	11
Saskatchewan	21	16	—	—	—	21	15	3	—	10	3	—	3	—	—	—	—	47	3
Alberta	16	13	1	—	2	9	2	1	2	12	9	2	—	3	—	1	—	37	4
British Columbia	14	14	10	2	—	13	1	—	2	—	—	—	—	9	1	—	—	36	2
Yukon	1	1	1	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	—
TOTAL	245	233	87	4	29	220	93	35	6	37	16	4	8	40	4	2	2	530	45

The gains made by the parties were as follows:

	Con. Gain From Lib.	Lib. Gain From Con.	Lib. Gain From Prog.	Lib. Gain From Other	Prog. Gain From Con.	Prog. Gain From Lib.	Other Gain From Con.	Other Gain From Other
P.E.I.		1						
N.S.	2	1						
N.B.		3						
Que.				1[1]				
Ont.		14	1[2]		1			1[3]
Man.		6	4[4]		1			
Sask.			3[4]					
Alta.		1				2	1[5]	
B.C.	2							
TOTAL	4	26	8	1	2	2	1	1

[1] A former Independent Liberal now running as an official Liberal.
[2] A former Progressive now running as a Liberal-Progressive.
[3] An Independent Liberal gaining a seat held by another Independent Liberal.
[4] All were former Progressives now running as Liberal-Progressives.
[5] Labor.

TABLE 22

1926 ELECTION RESULTS

SEATS WON BY PERCENTAGE POINT MARGINS

Percentage Points		0.1–4.9	5.0–9.9	10.0–14.9	15.0–19.9	20.0–29.9	30.0–39.9	40.0–49.9	50.0–100.0	Total Seats
Prince Edward Island		3		1						4
Nova Scotia		5	4	3	1	1				14
New Brunswick		2	3	4	1		1			11
Quebec		3	11	7	8	12	5	5	14	65
Ontario		22	18	11	5	11	5	4	6	82
Manitoba		2	4	3	3	4			1*	17
Saskatchewan		2	1	4	5	4	4	1		21
Alberta		1	3	2	3	3	1	2	1	16
British Columbia		2	4	1	1	3	2	1		14
Yukon				1						1
TOTAL	No.	42	48	37	27	38	18	13	22	245
	%	17.1	19.6	15.1	11.0	15.5	7.3	5.3	9.0	100

* Seat won by acclamation.

The most closely contested seats were divided among the parties as follows:

	P.E.I.	N.S.	N.B.	Que.	Ont.	Man.	Sask.	Alta.	B.C.	Total
0.1–4.9										
Con.	1	4	1	2	10				1	19
Lib.	2	1	1	1	11	2		1	1	20
Prog.					1		2			3
										42
5.0–9.9										
Con.		4	2		8				4	18
Lib.			1	11	9	3	1			25
Prog.						1		3		4
Other					1					1
										48

TABLE 23

1926 ELECTION RESULTS BY RIDING

	Conservative	%	Liberal	%	Progressive	%	Other	%	Total
PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND									
King's	4,329	50.6	4,229	49.4					8,558
Prince	5,641	43.4	7,362	56.6					13,003
Queens*	16,247	47.8	17,631	52.1					33,878
NOVA SCOTIA									
Antigonish-Guysborough	6,140	50.6	6,003	49.4					12,143
Cape Breton North and Victoria	6,284	57.3	4,691	42.7					10,975
Cape Breton South	8,924	58.2					6,412	41.8	15,336
Colchester	6,067	60.0	4,049	40.0					10,116
Cumberland	8,176	55.3	6,609	44.7					14,785
Digby-Annapolis	8,159	51.0	7,851	49.0					16,010
Halifax*	35,082	55.5	28,146	44.6					63,228
Hants-Kings	10,181	49.8	10,261	50.2					20,442
Inverness	4,946	53.5	4,296	46.5					9,242
Pictou	9,304	54.0	7,920	46.0					17,224
Queens-Lunenburg	9,925	52.1	9,136	47.9					19,061
Richmond-West Cape Breton	3,769	53.5	3,280	46.5					7,049
Shelburne-Yarmouth	6,008	45.0	7,339	55.0					13,347
NEW BRUNSWICK									
Charlotte	4,967	57.5	3,677	42.5					8,644
Gloucester	6,333	44.2	7,992	55.8					14,325
Kent	4,173	46.5	4,799	53.5					8,972
Northumberland	5,687	47.8	6,201	52.2					11,888
Restigouche and Madawaska	6,850	43.1	9,033	56.9					15,883
Royal	7,266	54.9	5,973	45.1					13,239
St. John-Albert*	24,751	61.7	15,363	38.3					40,114
Victoria-Carleton	7,865	53.8	6,764	46.2					14,629
Westmorland	10,737	51.3	10,204	48.7					20,941
York-Sunbury	8,451	65.5	4,459	34.5					12,910
QUEBEC									
Argenteuil	4,094	51.5	3,854	48.5					7,948
Bagot	3,211	45.9	3,787	54.1					6,998

Beauce	2,551	18.6	11,176	81.4			13,727
Beauharnois	2,565	33.0	4,843	62.2	374	4.8	7,782
Bellechasse	1,902	28.0	4,897	72.0			6,799
Berthier-Maskinonge	4,626	41.2	6,606	58.8			11,232
Bonaventure	5,155	45.5	6,164	54.5			11,319
Brome-Missisquoi	6,005	45.7	7,126	54.3			13,131
Chambly-Vercheres	6,966	44.6	8,667	55.4			15,633
Champlain	5,407	35.0	10,024	65.0			15,431
Charlevoix-Saguenay	2,911	25.4	8,553	74.6			11,464
Chateauguay-Huntingdon	4,971	46.6	5,691	53.4			10,662
Chicoutimi	2,142	19.8	8,658	80.2			10,800
Compton	4,979	41.1	7,125	58.9			12,104
Dorchester	3,640	39.3	5,627	60.7			9,267
Drummond-Arthabaska	3,814	28.4	9,600	71.6			13,414
Gaspe	4,820	35.5	8,769	64.5			13,589
Hull	2,185	16.7	10,899	83.3			13,084
Joliette	4,202	42.6	5,659	57.4			9,861
Kamouraska	2,562	37.2	4,332	62.8			6,894
Labelle	1,118	12.7			7,698*	87.4	8,816
Lake St. John	5,733	41.5	8,090	58.5			13,823
Laprairie-Napierville	2,844	40.4	4,201	59.6			7,045
L'Assomption-Montcalm	1,901	23.9	6,044	76.1			7,945
Laval-Two Mountains	2,148	26.6	5,916	73.4			8,064
Levis	5,838	45.0	7,127	55.0			12,965
L'Islet	2,795	43.6	3,619	56.4			6,414
Lotbiniere			4,650	58.2	3,345	41.8	7,995
Matane	3,727	29.6	8,880	70.4			12,607
Megantic	3,243	33.3	6,483	66.7			9,726
Montmagny	3,646	47.8	3,985	52.2			7,631
Nicolet	3,782	36.4	6,597	63.6			10,379
Pontiac	6,121	35.4	11,166	64.6			17,287
Portneuf			6,308	54.5	5,272	45.5	11,580
Quebec-Montmorency	5,267	45.0	6,433	55.0			11,700
Quebec East	6,438	40.7	9,370	59.3			15,808
Quebec South	4,901	40.2	6,527	53.5	775	6.4	12,203
Quebec West	6,495	46.4	7,501	53.6			13,996
Richelieu	2,927	37.4	4,893	62.6			7,820
Richmond-Wolfe	5,100	36.7	8,788	63.3			13,888
Rimouski	2,926	32.6	5,623	62.7	417	4.7	8,966

TABLE 23—Continued
1926 ELECTION RESULTS BY RIDING

	Conservative	%	Liberal	%	Progressive	%	Other	%	Total
St. Hyacinthe-Rouville	1,858	20.2	7,325	79.8					9,183
St. Johns-Iberville	328	3.6	4,802	52.6			4,006	43.8	9,136
Shefford	3,605	36.1	6,374	63.9					9,979
Sherbrooke	4,640	38.0	7,582	62.0					12,222
Stanstead	3,740	42.1	5.135	57.9					8,875
Temiscouata	6.513	43.6	8,431	56.4					14,944
Terrebonne	2,270	24.3	7,060	75.7					9,330
Three Rivers-St. Maurice	5,737	33.5	11,384	66.5					17,121
Vaudreuil-Soulanges	1,848	25.5	5,391	74.5					7,239
Wright	5,105	46.2	5,950	53.8					11,055
Yamaska	3,082	46.8	3,500	53.2					6,582
ISLAND OF MONTREAL									
Cartier	2,312	22.9	5,048	50.1			2,715	27.0	10,075
Hochelaga	2,530	13.1	16,339	84.3			502	2.6	19,371
Jacques-Cartier	16,602	47.0	18,775	53.0					35,357
Laurier-Outremont	8,342	39.6	12,724	60.4					21,066
Maisonneuve	5,166	24.4	16,045	75.6					21,211
Mount Royal	14,249	76.0	4,499	24.0					18,748
St. Ann	9,474	45.8	11,238	54.3					20,712
St. Antoine	6,605	51.7	6,159	48.3					12,764
St. Denis	4,863	18.4	21,497	81.6					26,360
St. Henri			9,995	82.3			2,152	17.7	12,147
St. James	2,192	14.7	12,740	85.3					14,932
St. Lawrence-St. George	5,725	59.9	3,826	40.1					9,551
St. Mary	2,836	16.1	14,793	50.6					17,629
ONTARIO									
Algoma East	6,143	47.1	6,909	52.9					13,052
Algoma West	7,171	63.1	4,187	36.9					11,358
Brant	4,218	50.9	4,065	49.1					8,283
Brantford City	7,070	54.1	5,993	45.9					13,063
Bruce North	4,959	47.4	5,447	52.1			53	0.5	10,459
Bruce South	3,504	33.9	5,050	48.8	1,791	17.3			10,345

Carleton	7,415	56.3	5,744	43.7					13,159
Dufferin-Simcoe	8,376	61.2					5,303	38.8	13,679
Durham	6,508	56.4	5,024	43.6					11,532
Elgin West	7,742	49.4	7,920	50.6					15,662
Essex East	6,724	47.1	7,555	52.9					14,279
Essex South	6,761	51.2	6,438	48.8					13,199
Essex West	11,555	51.0	11,095	49.0					22,650
Fort William	5,173	67.9					2,440	32.1	7,613
Frontenac-Addington	7,802	60.2			5,158	39.8			12,960
Glengarry	3,749	46.1	4,382	53.9					8,131
Grenville-Dundas	8,100	63.1			4,744	36.9			12,844
Grey North	7,042	48.1	7,606	51.9					14,648
Grey Southeast	6,211	43.9			7,939	56.1			14,150
Haldimand	5,511	57.8			4,028	42.2			9,539
Halton	6,222	59.1	4,308	40.9					10,530
Hamilton East	13,444	75.0	4,477	25.0					17,921
Hamilton West	10,888	74.8	3,665	25.2					14,553
Hastings-Peterborough	6,797	71.7	2,680	28.3					9,477
Hastings South	9,704	62.1	5,912	37.9					15,616
Huron North	5,547	48.5	5,892	51.5					11,439
Huron South	5,217	45.0	6,370	55.0					11,587
Kenora-Rainy River	5,016	47.1	5,626	52.9					10,642
Kent	10,578	46.2	12,315	53.8					22,893
Kingston City	6,256	60.0	4,174	40.0					10,430
Lambton East	6,340	47.9			6,891	52.1			13,231
Lambton West	7,413	49.5	7,551	50.5					14,964
Lanark	8,122	62.3	4,908	37.7					13,030
Leeds	9,092	56.0	7,148	44.0					16,240
Lincoln	11,475	67.4	5,555	32.6					17,030
London	12,249	51.8	11,404	48.2					23,653
Middlesex East	5,701	51.3	2,506	22.6	2,897	26.1			11,104
Middlesex West	4,086	39.8	6,187	60.2					10,273
Muskoka-Ontario	9,039	61.1	5,757	38.9					14,796
Nipissing	8,963	43.6	11,587	56.4					20,550
Norfolk-Elgin	8,512	49.8	8,568	50.3					17,080
Northumberland	8,113	51.2	7,727	48.8					15,840
Ontario	8,567	52.7	7,689	47.3					16,256
Ottawa*	43,531	48.7	45,962	51.3					89,493
Oxford North	6,193	48.5	6,565	51.5					12,758

TABLE 23—Continued
1926 ELECTION RESULTS BY RIDING

	Conservative	%	Liberal	%	Progressive	%	Other	%	Total
Oxford South	5,364	46.9	6,064	53.1					11,428
Parkdale	11,897	74.2	4,133	25.8					16,030
Parry Sound	5,418	55.4	4,358	44.6					9,776
Peel	7,002	52.7	6,294	47.3					13,296
Perth North	7,596	48.0	8,236	52.0					15,832
Perth South	4,451	47.3	4,966	52.7					9,417
Peterborough West	8,934	56.7	6,825	43.3					15,759
Port Arthur-Thunder Bay	4,349	49.9	2,990	34.3			1,382	15.8	8,721
Prescott	2,504	24.7	3,134	31.0			4,481*	44.3	10,119
Prince Edward-Lennox	7,139	53.5	6,199	46.5					13,338
Renfrew North	4,947	43.2	4,288	37.4	2,220	19.4			11,455
Renfrew South	5,207	43.3	4,986	41.5	1,823	15.2			12,016
Russell	4,876	35.0	9,062	65.0					13,938
Simcoe East	7,994	51.0	7,669	49.0					15,663
Simcoe North	7,058	50.7			6,865	49.3			13,923
Stormont	6,083	47.9	6,623	52.1					12,706
Timiskaming North	7,553	46.5	8,707	53.5					16,260
Timiskaming South	6,411	46.7	7,309	53.3					13,720
Toronto East	13,789	80.7	3,299	19.3					17,088
Toronto East Centre	6,603	42.5	4,429	28.5			4,509	29.0	15,541
Toronto-High Park	12,366	74.8	4,167	25.2					16,533
Toronto Northeast	11,005	41.3	5,994	22.5			9,639	36.2	26,638
Toronto Northwest	12,071	75.6	2,637	16.5			1,267	7.9	15,975
Toronto-Scarborough	14,938	80.8	3,556	19.2					18,494
Toronto South	4,909	75.3	1,606	24.7					6,515
Toronto West Centre	7,956	54.7	5,388	37.1			1,193	8.2	14,537
Victoria	9,070	60.2			6,004	39.8			15,074
Waterloo North	6,365	38.0	10,394	62.0					16,759
Waterloo South	7,220	59.4	4,935	40.6					12,155
Welland	14,331	52.6	12,890	47.4					27,221
Wellington North	4,825	52.0	4,452	48.0					9,277
Wellington South	8,515	53.3	7,471	46.7					15,986
Wentworth	10,975	67.3	5,335	32.7					16,310

York North	10,160	50.7	9,860	49.3					20,020
York South	6,555	57.3					4,880	42.7	11,435
York West	16,479	77.9	4,681	22.1					21,160
MANITOBA									
Brandon	7,101	46.2	8,267	53.8					15,368
Dauphin	5,502	43.1	7,260	56.9					12,762
Lisgar	3,790	44.9	4,657	55.1					8,447
Macdonald	4,306	39.3			6,652	60.7			10,958
Marquette	6,235	46.0	7,327	54.0					13,562
Neepawa	4,495	41.6			6,293	58.3			10,788
Nelson	2,632	46.4			3,042	53.6			5,674
Portage la Prairie	5,966	48.3	6,394	51.7					12,360
Provencher			Accl.						
Selkirk	5,104	42.1	7,016	57.9					12,120
Souris	4,946	44.8			6,105	55.2			11,051
Springfield	2,638	33.5	3,852	49.0			1,375	17.5	7,865
St. Boniface	3,235	28.0	5,903	51.0			2,427	21.0	11,565
Winnipeg North	3,555	28.3	2,821	22.5			6,171*	49.2	12,547
Winnipeg North Centre	4,220	36.9					7,221*	63.1	11,441
Winnipeg South	7,638	46.4	8,809	53.6					16,447
Winnipeg South Centre	11,737	48.8	12,315	51.2					24,052
SASKATCHEWAN									
Assiniboia	3,845	29.5	6,066	46.5	3,137	24.0			13,048
North Battleford	2,950	32.4	6,147	67.6					9,097
Humboldt	2,447	28.1	6,264	71.9					8,711
Kindersley			5,326	49.0	5,540	51.0			10,866
Last Mountain			4,890	49.0	5,080	51.0			9,970
Long Lake	3,599	41.3	5,113	58.7					8,712
Mackenzie			4,664	45.0	5,701	55.0			10,365
Maple Creek	5,772	41.3	8,202	58.7					13,974
Melfort	4,306	37.2	7,270	62.8					11,576
Melville	3,796	32.3	7,946	67.7					11,742
Moose Jaw	6,060	37.1	8,487	51.9	1,798	11.0			16,345
Prince Albert	4,838	35.1	8,933	64.9					13,771
Qu'Appelle	5,891	43.1	7,778	56.9					13,669
Regina	8,001	47.3	8,916	52.7					16,917
Rosetown	2,847	33.6	5,635	66.4					8,482

TABLE 23—Continued
1926 ELECTION RESULTS BY RIDING

	Conservative		Liberal		Progressive		Other		Total
		%		%		%		%	
Saskatoon	5,706	41.5	8,058	58.5					13,764
South Battleford	3,106	24.0	5,607	43.3	4,237	32.7			12,950
Swift Current	2,097	19.1	5,788	52.7	3,094	28.2			10,979
Weyburn			6,068	63.5	3,493	36.5			9,561
Willow Bunch	2,263	17.3	7,683	58.8	3,123	23.9			13,069
Yorkton			4,421	58.6	3,121	41.4			7,542
ALBERTA					U. F. A.				
Acadia	1,803	20.4			7,041	79.6			8,844
Athabaska			2,770	36.3	4,870	63.7			7,640
Battle River	1,985	26.2			5,597	73.8			7,582
Bow River	3,028	37.1			5,144	62.9			8,172
Calgary East	5,132	42.8					6,870*	57.3	12,002
Calgary West	8,951	57.9	6,502	42.1					15,453
Camrose			3,490	40.6	5,100	59.4			8,590
Edmonton East	4,925	43.0	5.090	44.4			1,441	12.6	11,456
Edmonton West	5,772	44.4	7,223	55.6					12,995
Lethbridge	3,435	40.1			5,138	59.9			8,573
Macleod	3,465	33.6			6,840	66.4			10,305
Medicine Hat	2,226	26.1	4,206	49.4	2,081	24.4			8,513
Peace River	4,398	35.6	2,642	21.4	5,323	43.1			12,363
Red Deer	2,151	27.7			5,603	72.3			7,754
Vegreville			3,378	45.1	4,106	54.9			7,484
Wetaskiwin	2,243	24.1	3,150	33.9	3,897	41.9			9,290
BRITISH COLUMBIA									
Cariboo	7,200	53.0	6,386	47.0					13,586
Comox-Alberni	2,831	38.7					4,492*	61.3	7,323
Fraser Valley	6,217	60.2	4,117	39.8					10,334
Kootenay East	3,272	39.6	3,547	42.9			1,444	17.5	8,263
Kootenay West	6,247	54.3	5,257	45.7					11,504
Nanaimo	10,464	66.5	5,274	33.5					15,738
New Westminster	8,624	46.5	6,384	34.4			3,533	19.1	18,541

Skeena	4,170	52.0	3,849	48.0			8,019
Vancouver-Burrard	11,227	53.6	7,692	36.7	2,012	9.6	20,931
Vancouver Centre	10,326	53.4	8,471	43.8	527	2.7	19,324
Vancouver North	5,080	46.8	4,388	40.4	1,386	12.8	10,854
Vancouver South	9,762	56.0	4,973	28.5	2,693	15.5	17,428
Victoria	6,831	62.7	4,051	37.2			10,882
Yale	7,815	66.6	3,928	33.4			11,743
YUKON TERRITORY							
Yukon	823	55.9	648	44.0			1,471

THE GENERAL ELECTION OF JULY 28, 1930

In two respects the general election of 1930 proved unrepresentative of the general trend in Canadian politics. First, it resulted in a clear-cut victory for the Conservative Party, now led by Richard B. Bennett. Not since 1911 had the party been able to win a clear majority in Parliament, and not until 1958 was it to repeat the accomplishment. Second, the election marked something of a return to the traditional two-party structure. While there were 28 candidates who campaigned under the label of Progressive, United Farmers of Ontario, United Farmers of Alberta, or (in Saskatchewan) Farmers, only 12 were successful, nine being from Alberta. And while the label Liberal-Progressive was still widely used in Manitoba (and in a few instances in Ontario), by this time the hyphenated designation was little more than a synonym for Liberalism.[1]

Although the Conservatives, with 137 seats, won a clear majority in the new Parliament, the election was close. Over half of the 245 districts were won by margins of less than 10 percent of the vote, and almost one-third by less than five percent. Moreover, the Conservative increase of 46 seats over the party's 1926 performance was accomplished with an increase of only 3.4 percent of the total vote, while the Liberal decline in seats resulted from a loss of less than one percent of the vote. Clearly the Conservatives had now benefited from the electoral system.

The decisive areas proved to be Quebec and the three Prairie Provinces. In these areas the Conservatives registered a net gain of 42 seats over their 1926 performance, while in the rest of Canada the net gain was only four seats. The Conservative showing in Quebec was especially impressive, the party winning 44.7 percent of the vote and 24 seats.

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[1] Again in 1930 there was considerable confusion evidenced in the reporting of the election in those ridings where there were candidates who were, or who had been, identified with Progressivism. In Manitoba, sources differed whether certain candidates were Liberal, Progressive, or Liberal-Progressive. In the accompanying tables they have been counted as either Liberals or Liberal-Progressives, and in either case included in the Liberal column. In Saskatchewan sources differed with regard to the labels Progressive and Farmers. In the accompanying tables all such candidates are included in the Progressive column.

TABLE 24
1930 ELECTION RESULTS
SEATS WON AND VOTES POLLED BY PARTY

	Conservative				Liberal			
	Seats	%	Votes	%	Seats	%	Votes	%
Prince Edward Island	3	75.0	29,692	50.0	1	25.0	29,698	50.0
Nova Scotia	10	71.4	140,503	52.5	4	28.6	127,179	47.5
New Brunswick	10	90.9	109,972	59.4	1	9.1	75,086	40.6
Quebec	24	36.9	455,452	44.7	40	61.5	542,357	53.2
Ontario	59	72.0	739,004	54.4	22	26.8	596,445	43.9
Manitoba	11	64.7	111,294	47.7	4	23.5	86,840	37.2
Saskatchewan	8	38.1	124,000	37.6	11	52.4	153,673	46.5
Alberta	4	25.0	67,832	33.9	3	18.8	60,126	30.0
British Columbia	7	50.0	119,074	49.3	5	35.7	98,933	40.9
Yukon	1	100.0	846	60.3	—	—	557	39.7
TOTAL	137	55.9	1,897,669	48.7	91	37.1	1,770,894	45.5

The following is an itemization of the votes which are included in the column "Other."

Que.	Ind. Lib. (6) 13,608; Ind. (4) 2,935; Lib.-Protectionist (1) 2,723; Ind. Protectionist (1) 1,294; Ind. Con. (1) 1,236; Comm. (1) 313. ELECTED: 1 Independent (by acclamation).
Ont.	Ind. Con. (3) 6,381; Ind. (3) 2,404; Comm. (3) 1,495; Labor (2) 994.
Man.	Labor (6) 19,808; Comm. (3) 4,365; Ind. Lib. (3) 1,139; Ind. Con. (1) 715. ELECTED: 2 Labor.
Sask.	Ind. (3) 11,561.
Alta.	Labor (2) 8,769; Prog. (1) 2,218; Labor-Farmer (1) 509.
B.C.	Ind. Labor (1) 15,732; Ind. (2) 6,338; Comm. (1) 861; Farmer-Labor (1) 429; Prohibition (1) 266. ELECTED: 1 Independent Labor.

TABLE 24
1930 ELECTION RESULTS
SEATS WON AND VOTES POLLED BY PARTY

Progressive				Other				Total	
Seats	%	Votes	%	Seats	%	Votes	%	Seats	Votes
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	4	59,390
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	14	267,682
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	11	185,058
—	—	—	—	1	1.5	22,109	2.2	65	1,019,918
1	1.2	12,815	0.9	—	—	11,274	0.8	82	1,359,538
—	—	9,228	4.0	2	11.8	26,027	11.2	17	233,389
2	9.5	40,944	12.4	—	—	11,561	3.5	21	330,178
9	56.3	60,848	30.4	—	—	11,496	5.7	16	200,302
—	—	—	—	2	14.3	23,626	9.8	14	241,633
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	1,403
12	4.9	123,835	3.2	5	2.0	106,093	2.7	245	3,898,491

Explanation of Party Totals:

Ont. Two Liberal-Progressives are counted as Liberals.
The Progressive total represents the votes polled by the one Progressive and the one U.F.O. candidate (elected).

Man. One Independent Conservative is counted as a Conservative.
The Liberal total represents the votes polled by the 8 Liberal-Progressives and the five straight Liberals. Three Liberal-Progressives were elected, and one straight Liberal.

Sask. The Liberal total includes the votes polled by one Liberal-Progressive. It also includes the votes of two Liberals running in the same district.
The votes in the Progressive column are those polled by 7 Progressives (26,854), five Farmer candidates (11,999), and one Farmer-Labor candidate (2,091). The two elected candidates were Progressives.

Alta. The votes in the Progressive column are those polled by the 11 U.F.A. candidates. One U.F.A. candidate was elected by acclamation.

TABLE 25
1930 ELECTION RESULTS
NUMBER OF SEATS CONTESTED, RETAINED, GAINED, AND LOST BY PARTY

	Total Seats	Conservative C	Conservative R	Conservative G	Conservative L	Liberal C	Liberal R	Liberal G	Liberal L	Progressive C	Progressive R	Progressive G	Progressive L	Other C	Other R	Other G	Other L	Total No. Candidates	Total Changing Seats
Prince Edward Island	4	4	1	2	—	4	1	—	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	8	2
Nova Scotia	14	14	10	—	1	14	3	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	28	1
New Brunswick	11	11	6	4	—	11	1	—	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	22	4
Quebec	65	64	4	20	—	64	40	—	20	—	—	—	—	14	1	—	—	142	20
Ontario	82	81	49	10	4	82	18	4	9	2	1	—	—	11	—	—	1	176	14
Manitoba	17	17	—	11	—	13	3	1	8	2	—	—	4	13	2	—	—	45	12
Saskatchewan	21	17	—	8	—	22	10	1	8	13	2	—	1	3	—	—	—	55	9
Alberta	16	10	1	3	—	11	2	1	1	11	9	—	2	4	—	—	1	36	4
British Columbia	14	14	6	1	6	12	—	5	1	—	—	—	—	6	1	1	—	32	7
Yukon	1	1	1	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	—
TOTAL	245	233	78	59	11	234	78	13	53	28	12	—	7	51	4	1	2	546	73

The gains made by the parties were as follows:

	Con. Gain From Lib.	Con. Gain From Prog.	Con. Gain From Other	Lib. Gain From Con.	Lib. Gain From Prog.	Other Gain From Con.
P.E.I.	2					
N.S.				1		
N.B.	4					
Que.	20					
Ont.	9		1[1]	4		
Man.	8	3			1	
Sask.	8				1	
Alta.	1	1	1[2]		1	
B.C.	1			5		1[3]
TOTAL	53	4	2	10	3	1

[1] Independent Conservative.
[2] Labor.
[3] Independent Labor.

TABLE 26
1930 ELECTION RESULTS
SEATS WON BY PERCENTAGE POINT MARGINS

Percentage Points		0.1–4.9	5.0–9.9	10.0–14.9	15.0–19.9	20.0–29.9	30.0–39.9	40.0–49.9	50.0–100.0	Total Seats
Prince Edward Island		3		1						4
Nova Scotia		7	5		1	1				14
New Brunswick		3		1	5	1	1			11
Quebec		19	13	11	5	7	6	1	3*	65
Ontario		22	16	15	5	10	10	4		82
Manitoba		7	2	3	3	1			1	17
Saskatchewan		5	9	3	1	3				21
Alberta		2	3	4	2	2	1	1	1*	16
British Columbia		4	3	4	1	2				14
Yukon						1				1
TOTAL	No.	72	51	42	23	28	18	6	5	245
	%	29.4	20.8	17.1	9.4	11.4	7.3	2.4	2.0	100

*Includes 1 seat won by acclamation.

The most closely contested seats were divided among the parties as follows:

	P.E.I.	N.S.	N.B.	Que.	Ont.	Man.	Sask.	Alta.	B.C.	Total
0.1–4.9										
Con.	3	5	2	10	10	5	2		3	40
Lib.		2	1	9	11	2	3	1		29
Prog.					1			1		2
Other									1	1
										72
5.0–9.9										
Con.		3		7	9	2	5	1		27
Lib.		2		6	7		4		3	22
Prog.								2		2
										51

TABLE 27
1930 ELECTION RESULTS BY RIDING

	Conservative	%	Liberal	%	Progressive	%	Other	%	Total
PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND									
King's	4,719	51.8	4,391	48.2					9,110
Prince	6,485	44.6	8,058	55.4					14,543
Queen's*	18,488	51.8	17,249	48.2					35,737
NOVA SCOTIA									
Antigonish-Guysborough	5,811	47.7	6,370	52.3					12,181
Cape Breton North-Victoria	7,075	57.7	5,184	42.3					12,259
Cape Breton South	15,886	63.2	9,268	36.8					25,154
Colchester	5,734	48.3	6,131	51.7					11,865
Cumberland	8,854	54.5	7,401	45.5					16,255
Digby-Annapolis	8,357	50.2	8,282	49.8					16,639
Halifax*	42,891	52.6	38,624	47.3					81,515
Hants-Kings	9,947	47.4	11,059	52.6					21,006
Inverness	4,887	50.9	4,722	49.1					9,609
Pictou	9,672	51.3	9,174	48.7					18,846
Queens-Lunenburg	10,504	52.8	9,378	47.2					19,882
Richmond-West Cape Breton	4,085	54.5	3,413	45.5					7,498
Shelburne-Yarmouth	6,800	45.4	8,173	54.6					14,973
NEW BRUNSWICK									
Charlotte	5,595	57.8	4,092	42.2					9,687
Gloucester	7,460	49.2	7,716	50.8					15,176
Kent	4,884	52.0	4,504	48.0					9,388
Northumberland	8,095	58.9	5,637	41.1					13,732
Restigouche-Madawaska	10,037	51.4	9,489	48.6					19,526
Royal	8,698	60.1	5,774	39.9					14,472
St. John-Albert*	32,849	65.9	16,966	34.1					49,815
Victoria-Carleton	8,628	59.9	5,776	40.1					14,404
Westmorland	13,304	55.1	10,836	44.9					24,140
York-Sunbury	10,166	69.1	4,552	30.9					14,718
QUEBEC									
Argenteuil	4,709	54.4	3,940	45.6					8,649
Bagot	3,479	48.8	3,654	51.2					7,133

Beauce	6,567	35.2	12,093	64.8			18,660
Beauharnois	3,989	41.1	5,714	58.9			9,703
Bellechasse	2,793	36.9	4,786	63.1			7,579
Berthier-Maskinonge	7,206	51.3	6,850	48.7			14,056
Bonaventure	5,848	49.8	5,894	50.2			11,742
Brome-Missisquoi	8,070	55.1	6,584	44.9			14,654
Chambly-Vercheres	9,024	53.6	7,827	46.4			16,851
Champlain	9,024	47.4	8,232	43.2	1,797	9.4	19,053
Charlevoix-Saguenay	8,078	42.8	10,806	57.2			18,884
Chateauguay-Huntingdon	5,934	52.1	5,445	47.9			11,379
Chicoutimi	9,744	47.8	10,641	52.2			20,385
Compton	6,701	51.2	6,393	48.8			13,094
Dorchester	5,771	51.5	5,433	48.5			11,204
Drummond-Arthabaska	7,784	40.9	11,241	59.1			19,025
Gaspe	6,413	39.6	9,784	60.4			16,197
Hull	5,911	32.0	12,543	68.0			18,454
Joliette	4,979	45.8	5,904	54.2			10,883
Kamouraska	4,109	47.5	4,534	52.5			8,643
Labelle					Accl.		
Lake St. John	8,387	50.5	8,211	49.5			16,598
Laprairie-Napierville	3,968	47.9	4,321	52.1			8,289
L'Assomption-Montcalm	4,650	41.5	6,568	58.5			11,218
Laval-Two Mountains	6,601	54.0	5,634	46.0			12,235
Levis	7,065	50.7	6,880	49.3			13,945
L'Islet	3,165	47.1	3,558	52.9			6,723
Lotbiniere	3,863	43.3	5,068	56.7			8,931
Matane	7,710	52.5	6,975	47.5			14,685
Megantic	5,757	43.1	7,609	56.9			13,366
Montmagny	3,857	51.5	3,635	48.5			7,492
Nicolet	5,102	44.7	6,303	55.3			11,405
Pontiac	8,884	40.8	5,891	27.1	6,988	32.1	21,763
Portneuf	7,262	48.2	7,813	51.8			15,075
Quebec-Montmorency	7,212	49.6	7,165	49.3	150	1.0	14,527
Quebec East	9,642	44.9	11,822	55.1			21,464
Quebec South	6,633	45.1	8,086	54.9			14,719
Quebec West	10,215	51.1	9,769	48.9			19,984
Richelieu	3,236	36.4	5,655	63.6			8,880
Richmond-Wolfe	9,025	53.4	7,870	46.6			16,895
Rimouski	4,722	43.0	6,257	57.0			10,979

TABLE 27—Continued
1930 ELECTION RESULTS BY RIDING

	Conservative	%	Liberal	%	Progressive	%	Other	%	Total
St. Hyacinthe-Rouville	7,459	46.4	8,616	53.6					16,075
St. Johns-Iberville	4,018	33.6	7,958	66.4					11,976
Shefford	7,064	56.3	5,478	43.7					12,542
Sherbrooke	8,048	48.5	8,546	51.5					16,594
Stanstead	5,804	51.4	3,900	34.5			1,584	14.0	11,288
Temiscouata	8,644	49.7	8,761	50.3					17,405
Terrebonne	6,727	44.0	8,609	56.1					15,336
Three Rivers-St. Maurice	11,083	42.9	14,732	57.1					25,815
Vaudreuil-Soulanges	2,432	28.7	4,313	51.0			1,718	20.3	8,463
Wright	4,932	45.1	6,015	54.9					10,947
Yamaska	3,504	50.0	3,505	50.0					7,009
ISLAND OF MONTREAL									
Cartier	1,928	16.1	8,231	68.6			1,834	15.3	11,993
Hochelaga	8,949	31.6	19,382	68.4					28,331
Jacques-Cartier	22,907	51.7	20,438	46.1			981	2.2	44,326
Laurier-Outremont	7,590	28.3	15,259	56.9			3,959	14.8	26,808
Maisonneuve	13,494	40.0	18,894	56.0			1,366	4.0	33,754
Mount Royal	19,932	75.5	6,483	24.5					26,415
St. Ann	11,384	50.8	11,017	49.2					22,401
St. Antoine	7,192	58.1	5,185	41.9					12,377
St. Denis	14,382	32.1	28,646	64.0			1,732	3.9	44,760
St. Henri	5,917	33.9	11,520	66.1					17,437
St. James	6,208	31.8	13,299	68.2					19,507
St. Lawrence-St. George	6,666	64.6	3,653	35.4					10,319
St.Mary	6,099	26.9	16,540	73.1					22,639
ONTARIO									
Algoma East	7,231	51.0	6,934	49.0					14,165
Algoma West	7,531	55.2	6,108	44.8					13,639
Brant	5,094	53.8	4,372	46.2					9,466
Brantford City	9,154	60.1	6,072	39.9					15,226
Bruce North	5,543	49.7	5,620	50.3					11,163
Bruce South	4,837	45.7	5,738	54.3					10,575

Carleton	7,317	43.8	7,027	42.0			2,369	14.2	16,713
Dufferin-Simcoe	9,369	68.1	4,388	31.9					13,757
Durham	6,827	56.7	5,221	43.3					12,048
Elgin West	8,583	46.1	10,020	53.8					18,603
Essex East	9,243	56.4	7,133	43.6					16,376
Essex South	8,261	56.8	6,281	43.2					14,542
Essex West	17,150	61.6	10,690	38.4					27,840
Fort William	6,939	64.3	3,262	30.2			594	5.5	10,795
Frontenac-Addington	7,432	64.7	4,061	35.3					11,493
Glengarry	5,059	56.9	3,830	43.1					8,889
Grenville Dundas	9,498	65.2	5,078	34.8					14,576
Grey North	7,617	50.6	7,430	49.4					15,047
Grey Southeast			6,376	49.1	6,619	50.9			12,995
Haldimand	6,171	55.9	4,864	44.1					11,035
Halton	6,976	54.6	5,806	45.4					12,782
Hamilton East	12,893	60.3	8,142	38.1			343	1.6	21,378
Hamilton West	10,978	63.6	6,275	36.4					17,253
Hastings-Peterborough	6,993	70.0	2,999	30.0					9,992
Hastings South	10,340	55.9	8,143	44.1					18,483
Huron North	6,160	51.0	5,927	49.0					12,087
Huron South	5,827	48.5	6,176	51.5					12,003
Kenora-Rainy River	5,811	47.9	6,313	52.1					12,124
Kent	10,765	46.9	12,179	53.1					22,944
Kingston City	6,359	57.1	4,771	42.9					11,130
Lambton East	6,209	49.4	153	1.2	6,196	49.3			12,558
Lambton West	7,314	48.2	7,869	51.8					15,183
Lanark	7,064	42.1	5,699	34.0			4,012	23.9	16,775
Leeds	9,401	60.0	6,256	40.0					15,657
Lincoln	13,474	64.2	7,526	35.8					21,000
London	13,981	59.0	9,698	41.0					23,679
Middlesex East	7,909	55.9	6,231	44.1					14,140
Middlesex West	4,839	43.3	6,329	56.7					11,168
Muskoka-Ontario	8,828	60.0	5,880	40.0					14,708
Nipissing	10,437	44.3	12,588	53.4			531	2.3	23,556
Norfolk-Elgin	9,393	49.9	9,414	50.1					18,807
Northumberland	7,495	46.5	8,436	52.4			180	1.1	16,111
Ontario	9,646	48.8	10,116	51.2					19,762
Ottawa*	45,745	47.2	51,353	52.9					97,098
Oxford North	7,217	53.8	6,180	46.1					13,397

TABLE 27—Continued
1930 ELECTION RESULTS BY RIDING

	Conservative	%	Liberal	%	Progressive	%	Other	%	Total
Oxford South	5,656	49.8	5,711	50.2					11,367
Parkdale	11,713	66.8	5,823	33.2					17,536
Parry Sound	5,504	55.8	4,365	44.2					9,869
Peel	7,112	50.9	6,847	49.1					13,959
Perth North	8,726	52.6	7,850	47.4					16,576
Perth South	4,346	46.2	5,063	53.8					9,409
Peterborough West	9,663	55.0	7,902	45.0					17,565
Port Arthur-Thunder Bay	6,371	59.1	4,415	40.9					10,786
Prescott	2,326	26.1	6,572	73.9					8,898
Prince Edward-Lennox	6,923	56.0	5,447	44.0					12,370
Renfrew North	6,125	55.6	4,897	44.4					11,022
Renfrew South	6,404	51.0	6,144	49.0					12,548
Russell	7,964	45.5	9,551	54.5					17,515
Simcoe East	7,974	51.1	7,629	48.9					15,603
Simcoe North	7,295	53.0	6,459	47.0					13,754
Stormont	7,901	51.9	7,326	48.1					15,227
Timiskaming North	7,022	42.3	9,586	57.7					16,608
Timiskaming South	8,729	54.8	7,195	45.2					15,924
Toronto East	13,423	67.9	6,348	32.1					19,771
Toronto East Centre	10,949	66.7	5,461	33.3					16,410
Toronto-High Park	11,807	67.2	5,765	32.8					17,572
Toronto Northeast	16,979	61.3	10,701	38.7					27,680
Toronto Northwest	14,343	72.2	5,513	27.8					19,856
Toronto-Scarborough	17,122	73.6	6,156	26.4					23,278
Toronto South	4,635	60.9	2,244	29.5			730	9.6	7,609
Toronto West Centre	7,803	45.8	8,367	49.1			885	5.1	17,055
Victoria	8,999	58.9	6,269	41.1					15,268
Waterloo North	9,732	43.2	12,785	56.8					22,517
Waterloo South	8,999	64.5	4,950	35.5					13,949
Welland	15,503	54.3	13,037	45.7					28,540
Wellington North	4,626	49.5	4,716	50.5					9,342
Wellington South	8,887	53.0	7,893	47.0					16,780
Wentworth	13,436	54.4	9,628	39.0			1,630	6.6	24,694

York North	10,402	50.7	10,104	49.3					20,506
York South	11,852	68.7	5,394	31.3					17,246
York West	20,843	64.7	11,368	35.3					32,211
MANITOBA									
Brandon	8,512	52.2	6,457	39.6			1,331	8.2	16,300
Dauphin	7,083	52.5	6,399	47.5					13,482
Lisgar	4,990	49.2	5,162	50.8					10,152
Macdonald	5,601	47.9	6,100	52.1					11,701
Marquette	8,663	59.2	5,979	40.8					14,642
Neepawa	5,638	52.2			5,161	47.8			10,799
Nelson	4,741	53.8			4,067	46.2			8,808
Portage la Prairie	6,372	50.6	6,230	49.4					12,602
Provencher	2,274	28.9	4,562	58.0			1,036	13.2	7,872
Selkirk	6,581	45.7	6,098	42.4			1,709	11.9	14,388
Souris	6,252	52.0	5,780	48.0					12,032
Springfield	5,446	49.6	3,617	32.9			1,924	17.6	10,987
St. Boniface	4,630	34.0	7,045	51.7			1,943	14.3	13,618
Winnipeg North	5,011	35.6					9,071*	64.4	14,082
Winnipeg North Centre	2,028	18.8					8,757*	81.2	10,785
Winnipeg South	10,117	50.2	9,774	48.5			256	1.3	20,147
Winnipeg South Centre	17,355	56.0	13,637	44.0					30,992
SASKATCHEWAN									
Assiniboia	7,466	47.6	8,226	52.4					15,692
North Battleford			7,168	46.3	2,248	14.5	6,073	39.2	15,489
Humboldt	3,984	28.4	7,915	56.5	2,116	15.1			14,015
Kindersley			5,170	41.3	7,350	58.7			12,520
Last Mountain	3,563	27.6	5,087	39.4	4,250	32.9			12,900
Long Lake	5,577	44.7	5,383	43.1	1,516	12.2			12,476
Mackenzie			6,934	51.3	6,578*	48.7			13,512
Maple Creek	7,772	44.7	7,215	41.5	2,388	13.7			17,375
Melfort	8,689	49.7	7,367	42.1	1,435	8.2			17,491
Melville	4,041	28.4	6,965	49.0	3,221	22.6			14,227
Moose Jaw	9,290	52.6	8,351	47.3					17,641
Prince Albert	8,091	46.6	9,283	53.4					17,374
Qu'Appelle	7,888	53.3	6,905	46.7					14,793
Regina	14,446	57.1	10,746	42.5			82	0.3	25,274
Rosetown	5,310	42.7	4,237	34.1	2,879	23.2			12,426

TABLE 27—Continued
1930 ELECTION RESULTS BY RIDING

	Conservative	%	Liberal	%	Progressive	%	Other	%	Total
Saskatoon	11,663	54.3	9,799	45.7					21,462
South Battleford	6,049	37.5	6,664	41.3	3,439	21.3			16,152
Swift Current	5,456	39.2	6,382	45.8	2,091	15.0			13,929
Weyburn	5,723	39.7	7,259	50.4	1,433	9.9			14,415
Willow Bunch	8,992	48.0	9,730	52.0					18,722
Yorkton			6,887	56.0			5,406	44.0	12,293
ALBERTA					U.F.A.				
Acadia					Accl.				
Athabaska			5,504	46.2	4,190	35.2	2,218	18.6	11,912
Battle River	3,927	36.4			6,874	63.6			10,801
Bow River	4,653	44.4			5,825	55.6			10,478
Calgary East	11,344	65.4					6,002	34.6	17,346
Calgary West	13,883	70.2	5,887	29.8					19,770
Camrose			4,432	40.7	6,462	59.3			10,894
Edmonton East	6,662	44.8	4,921	33.1			3,276	22.0	14,859
Edmonton West	8,960	49.3	9,223	50.7					18,183
Lethbridge	4,863	38.8	3,779	30.2	3,880	31.0			12,522
Macleod	6,105	47.0			6,897	53.0			13,002
Medicine Hat	3,109	34.0	6,043	66.0					9,152
Peace River			8,390	45.1	10,204	54.9			18,594
Red Deer			4,571	42.2	6,256	57.8			10,827
Vegreville			4,500	45.0	5,510	55.0			10,010
Wetaskiwin	4,326	36.2	2,876	24.1	4,750	39.7			11,952
BRITISH COLUMBIA									
Cariboo	8,548	51.0	8,220	49.0					16,768
Comox-Alberni	3,270	36.7					5,651*	63.3	8,921
Fraser Valley	6,946	52.1	6,374	47.9					13,320
Kootenay East	4,674	51.1	4,468	48.9					9,142
Kootenay West	7,699	54.7	5,938	42.2			429	3.0	14,066
Nanaimo	11,827	57.9	8,596	42.1					20,423
New Westminster	10,502	44.1	13,293	55.9					23,795

Skeena	4,327	44.7	5,351	55.3			9,678
Vancouver-Burrard	13,885	44.1	16,619	52.8	953	3.0	31,457
Vancouver Centre	10,023	45.4	12,064	54.6			22,087
Vancouver North	5,757	45.9	6,799	54.1			12,556
Vancouver South	14,850	47.2			16,593*	52.7	31,443
Victoria	8,319	56.9	6,303	43.1			14,622
Yale	8,447	63.2	4,908	36.8			13,355
YUKON TERRITORY							
Yukon	846	60.3	557	39.7			1,403

THE GENERAL ELECTION OF OCTOBER 14, 1935

A series of Conservative reverses at by-elections had provided strong evidence that the Bennett Government would be defeated at the polls in 1935. However, few predicted the magnitude of the defeat. The Conservatives were reduced to a mere 40 seats, including the Independent Conservative from the Yukon Territory. The party's proportion of the vote dropped from 48.7 percent in 1930 to 29.6 percent in 1935.

The Liberals won the large majority of seats in every province but two, and the party's total of 173 seats gave it an overwhelming predominance in the new Parliament. Ironically, however, the Liberal percentage of the vote actually fell from what it had been in 1930, and in only four provinces did it poll much more than 40 percent of the vote. The Liberal percentage of seats, 70.6, and its percentage of the vote, 44.9, stand as a classic example of the results which the electoral system can produce.

The explanation of these distortions was, of course, the appearance of three new parties. The Co-operative Commonwealth Federation (C.C.F.) had been formed in 1933 on an avowedly socialist platform, and brought together into a new movement many of the organizations which had survived or emerged from Progressivism, as well as various provincial labor parties. Candidates which had previously been identified with one of the merging organizations now campaigned under the C.C.F. banner. Thus the incumbent United Farmers of Alberta, and the two Labor M. P.'s from Winnipeg, stood as C.C.F. candidates.

The Social Credit Party, founded on the economic theories of Major Douglas, had been organized in Alberta, and two months prior to the federal election had been voted into office in that province. Unlike the C.C.F., Social Credit had little organization outside Alberta and Saskatchewan, and all but eight of the party's 46 candidates stood in these areas.

The third challenge to the major parties came from a defected member of the Bennett Cabinet, Henry H. Stevens, who headed a movement called Reconstruction. The party appealed to the "little man" against the monopolists. Of the three new parties in the field, Reconstruction came nearest to being a nation-wide movement, entering candidates in every province.

Together the three new parties polled about one-fifth of the total vote: C.C.F., 8.9 percent; Reconstruction, 8.7 percent; and Social Credit, 4.1 percent. In terms of seats, however, Social Credit emerged with 17, while C.C.F. won only seven, and Reconstruction one. Thus the electoral system was shown to penalize not all "third" parties, but only those which attempted to draw nation-wide support. It actually benefits a party with a concentrated regional following.

TABLE 28
1935 ELECTION RESULTS
SEATS WON AND VOTES POLLED BY PARTY

	Conservative				Liberal			
	Seats	%	Votes	%	Seats	%	Votes	%
Prince Edward Island	—	—	23,602	38.4	4	100.0	35,757	58.2
Nova Scotia	—	—	87,893	32.1	12	100.0	142,334	52.0
New Brunswick	1	10.0	56,145	31.9	9	90.0	100,537	57.2
Quebec	5	7.7	322,794	28.2	55	84.6	623,591	54.4
Ontario	25	30.5	562,513	35.3	56	68.3	680,417	42.7
Manitoba	1	5.9	75,574	26.9	14	82.4	113,887	40.5
Saskatchewan	1	4.8	65,078	18.8	16	76.2	141,121	40.8
Alberta	1	5.9	40,236	16.9	1	5.9	50,539	21.2
British Columbia	5	31.3	71,034	24.6	6	37.5	91,729	31.8
Yukon	1	100.0	696	55.6	—	—	555	44.4
TOTAL	40	16.3	1,305,565	29.6	173	70.6	1,980,467	44.9

	Reconstruction				Co-operative Commonwealth Federation			
	Seats	%	Votes	%	Seats	%	Votes	%
Prince Edward Island	—	—	2,089	3.4	—	—	—	—
Nova Scotia	—	—	38,175	13.9	—	—	—	—
New Brunswick	—	—	18,408	10.5	—	—	—	—
Quebec	—	—	100,060	8.7	—	—	7,326	0.6
Ontario	—	—	183,511	11.5	—	—	127,927	8.0
Manitoba	—	—	16,439	5.9	2	11.8	54,491	19.4
Saskatchewan	—	—	4,361	1.3	2	9.5	73,505	21.3
Alberta	—	—	1,785	0.7	—	—	30,921	13.0
British Columbia	1	6.3	19,208	6.7	3	18.8	97,015	33.6
Yukon	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
TOTAL	1	0.4	384,036	8.7	7	2.9	391,185	8.9

	Other				Total	
	Seats	%	Votes	%	Seats	Votes
Prince Edward Island	—	—	—	—	4	61,448
Nova Scotia	—	—	5,365	2.0	12	273,767
New Brunswick	—	—	672	0.4	10	175,762
Quebec	5	7.7	92,705	8.1	65	1,146,476
Ontario	1	1.2	39,879	2.5	82	1,594,247
Manitoba	—	—	20,601	7.3	17	280,992
Saskatchewan	2	9.5	61,505	17.8	21	345,570
Alberta	15	88.2	115,032	48.2	17	238,513
British Columbia	1	6.3	9,797	3.4	16	288,783
Yukon	—	—	—	—	1	1,251
TOTAL	24	9.8	345,556	7.8	245	4,406,809

TABLE 28

The following is an itemization of the votes which are included in the column "Other."

N.S.	Comm. (1) 5,365.
N.B.	Ind. Lib. (1) 672.
Que.	Ind. Lib. (21) 70,889; Labor (4) 6,919; Verdun (1) 4,214; Comm. (1) 3,385; Ind. Con. (4) 2,348; Ind. (4) 2,170; Ind. Recon. (2) 1,772; Lib.-Labor (4) 929 ;Veterans (1) 79. ELECTED: 5 Independent Liberals.
Ont.	Ind. Lib. (6) 9,767; Comm. (6) 8,945; Labor (1) 7,288; U.F.O.-Labor (1) 7,210; Anti-Comm. (1) 3,961; Ind. (4) 2,708. ELECTED: 1 U.F.O.-Labor.
Man.	Comm. (2) 9,229; S.C. (6) 5,751; Ind. Lib.-Prog. (1) 2,998; Ind. Lib. (2) 2,343; Ind. (1) 280.
Sask.	S.C. (20) 61,505. ELECTED: 2 Social Credit.
Alta.	S.C. (18) 111,627 (including the votes of both Social Credit candidates who contested a single riding); Comm. (2) 2,672; Technocrat (1) 733. ELECTED: 15 Social Credit.
B.C.	Ind. (2) 5,196; S.C. (2) 1,796; Comm. (1) 1,555; Labor (1) 999; Soc. (1) 251. ELECTED: 1 Independent.

Explanation of Party Totals:

Ont.	There were two ridings in which two Liberal candidates stood for election; the votes of all four candidates are included in the Liberal column.
Man.	Two Liberal-Progressives are counted as Liberals.
Sask.	One C.C.F.-S.C. candidate is counted in the C.C.F. column.
Yukon	Although the two candidates styled themselves Independent Conservative and Independent Liberal, respectively, their votes are included in the regular party columns, and the elected candidate included in the Conservative total of 40 seats.

TABLE 29
1935 ELECTION RESULTS
NUMBER OF SEATS CONTESTED, RETAINED, GAINED, AND LOST BY PARTY

	Total Seats	Conservative C	Conservative R	Conservative G	Conservative L	Liberal C	Liberal R	Liberal G	Liberal L	Reconstruction C	Reconstruction R	Reconstruction G	Reconstruction L	Commonwealth Co-operative Federation C	Commonwealth Co-operative Federation R	Commonwealth Co-operative Federation G	Commonwealth Co-operative Federation L	Other C	Other R	Other G	Other L	Total No. Candidates	Total Changing Seats
Prince Edward Island	4	4	—	—	3	4	1	3	—	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	11	3
Nova Scotia	12	11	—	—	9	12	3	9	—	11	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	35	9
New Brunswick	10	10	1	—	7	10	2	7	—	9	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	30	7
Quebec	65	62	4	—	20	64	35	17	—	42	—	—	—	3	—	—	—	42	—	4	1	213	21
Ontario	82	80	21	1	33	83	23	33	—	78	—	—	—	50	—	—	—	19	1	—	1	310	34
Manitoba	17	16	1	—	10	17	4	10	—	12	—	—	—	14	—	2	—	12	—	—	2	71	12
Saskatchewan	21	19	1	—	6	21	10	5	2	3	—	—	—	21	—	2	—	20	—	2	1	84	9
Alberta	17	14	1	—	4	17	1	—	1	3	—	—	—	15	—	—	—	21	—	14	9	70	14
British Columbia	16	15	4	1	3	15	4	1	1	13	—	1	—	16	—	2	—	7	1	—	1	66	5
Yukon	1	1	1	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	—
TOTAL	245	232	34	2	95	244	83	85	4	174	—	1	—	119	—	6	—	123	2	20	15	892	114

The table is confined to 233 seats which, despite the Redistribution Act of 1933, could reasonably be compared with seats existing in 1930. The gains made by the parties were as follows:

	Con. Gain From Other	Lib. Gain From Con.	Lib. Gain From Other	Recon. Gain From Con.	C.C.F. Gain From Con.	C.C.F. Gain From Lib.	C.C.F. Gain From Other	S.C. Gain From Con.	S.C. Gain From Lib.	S.C. Gain From Other	Other Gain From Con.
P.E.I.		3									
N.S.		9									
N.B.		7									
Que.		16	1[1]								4[2]
Ont.	1[3]	33									
Man.		10					2[4]				
Sask.		5			1	1			1	1[5]	
Alta.								4	1	9[6]	
B.C.	1[7]	1		1	1	1					
TOTAL	2	84	1	1	2	2	2	4	2	10	4

[1] Independent.
[2] Independent Liberal.
[3] Labor.
[4] Labor (two former Labor M.P.'s now running as C.C.F. candidates).
[5] Progressive.
[6] U.F.A.
[7] Independent Labor.

TABLE 30

1935 ELECTION RESULTS

SEATS WON BY PERCENTAGE POINT MARGINS

Percentage Points		0.1–4.9	5.0–9.9	10.0–14.9	15.0–19.9	20.0–29.9	30.0–39.9	40.0–49.9	50.0–100.0	Total Seats
Prince Edward Island			2			2				4
Nova Scotia		3		4	1	2	2			12
New Brunswick		2	1	1	1		2		3	10
Quebec		12	10	6	7	9	9	3	9	65
Ontario		16	21	17	11	9	5	3		82
Manitoba		3	4	5	2	2	1			17
Saskatchewan		3	4	4	7	1	1	1		21
Alberta		1	2	2	2	5	2	3		17
British Columbia		8	3	2	1	2				16
Yukon				1						1
TOTAL	No.	48	47	42	32	32	22	10	12	245
	%	19.6	19.2	17.1	13.1	13.1	9.0	4.1	4.9	100

The most closely contested seats were divided among the parties as follows:

	P.E.I.	N.S.	N.B.	Que.	Ont.	Man.	Sask.	Alta.	B.C.	Total
0.1–4.9										
Con.			1	2	7	1	1		2	14
Lib.		3	1	5	9	2			4	24
C.C.F.							1		2	3
S.C.							1	1		2
Other				5						5
										48
5.0–9.9										
Con.				1	8				2	11
Lib.	2		1	9	12	4	4	1		33
U.F.O.					1					1
S.C.								1		1
Recon.									1	1
										47

TABLE 31
1935 ELECTION RESULTS BY RIDING

	Conservative		Liberal		Reconstruction		Co-operative Commonwealth Federation	Other		Total
PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND		%		%		%	%		%	
Kings	3,510	36.4	5,895	61.1	249	2.6				9,654
Prince	5,063	35.4	9,233	64.6						14,296
Queens*	15,029	40.1	20,626	55.0	1,840	4.9				37,495
NOVA SCOTIA										
Antigonish-Guysborough			7,779	67.3	3,783	32.7				11,562
Cape Breton North-Victoria	4,067	29.3	6,457	46.4	3,377	24.3				13,901
Cape Breton South	7,355	26.1	10,409	37.0	5,008	17.8		5,365	19.1	28,137
Colchester-Hants	9,402	47.2	9,608	48.2	1,923	9.6				19,933
Cumberland	7,158	41.9	7,473	43.7	2,469	14.4				17,100
Digby-Annapolis-Kings	7,266	31.7	13,894	60.6	1,773	7.7				22,933
Halifax*	26,874	31.4	47,470	55.4	11,398	13.3				85,742
Inverness-Richmond	4,672	27.8	9,488	56.4	2,648	15.8				16,808
Pictou	6,513	34.0	8,416	44.0	4,202	22.0				19,131
Queens-Lunenburg	9,500	48.1	10,238	51.9						19,738
Shelburne-Yarmouth-Clare	5,086	28.6	11,102	62.4	1,594	9.0				17,782
NEW BRUNSWICK										
Charlotte	3,386	32.1	5,436	51.5	1,732	16.4				10,554
Gloucester	2,962	18.8	11,816	75.0	985	6.2				15,763
Kent	1,593	16.7	6,504	68.2	1,442	15.1				9,539
Northumberland	3,253	23.9	7,662	56.3	2,697	19.8				13,612
Restigouche-Madawaska	4,045	23.0	13,562	77.0						17,607
Royal	7,474	47.8	7,329	46.8	849	5.4				15,652
St. John-Albert	11,643	36.9	15,125	48.0	4,094	13.0		672	2.1	31,534
Victoria-Carleton	6,405	40.8	7,500	47.8	1,791	11.4				15,696
Westmorland	6,342	24.4	16,307	62.8	3,312	12.8				25,961
York-Sunbury	9,042	45.6	9,296	46.8	1,506	7.6				19,844

QUEBEC									
Argenteuil	4,467	49.8	4,290	47.9	207	2.3			8,964
Beauce			15,263	89.0	1,896	11.0			17,159
Beauharnois-Laprairie	3,954	28.2	10,052	71.8					14,006
Bellechasse	1,720	18.7	7,470	81.3					9,190
Berthier-Maskinonge	5,022	32.5	8,459	54.7			1,978	12.8	15,459
Bonaventure	5,935	41.1	8,498	58.9					14,433
Brome-Missisquoi	7,024	46.7	8,007	53.3					15,031
Chambly-Rouville	6,370	35.1	9,555	52.6	2,228	12.3			18,153
Champlain	7,343	47.3	8,172	52.7					15,515
Chapleau	2,462	27.3	3,094	34.3	373	4.1	3,095*	34.3	9,024
Charlevoix-Saguenay	5,591	30.2	12,144	65.5	808	4.4			18,543
Chateauguay-Huntingdon	4,947	44.8	6,101	55.2					11,048
Chicoutimi	7,719	37.7	9,685	47.3	690	3.4	2,373	11.6	20,467
Compton	6,374	46.3	7,388	53.7					13,762
Dorchester	5,098	48.8	5,186	49.7	154	1.5			10,438
Drummond-Arthabaska	7,411	32.8	14,125	62.5	1,067	4.7			22,603
Gaspe	3,195	18.1	11,773	66.8	2,657	15.1			17,625
Hull	2,894	13.8	9,370	44.8	5,244	25.1	3,390	16.2	20,898
Joliette-L'Assomption-Montcalm	1,640	9.3	14,087	79.6			1,966	11.1	17,693
Kamouraska	3,332	32.1	6,841	65.9	206	2.0			10,379
Labelle			7,280	57.4			5,411	42.6	12,691
Lake St. John-Roberval	9,069	46.5	9,231	47.3	661	3.4	544	2.8	19,505
Laval-Two Mountains	4,987	43.2	6,551	56.8					11,538
Levis	3,770	29.9	8,488	67.2	316	2.5	54	0.4	12,628
Lotbiniere	5,373	35.5	9,768	64.5					15,141
Matapedia-Matane	4,834	33.8	4,476	31.3			4,987*	34.9	14,297
Megantic-Frontenac	1,460	9.0	8,619	53.4	6,064	37.6			16,143
Montmagny-L'Islet	4,611	39.4	6,826	58.3	271	2.3			11,708
Nicolet-Yamaska	6,770	41.2	9,542	58.1	108	0.7			16,420
Pontiac	4,409	24.1	5,626	30.8	2,519	13.8	5,708*	31.3	18,262
Portneuf	5,155	33.3	5,981	38.6			4,345	28.1	15,481
Quebec East	9,611	38.2	15,557	61.8					25,168
Quebec South	6,663	37.2	11,270	62.8					17,933
Quebec West and South	8,720	45.4	10,466	54.6					19,186
Quebec-Montmorency	8,064	47.0	9,084	53.0					17,148
Richelieu-Vercheres	3,402	23.6	11,022	76.4					14,424

TABLE 31—Continued
1935 ELECTION RESULTS BY RIDING

	Conservative	%	Liberal	%	Reconstruction	%	Co-operative Commonwealth Federation	%	Other	%	Total
Richmond-Wolfe	5,034	34.0	6,278	42.4	950	6.4			2,533	17.1	14,795
Rimouski	4,495	31.1	9,238	63.9	732	5.1					14,465
St. Hyacinthe-Bagot	3,268	20.5	11,547	72.4	1,138	7.1					15,953
St. Johns-Iberville-Napierville	1,359	12.6	9,422	87.4							10,781
St. Maurice-Lafleche	3,332	19.8	5,505	32.8					7,952	47.3	16,789
Shefford	6,502	48.4	6,925	51.6							13,427
Sherbrooke	8,029	45.0	9,806	55.0							17,835
Stanstead	5,553	47.6	5,676	48.7	434	3.7					11,663
Temiscouata	4,565	30.2	10,177	67.3	391	2.6					15,133
Terrebonne	4,141	27.2	9,900	65.1	1,172	7.7					15,213
Three Rivers	5,748	28.3	5,070	24.9	1,049	5.2			8,457*	41.7	20,324
Vaudreuil-Soulanges	2,519	28.7	5,983	68.1	279	3.2					8,781
Wright	2,540	23.9	5,945	56.1	1,296	12.2			825	7.8	10,606
ISLAND OF MONTREAL											
Cartier	945	4.6	13,574	65.5	1,302	6.3			4,916	23.7	20,737
Hochelaga	3,524	11.7	19,506	64.6	7,164	23.7					30,194
Jacques-Cartier	6,796	42.5	7,309	45.7	1,872	11.7					15,977
Laurier	4,913	17.9	12,998	47.5	3,018	11.0			6,454	23.6	27,383
Maisonneuve-Rosemont	7,539	29.3	10,807	42.1	6,145	23.9			1,208	4.7	25,699
Mercier	2,496	10.3	17,231	70.8	3,750	15.4			865	3.6	24,342
Mount Royal	16,203	49.4	11,967	36.5	2,782	8.5	1,473	4.5	343	1.0	32,768
Outremont	7,040	34.9	11,260	55.9	1,844	9.2					20,144
St. Ann	2,145	13.7	3,818	24.4	713	4.6			8,941*	57.3	15,617
St. Antoine-Westmount	12,905	58.9	7,222	32.9	1,799	8.2					21,926
St. Denis	1,519	5.0	19,047	62.7	8,067	26.5			1,763	5.8	30,396
St. Henri	4,871	16.6	21,561	73.5	2,885	9.8					29,317
St. James	2,953	8.0	22,298	60.5	10,242	27.8	1,147	3.1	241	0.7	36,881
St. Lawrence-St. George	6,862	49.0	5,695	40.6	1,461	10.4					14,018
St. Mary			18,479	57.3	12,840	39.8			907	2.8	32,226
Verdun	5,602	22.4			1,266	5.1	4,706	18.8	13,449	53.7	25,023

ONTARIO											
Algoma East	2,541	24.1	5,816	55.1	833	7.9	1,362	12.9			10,552
Algoma West	4,844	32.9	7,968	54.1	252	1.7	1,669	11.3			14,733
Brant	3,587	37.2	4,294	44.5	1,277	13.2	494	5.1			9,652
Brantford City	6,511	39.0	7,383	44.2	1,202	7.2	1,618	9.7			16,714
Bruce	5,149	34.4	6,831	45.7	2,973	19.9					14,953
Carleton	6,872	42.4	5,919	36.5	3,431	21.2					16,222
Cochrane			12,719	65.0	2,593	13.3	3,247	16.6	1,004	5.1	19,563
Dufferin-Simcoe	8,150	52.3	4,767	30.6	2,657	17.1					15,574
Durham	6,176	44.6	6,649	48.0	531	3.8	497	3.6			13,853
Elgin	9,508	42.1	11,295	50.0	1,793	7.9					22,596
Essex East	6,493	33.7	7,562	39.3	1,102	5.7	4,106	21.3			19,263
Essex South	4,889	37.5	5,592	42.9	2,563	19.6					13,044
Essex West	8,150	31.0	11,033	42.0	1,837	7.0	5,241	20.0			26,261
Fort William	4,565	33.1	5,481	39.7	2,030	14.7	1,635	12.0	78	0.6	13,789
Frontenac-Addington	6,831	47.4	7,250	50.3	345	2.4					14,426
Glengarry	3,202	36.4	4,548	51.7	1,052	12.0					8,802
Grenville-Dundas	8,936	52.2	6,581	38.4	1,615	9.4					17,132
Grey-Bruce	5,100	28.3	5,727	31.8					7,210*	40.0	18,037
Grey North	6,740	37.8	8,060	45.2	1,792	10.1	1,221	7.0			17,813
Haldimand	5,750	50.7	5,031	44.4	554	4.9					11,335
Halton	5,146	39.1	6,177	46.8	1,876	14.2					13,199
Hamilton East	10,078	35.9			6,197	22.1	4,506	16.1	7,288	26.0	28,069
Hamilton West	7,857*	33.6	8,251	35.3	5,065	21.7	2,203	9.4			23,376
Hastings-Peterborough	4,619	36.0	5,671	44.2	2,552	19.9					12,842
Hastings South	9,572	46.8	9,982	48.9	879	4.3					20,433
Huron North	5,925	42.3	6,508	46.5	1,572	11.2					14,005
Huron-Perth	3,001	27.8	6,260	58.0	1,530	14.2					10,791
Kenora-Rainy River	2,837	19.4	8,271	56.6	1,326	9.1	2,169	14.9			14,603
Kent			11,281	59.8	7,588	40.2					18,869
Kingston City	5,979	45.1	6,897	52.1			373	2.8			13,249
Lambton-Kent	5,064	33.4	6,744	44.5	3,349	22.1					15,157
Lambton West	4,636	30.8	8,335	55.3	2,094	13.9					15,065
Lanark	8,043	45.5	7,381	41.8	2,252	12.7					17,676
Leeds	9,487	49.6	8,737	45.7	892	4.7					19,116
Lincoln	11,398	43.7	11,135	42.7	2,349	9.0	1,224	4.7			26,106
London	10,911	36.2	8,628	28.7	3,814	12.7	3,041	10.1	3,710	12.3	30,104
Middlesex East	5,602	35.3	7,151	45.0	1,827	11.5	1,306	8.2			15,886
Middlesex West	3,382	29.0	6,369	54.6	1,920	16.5					11,671

TABLE 31—Continued
1935 ELECTION RESULTS BY RIDING

	Conservative	%	Liberal	%	Reconstruction	%	Co-operative Commonwealth Federation	%	Other	%	Total
Muskoka-Ontario	7,326	42.3	8,183	47.2	1,215	7.0	614	3.5			17,338
Nipissing	7,991	24.0	20,114	60.4	2,007	6.0	2,236	6.7	931	2.8	33,279
Norfolk	4,390	30.5	7,623	52.9	2,113	14.7	285	2.0			14,411
Northumberland	6,842	41.5	8,609	52.2	869	5.3	162	1.0			16,482
Ontario	7,300	35.1	10,228	49.2	1,412	6.8	1,847	8.9			20,787
Ottawa East	3,701	14.3	16,598	64.1	1,617	6.2			3,961	15.3	25,877
Ottawa West	15,219	34.4	21,503	48.6	7,274	16.5			210	0.5	44,206
Oxford	8,655	36.2	11,438	47.8	2,953	12.3	886	3.7			23,932
Parry Sound	3,965	34.7	6,230	54.5	1,245	10.9					11,440
Peel	7,132	44.7	6,962	43.6	842	5.3	1,036	6.5			15,972
Perth	7,551	32.1	12,766	54.2	2,016	8.6	1,211	5.1			23,544
Peterborough West	6,342	33.5	8,027	42.4	3,071	16.2	1,489	7.9			18,929
Port Arthur	2,807	22.6	6,591	53.0	519	4.2	1,357	10.9	1,161	9.3	12,435
Prescott	1,614	14.3	6,034	53.5					3,620	32.1	11,268
Prince Edward-Lennox	7,411	49.4	6,771	45.1	829	5.5					15,011
Renfrew North	4,134	34.1	6,052	49.9	1,949	16.1					12,135
Renfrew South	3,440	28.9	6,054	50.9	2,395	20.1					11,889
Russell	1,368	11.8	5,041	43.5	1,423	12.3			3,759	32.4	11,591
Simcoe East	5,529	34.0	8,219	50.5	1,222	7.5	1,191	7.3	123	0.8	16,284
Simcoe North	5,290	36.6	7,244	50.1	1,324	9.2	608	4.2			14,466
Stormont	6,655	39.5	9,233	54.7	980	5.8					16,868
Timiskaming	5,456	34.7	5,905	37.6	168	1.1	4,185	26.6			15,714
Victoria	8,174	48.2	8,234	48.5	558	3.3					16,966
Waterloo North	4,084	20.2	12,832	63.4			3,313	16.4			20,229
Waterloo South	6,731	40.2	6,606	39.4	1,000	6.0	2,426	14.5			16,763
Welland	11,850	34.6	17,324	50.6	1,200	3.5	3,836	11.2			34,210
Wellington North	4,485	35.0	7,063	55.1	1,276	10.0					12,824
Wellington South	5,854	34.7	8,840	52.4	592	3.5	1,578	9.4			16,864
Wentworth	9,958	33.0	9,740	32.3	5,978	19.8	4,513	14.9			30,189
York East	11,634	34.8	8,922	26.7	4,054	12.1	7,864	23.5	975	2.9	33,449
York North	5,296	26.7	9,638	48.5	3,795	19.1	1,124	5.7			19,853

York South	11,596	37.4	7,059	22.8	4,113	13.3	8,247	26.6			31,015
York West	8,138	31.7	8,198	31.9	4,319	16.8	5,049	19.6			25,704
CITY OF TORONTO											
Broadview	11,380	40.8	7,527	27.0	3,793	13.6	5,167	18.5			27,867
Danforth	9,231	43.9	4,521	21.5	3,416	16.2	3,855	18.3			21,023
Davenport	10,919	39.6	7,675	27.8	4,216	15.3	4,766	17.3			27,576
Eglinton	13,786	43.5	9,574	30.2	5,868	18.5	2,474	7.8			31,702
Greenwood	11,183	40.4	6,969	25.2	4,720	17.0	4,813	17.4			27,685
High Park	10,949	40.1	8,357	30.6	4,396	16.1	3,574	13.1			27,276
Parkdale	9,619	39.7	7,761	32.1	3,572	14.8	3,249	13.4			24,201
Rosedale	9,491	40.3	8,306	35.2	2,277	9.7	2,765	11.7	733	3.1	23,572
St. Paul's	10,852	40.9	10,322	38.9	2,713	10.2	2,628	9.9			26,515
Spadina	10,047	29.8	14,768	43.7	3,432	10.2	1,866	5.5	3,646	10.8	33,759
Trinity	9,607	36.1	10,472	39.3	3,266	12.3	1,801	6.8	1,470	5.5	26,616
MANITOBA											
Brandon	6,575	38.9	6,368	37.7	556	3.3	3,396	20.1			16,895
Churchill	3,091	34.3	3,603	40.0			2,313	25.7			9,007
Dauphin	5,628	37.0	7,091	46.6			2,508	16.5			15,227
Lisgar	4,453	43.7	4,973	48.8	767	7.5					10,193
Macdonald	4,072	28.7	5,987	42.2	1,291	9.1	967	6.8	1,865	13.2	14,182
Marquette	5,010	31.8	6,850	43.5			3,877	24.6			15,737
Neepawa	4,582	36.2	5,968	47.2	1,091	8.6	1,015	8.0			12,656
Portage la Prairie	4,043	37.0	5,516	50.4	1,375	12.6					10,934
Provencher	3,751	37.3	6,308	62.7							10,059
St. Boniface	2,222	17.2	7,353	56.8	438	3.4	2,304	17.8	624	4.8	12,941
Selkirk	4,098	21.1	9,230	47.4	1,275	6.6	1,633	8.4	3,226	16.5	19,462
Souris	4,501	42.5	4,504	42.5	631	6.0	953	9.0			10,589
Springfield	2,351	16.3	3,564	24.7	1,667	11.5	3,117	21.6	3,756	25.9	14,455
Winnipeg North			8,412	29.3			12,093	42.2	8,181	28.6	28,686
Winnipeg North Centre	4,657	19.2	6,025	24.8	2,490	10.3	10,052	41.4	1,035	4.3	24,269
Winnipeg South	7,158	28.9	10,871	43.9	2,216	9.0	3,690	14.9	800	3.2	24,735
Winnipeg South Centre	9,382	30.3	11,264	36.4	2,642	8.5	6,573	21.2	1,114	3.6	30,975
SASKATCHEWAN					Social Credit						
Assiniboia	3,847	25.8	6,213	41.7	1,557	10.4	3,293	22.1			14,910
Humboldt	1,171	7.8	6,877	45.7	2,395	15.9	4,592	30.5			15,035
Kindersley			4,777	34.6	6,856	49.6	2,189	15.8			13,822

TABLE 31—Continued
1935 ELECTION RESULTS BY RIDING

	Conservative	%	Liberal	%	Social Credit	%	Co-operative Commonwealth Federation	%	Other	%	Total
Lake Centre	4,100	26.7	5,894	38.3	1,474	9.6	3,909	25.4			15,377
Mackenzie	1,234	8.0	6,595	43.0	3,059	19.9	4,451	29.0			15,339
Maple Creek	3,597	24.1	4,558	30.5	3,167	21.2	3,622	24.2			14,944
Melfort	4,814	25.5	6,389	33.8	4,721	25.0	2,977	15.8			18,901
Melville	3,010	16.4	8,726	47.5	3,727	20.3	2,892	15.8			18,355
Moose Jaw	4,553	27.7	7,353	44.8	2,235	13.6	2,272	13.8			16,413
North Battleford			7,039	45.1	4,412	28.2	4,168	26.7			15,619
Prince Albert	2,880	17.3	9,087	54.7	3,185	19.2	1,469	8.8			16,621
Qu'Appelle	5,769	36.6	5,579	35.4	2,186	13.9	2,210	14.0			15,744
Regina City	7,986	32.2	10,235	41.3	1,874	7.6	4,706	19.0			24,801
Rosetown-Biggar	3,228	21.2	4,360	28.6	836	5.5	6,806	44.7			15,230
Rosthern	602	4.6	7,515	56.9	1,628	12.3	1,613	12.2	1,854	14.0	13,212
Saskatoon City	5,859	30.5	7,690	40.0	3,377	17.6	1,889	9.8	419	2.2	19,234
Swift Current	2,536	17.3	5,682	38.7	3,556	24.2	2,927	19.9			14,701
The Battlefords	2,766	15.1	5,990	32.7	6,314	34.5	3,247	17.7			18,317
Weyburn	1,557	9.6	6,979	43.1	362	2.2	7,280	45.0			16,178
Wood Mountain	1,446	9.6	6,092	40.7	4,584	30.6	2,864	19.1			14,986
Yorkton	4,123	23.1	7,491	42.0			4,129	23.2	2,088	11.7	17,831
ALBERTA											
Acadia	1,024	9.8	1,444	13.8	6,166	58.8	1,859	17.7			10,493
Athabaska	1,269	12.2	3,007	28.8	5,424	52.0			733	7.0	10,433
Battle River	1,614	12.0	1,812	13.5	7,029	52.2	3,015	22.4			13,470
Bow River	3,091	21.8	1,242	8.8	7,529	53.1	2,315	16.3			14,177
Calgary East	6,009	33.4	2,576	14.3	8,376	46.6	1,020	5.7			17,981
Calgary West	9,172	50.4	2,130	11.7	5,817	31.9	686	3.8	411	2.3	18,216
Camrose			2,438	18.4	8,776	66.2	2,051	15.5			13,265
Edmonton East	2,827	17.4	4,889	30.2	6,099	37.6	1,726	10.6	671	4.1	16,212
Edmonton West	4,781	26.7	6,471	36.1	3,768	21.0	1,967	11.0	949	5.3	17,936
Jasper Edson			5,405	36.8	7,208	49.1	2,067	14.1			14,680
Lethbridge	2,990	23.4	2,109	16.5	6,516	51.0	737	5.8	425	3.3	12,777

Macleod	2,100	14.5	1,761	12.2	7,028	48.6	3,577	24.7			14,466
Medicine Hat	1,971	15.2	4,229	32.7	6,752	52.1					12,952
Peace River	869	7.5	3,546	30.6	5,513	47.6	1,646	14.2			11,574
Red Deer	1,648	12.4	1,861	14.0	7,901	59.6	1,855	14.0			13,265
Vegreville	871	6.5	2,818	21.0	4,124	30.7	3,628	27.0	2,001	14.9	13,442
Wetaskiwin			2,801	21.3	7,601	57.7	2,772	21.0			13,174
BRITISH COLUMBIA					Reconstruction						
Cariboo	1,853	17.9	4,222	40.9	510	4.9	3,740	36.2			10,325
Comox-Alberni	1,509	15.9			78	0.8	2,437	25.6	5,496*	57.7	9,520
Fraser Valley	4,359	34.5	3,379	26.8	1,261	10.0	3,630	28.8			12,629
Kamloops	2,974	26.6	4,190	37.5	1,084	9.7	2,920	26.1			11,168
Kootenay East			3,339	33.2	3,904	38.8	1,553	15.4	1,262	12.5	10,058
Kootenay West	4,995	42.2	3,149	26.6			3,689	31.2			11,833
Nanaimo	6,440	31.8	6,204	30.6	546	2.7	7,053	34.8			20,243
New Westminster	6,531	24.1	9,977	36.9	850	3.1	9,716	35.9			27,074
Skeena	1,751	21.2	3,898	47.2			2,611	31.6			8,260
Vancouver-Burrard	5,259	18.7	10,215	36.3	1,913	6.8	10,209	36.3	534	1.9	28,130
Vancouver Centre	5,187	23.1	7,658	34.1	1,872	8.3	7,522	33.4	251	1.1	22,490
Vancouver East	3,364	12.6	7,090	26.5	1,134	4.2	13,629	50.9	1,555	5.8	26,772
Vancouver North	3,025	14.0	7,705	35.6	2,255	10.4	8,641	40.0			21,626
Vancouver South	9,491	30.7	9,212	29.8	2,896	9.4	8,632	27.9	699	2.3	30,930
Victoria	7,505	35.3	6,378	30.0	905	4.3	6,482	30.5			21,270
Yale	6,791	41.3	5,113	31.1			4,551	27.7			16,455
YUKON TERRITORY											
Yukon	696	55.6	555	44.4							1,251

THE GENERAL ELECTION OF MARCH 26, 1940

The outcome of the wartime election of 1940 was in many respects similar to that of the 1935 contest. The Conservatives were again decisively beaten, this time under a new leader, Robert J. Manion, and a new party label, National Government. The latter change reflected Manion's appeal for a wartime coalition government. The C.C.F. and Social Credit parties entered slates of candidates, but the number of entries was greatly reduced from the 1935 totals. Although Social Credit, to widen its base of support, changed its name to New Democracy, the number of candidates running under that party label dropped to 30. The number of C.C.F. candidates fell to 96.

The Conservatives, allowing 32 seats to go uncontested, polled 30.7 percent of the vote, practically identical to the party's 1935 showing. And again the party won a mere 40 seats. Nevertheless, the Conservatives did manage to increase substantially their percentage of the vote in the Maritimes, Ontario, and British Columbia.

The Liberals made impressive gains over their 1935 performance. The party's proportion of the total vote now reached 51.5 percent, marking the first time since 1911 that a single party had been able to win a clear majority of the vote. Gains in Quebec, Ontario, and Alberta were largely responsible for the rise. There was, nevertheless, still a noticeable gap between the Liberal percentage of seats (73.9) and the party's percentage of votes.

Liberal inroads in Alberta and Saskatchewan cut Social Credit representation from 17 to ten (all from Alberta), and its portion of the total vote to a mere 2.7 percent. In contrast, the C.C.F., despite its reduced number of candidates, managed to about hold its own in the vote column, and increased its representation from seven to eight, including now a representative outside the West.

TABLE 32
1940 ELECTION RESULTS
SEATS WON AND VOTES POLLED BY PARTY

	Conservative				Liberal			
	Seats	%	Votes	%	Seats	%	Votes	%
Prince Edward Island	—	—	28,028	44.7	4	100.0	34,664	55.3
Nova Scotia	1	8.3	112,206	39.8	10	83.3	142,514	50.6
New Brunswick	5	50.0	74,970	43.4	5	50.0	94,383	54.6
Quebec	1	1.5	231,824	19.8	61	93.8	741,945	63.3
Ontario	25	30.5	687,816	42.7	57	69.5	818,154	50.8
Manitoba	1	5.9	82,240	26.0	15	88.2	151,480	47.8
Saskatchewan	2	9.5	52,496	14.1	12	57.1	159,530	43.0
Alberta	—	—	35,116	13.0	7	41.2	102,060	37.9
British Columbia	4	25.0	110,619	30.5	10	62.5	135,920	37.4
Yukon	1	100.0	915	53.6	—	—	793	46.4
TOTAL	40	16.3	1,416,230	30.7	181	73.9	2,381,443	51.5

	Co-operative Commonwealth Federation				Social Credit			
	Seats	%	Votes	%	Seats	%	Votes	%
Prince Edward Island	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Nova Scotia	1	8.3	17,715	6.3	—	—	—	—
New Brunswick	—	—	761	0.4	—	—	—	—
Quebec	—	—	7,610	0.6	—	—	10,781	0.9
Ontario	—	—	61,166	3.8	—	—	786	0.1
Manitoba	1	5.9	61,448	19.4	—	—	5,831	1.8
Saskatchewan	5	23.8	106,267	28.6	—	—	12,347	3.3
Alberta	—	—	35,082	13.0	10	58.8	93,023	34.5
British Columbia	1	6.3	103,181	28.4	—	—	506	0.1
Yukon	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
TOTAL	8	3.3	393,230	8.5	10	4.1	123,274	2.7

	Other				Total	
	Seats	%	Votes	%	Seats	Votes
Prince Edward Island	—	—	—	—	4	62,692
Nova Scotia	—	—	9,217	3.3	12	281,652
New Brunswick	—	—	2,679	1.5	10	172,793
Quebec	3	4.6	179,337	15.3	65	1,171,497
Ontario	—	—	41,492	2.6	82	1,609,414
Manitoba	—	—	15,884	5.0	17	316,883
Saskatchewan	2	9.5	40,494	10.9	21	371,134
Alberta	—	—	4,062	1.5	17	269,343
British Columbia	1	6.3	12,918	3.6	16	363,144
Yukon	—	—	—	—	1	1,708
TOTAL	6	2.4	306,083	6.7	245	4,620,260

TABLE 32

The following is an itemization of the votes which are included in the column "Other."

N.S.	Ind. Lib. (1) 9,217.
N.B.	Ind. Lib. (1) 2,679.
Que.	Ind. Lib. (29) 128,498; Ind. (7) 22,909; Ind. Nationalist (1) 12,302; Ind. Anti-Conscription (1) 5,928; Labor (1) 3,916; National Labor (1) 2,354; Ind. Con. (4) 2,060; Comm. (1) 728; Anti-Conscription (1) 642. ELECTED: 3 Independent Liberals.
Ont.	Ind. Lib. (4) 16,012; Labor-Farmer (2) 8,126; Ind. (2) 6,144; U.F.O.-Labor (1) 4,761; Comm. (2) 3,617; National Lib. Prog. (1) 2,434; Canadian Labor (1) 398.
Man.	Ind. (4) 10,569; Comm. (1) 5,315.
Sask.	United Reform (2) 14,137; Unity (2) 12,337; National Unity (1) 7,534; Ind. (1) 3,775; Comm. (4) 2,711. ELECTED: 1 United Reform; 1 Unity.
Alta.	United Prog. (1) 2,727; Comm. (1) 847; Ind. (1) 488.
B.C.	Ind. (3) 10,967; Comm. (1) 1,398; Ind. National (1) 408; Ind. Lib. (1) 145. ELECTED: 1 Independent.

Explanation of Party Totals:

Que.	One Independent Conservative (elected) is counted as a Conservative.
Ont.	Three Liberal-Progressives (two elected) are counted as Liberals.
Man.	One Liberal-Progressive (elected) is counted as a Liberal.
Sask.	One Social Credit-National Unity candidate is counted as Social Credit.

TABLE 33
1940 ELECTION RESULTS
NUMBER OF SEATS CONTESTED, RETAINED, GAINED, AND LOST BY PARTY

		Conservative				Liberal				Co-operative Commonwealth Federation				Social Credit				Other					
	Total Seats	C	R	G	L	C	R	G	L	C	R	G	L	C	R	G	L	C	R	G	L	Total No. Candidates	Total Changing Seats
Prince Edward Island	4	4	—	—	—	4	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	8	—
Nova Scotia	12	12	—	1	—	12	10	—	2	6	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	31	2
New Brunswick	10	10	1	4	—	10	5	—	4	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	22	4
Quebec	65	53	—	1	5	65	51	10	4	4	—	—	—	2	—	—	—	46	—	3	5	170	14
Ontario	82	82	18	7	7	82	49	8	7	24	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	13	—	—	1	202	15
Manitoba	17	17	—	1	—	17	14	1	1	13	1	—	1	4	—	—	—	5	—	—	—	56	2
Saskatchewan	21	9	1	1	—	21	10	2	5	17	2	3	—	5	—	—	2	10	1	1	—	62	7
Alberta	17	10	—	—	1	17	1	6	—	15	—	—	—	17	10	—	5	3	—	—	—	62	6
British Columbia	16	15	3	1	1	15	7	3	—	16	1	—	2	1	—	—	—	6	1	—	1	53	4
Yukon	1	1	1	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	—
TOTAL	245	213	24	16	14	244	151	30	23	96	4	4	3	30	10	—	7	85	2	4	7	668	54

The gains made by the parties were as follows:

	Con. Gain From Lib.	Con. Gain From Other	Lib. Gain From Con.	Lib. Gain From C.C.F.	Lib. Gain From S.C.	Lib. Gain From Other	C.C.F. Gain From Lib.	Other Gain From Lib.
N.S.	1						1	
N.B.	4							
Que.	1		5			5[1]		3[2]
Ont.	7		7			1[3]		
Man.	1			1				
Sask.	1				2		3	1[4]
Alta.			1		5			
B.C.		1[5]	1	2				
TOTAL	15	1	14	3	7	6	4	4

[1] Independent Liberal. (Two gains resulted from former Independent Liberals now running as Liberals.)
[2] Independent Liberal. (Two gains resulted from former Liberals now running as Independent Liberals.)
[3] U.F.O.-Labor.
[4] Unity.
[5] Reconstruction.

TABLE 34
1940 ELECTION RESULTS
SEATS WON BY PERCENTAGE POINT MARGINS

	Percentage Points		0.1–4.9	5.0–9.9	10.0–14.9	15.0–19.9	20.0–29.9	30.0–39.9	40.0–49.9	50.0–100.0	Total Seats
Prince Edward Island			2		1		1				4
Nova Scotia			4	2	2		4				12
New Brunswick			4	1		1	2	2			10
Quebec			6	5	2	6	10	8	8	20	65
Ontario			16	17	22	8	14	2	3		82
Manitoba			5	1	2	2	7				17
Saskatchewan			6	9	3	2	1				21
Alberta			5	6	4		1	1			17
British Columbia			4	5	3	2	1		1		16
Yukon				1							1
	TOTAL	No.	52	47	39	21	41	13	12	20	245
		%	21.2	19.2	15.9	8.6	16.7	5.3	4.9	8.2	100

The most closely contested seats were divided among the parties as follows:

	P.E.I.	N.S.	N.B.	Que.	Ont.	Man.	Sask.	Alta.	B.C.	Yuk.	Total
0.1–4.9											
Con.		1	4	1	11	1	1		2		21
Lib.	2	2		3	5	3	3	2	2		22
C.C.F.		1				1	2				4
S.C.								3			3
Other				2							2
											52
5.0–9.9											
Con.		2	1		6		1		1	1	12
Lib.				3	11	1	7	3	4		29
C.C.F.							1				1
S.C.								3			3
Other				2							2
											47

TABLE 35
1940 ELECTION RESULTS BY RIDING

	Conservative		Liberal		Co-operative Commonwealth Federation		Social Credit	Other		Total
PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND		%		%		%	%		%	
Kings	4,081	44.9	4,997	55.0						9,078
Prince	5,767	39.7	8,745	60.3						14,512
Queens*	18,180	46.5	20,922	53.5						39,102
NOVA SCOTIA										
Antigonish-Guysborough	4,610	38.8	7,281	61.2						11,891
Cape Breton North-Victoria	5,156	38.0	6,326	46.6	2,097	15.4				13,579
Cape Breton South	9,719	29.8	11,364	34.8	11,582	35.5				32,665
Colchester-Hants	10,044	44.9	12,328	55.1						22,372
Cumberland	8,073	46.0	8,061	46.0	1,403	8.0				17,537
Digby-Annapolis-Kings	9,518	38.7	15,094	61.3						24,612
Halifax*	36,311	41.0	41,487	46.8	1,561	1.8		9,217	10.4	88,576
Inverness-Richmond	7,069	43.7	9,123	56.3						16,192
Pictou	8,292	43.9	9,983	52.8	615	3.3				18,890
Queens-Lunenburg	6,845	38.2	10,616	59.2	457	2.6				17,918
Shelburne-Yarmouth-Clare	6,569	37.7	10,851	62.3						17,420
NEW BRUNSWICK										
Charlotte	4,391	41.9	6,099	58.1						10,490
Gloucester	5,447	34.3	10,451	65.7						15,898
Kent	3,032	35.2	5,582	64.8						8,614
Northumberland	5,149	39.9	5,072	39.3				2,679	20.8	12,900
Restigouche-Madawaska	5,239	30.1	12,164	69.9						17,403
Royal	8,017	52.7	7,196	47.3						15,213
St. John-Albert	15,110	50.3	14,197	47.1	761	2.5				30,068
Victoria-Carleton	7,974	52.3	7,283	47.7						15,257
Westmorland	10,259	38.4	16,431	61.6						26,690
York-Sunbury	10,352	51.1	9,908	48.9						20,260

QUEBEC										
Argenteuil	3,763	40.1	5,629	59.9						9,392
Beauce	3,142	20.1	12,482	79.9						15,624
Beauharnois-Laprairie	3,471	23.6	11,244	76.4						14,715
Bellechasse	2,366	26.4	6,585	73.6						8,951
Berthier-Maskinonge	3,323	24.7	10,119	75.3						13,442
Bonaventure	5,741	37.8	9,446	62.2						15,187
Brome-Missisquoi	2,647	24.2	8,302	75.8						10,949
Chambly-Rouville	5,761	31.5	11,964	65.4				567	3.1	18,292
Champlain	5,090	34.8	9,546	65.2						14,636
Chapleau	3,073	24.6	9,402	75.4						12,475
Charlevoix-Saguenay	5,928	29.3	14,336	70.7						20,264
Chateauguay-Huntingdon	2,047	26.2	5,773	73.8						7,820
Chicoutimi	8,330	37.2	8,693	38.8				5,390	24.0	22,413
Compton	1,623	16.8	8,012	83.2						9,635
Dorchester			5,573	54.1				4,721	45.9	10,294
Drummond-Arthabaska			12,145	52.8				10,853	47.2	22,998
Gaspe	8,371	39.9	8,162	38.9				4,437	21.2	20,970
Hull			11,253	50.6	7,083	31.8		3,916	17.6	22,252
Joliette-L'Assomption-Montcalm	3,430	19.6	14,112	80.4						17,542
Kamouraska	2,099	23.2	6,965	76.8						9,064
Labelle			8,797	59.8				5,909	40.2	14,706
Lake St. John-Roberval	6,895	32.3	10,057	47.1	3,698	17.3		717	3.4	21,367
Laval-Two Mountains			4,552	41.6				6,378*	58.4	10,930
Levis	4,187	32.0	8,885	68.0						13,072
Lotbiniere			8,983	66.0				4,627	34.0	13,610
Matapedia-Matane	5,804	36.8	9,956	63.2						15,760
Megantic-Frontenac	6,281	37.5	10,477	62.5						16,758
Montmagny-L'Islet	3,288	32.3	6,890	67.7						10,178
Nicolet-Yamaska	410	2.7	6,865	45.9				7,677*	51.4	14,952
Pontiac	5,128	16.9	13,206	43.6				11,941	39.4	30,275
Portneuf	2,141	14.4	10,033	67.6				2,676	18.0	14,850
Quebec East			17,914	59.3				12,302	40.7	30,216
Quebec South	4,284	22.0	15,196	78.0						19,480
Quebec West and South	8,003	40.0	12,010	60.0						20,013
Quebec-Montmorency	5,175	28.7	12,850	71.3						18,025
Richelieu-Vercheres	2,412	17.0	11,330	79.9				447	3.2	14,189

TABLE 35—Continued
1940 ELECTION RESULTS BY RIDING

	Conservative	%	Liberal	%	Co-operative Commonwealth Federation	%	Social Credit	%	Other	%	Total
Richmond-Wolfe	4,295	33.4	8,554	66.6							12,849
Rimouski			9,766	62.2					5,928	37.8	15,694
St. Hyacinthe-Bagot			13,220	83.6					2,599	16.4	15,819
St. John-Iberville-Napierville	2,331	14.5	7,439	46.3					6,307	39.2	16,077
St. Maurice-Lafleche	1,957	10.1	9,440	48.9					7,922	41.0	19,319
Shefford	3,644	31.8	7,831	68.2							11,475
Sherbrooke	5,465	29.1	11,602	61.8					1,697	9.0	18,764
Stanstead			5,112	51.6					4,804	48.4	9,916
Temiscouata	2,063	15.6	9,615	72.9					1,518	11.5	13,196
Terrebonne	2,668	15.3	6,938	39.8					7,839*	44.9	17,445
Three Rivers			9,860	53.0					8,734	47.0	18,594
Vaudreuil-Soulanges	2,210	24.3	4,381	48.2					2,500	27.5	9,091
Wright	2,310	21.5	7,260	67.6					1,172	10.9	10,742
ISLAND OF MONTREAL											
Cartier			18,191	88.5					2,354	11.5	20,545
Hochelaga	4,049	12.9	16,849	53.8					10,402	33.2	31,300
Jacques-Cartier	4,028	25.5	11,755	74.5							15,783
Laurier	4,072	16.2	21,069	83.8							25,141
Maisonneuve-Rosemont	6,387	26.8	17,442	73.2							23,829
Mercier	4,596	19.4	19,134	80.6							23,730
Mount Royal	13,319	37.9	19,858	56.5	1,983	5.6					35,160
Outremont	4,556	20.8	14,511	66.4					2,787	12.8	21,854
St. Ann	2,806	17.3	12,687	78.3					707	4.4	16,200
St. Antoine-Westmont	8,972	37.6	14,879	62.4							23,851
St. Denis	4,979	17.1	18,948	65.0					5,241	18.0	29,168
St. Henri	2,081	6.8	17,531	57.2					11,013	36.0	30,625
St. James	5,777	16.5	27,219	77.9	1,091	3.1			864	2.5	34,951
St. Lawrence-St George	6,568	36.2	11,553	63.8							18,121
St. Mary	4,785	16.3	23,185	78.8	719	2.4			728	2.5	29,417
Verdun	3,693	13.4	8,372	30.4	3,817	13.9			11,663	42.5	27,545

ONTARIO									
Algoma East	3,126	30.3	5.565	53.9	1,635	15.8			10,326
Algoma West	5,612	34.1	8,632	52.5	2,196	13.4			16,440
Brant	4,519	49.2	4,657	50.8					9,176
Brantford City	6,312	40.4	8,013	51.2	1,315	8.4			15,640
Bruce	5,275	41.6	7,420	58.4					12,695
Carleton	7,736	53.9	6,617	46.1					14,353
Cochrane	5,652	21.4	16,785	63.7			3,922	14.9	26,359
Dufferin-Simcoe	6,527	60.7	4,226	39.3					10,753
Durham	5,435	44.6	6,743	55.4					12,178
Elgin	8,905	42.9	11,867	57.1					20,772
Essex East	8,060	38.1	9,811	46.4	2,879	13.6	398	1.9	21,148
Essex South	5,457	41.7	7,624	58.3					13,081
Essex West	12,940	44.5	14,133	48.6	2,035	7.0			29,108
Fort William	6,768	39.7	8,504	49.9	1,778	10.4			17,050
Frontenac-Addington	6,154	50.5	6,028	49.5					12,182
Glengarry	2,813	38.1	4,578	61.9					7,391
Grenville-Dundas	7,225	56.2	5,642	43.8					12,867
Grey-Bruce	4,944	30.7	6,389	39.7			4,761	29.6	16,094
Grey North	5,771	36.7	7,538	47.9			2,434	15.5	15,743
Haldimand	5,515	53.9	4,712	46.1					10,227
Halton	6,184	44.3	7,788	55.7					13,972
Hamilton East	11,716	39.5	14,053	47.4	3,190	10.8	695	2.3	29,654
Hamilton West	11,032	44.1	13,965	55.9					24,997
Hastings-Peterborough	5,471	51.2	5,207	48.8					10,678
Hastings South	9,001	48.2	6,330	33.9			3,348	17.9	18,679
Huron North	5,937	50.2	5,897	49.8					11,834
Huron-Perth	3,472	38.2	5,622	61.8					9,094
Kenora-Rainy River	5,286	27.7	10,595	55.6	3,173	16.7			19,054
Kent	11,629	51.5	10,945	48.5					22,574
Kingston City	7,475	43.8	9,609	56.2					17,084
Lambton-Kent	6,089	40.8	8,834	59.2					14,923
Lambton West	7,864	47.6	8,671	52.4					16,535
Lanark	7,180	44.9	8,821	55.1					16,001
Leeds	8,227	44.4	10,322	55.6					18,549
Lincoln	13,331	46.5	12,921	45.0	2,443	8.5			28,695
London	12,534	39.0	15,824	49.3	3,762	11.7			32,120
Middlesex East	6,256	38.4	8,444	51.9	1,577	9.7			16,277
Middlesex West	3,886	39.2	6,024	60.8					9,910

TABLE 35—Continued
1940 ELECTION RESULTS BY RIDING

	Conservative	%	Liberal	%	Co-operative Commonwealth Federation	%	Social Credit	%	Other	%	Total
Muskoka-Ontario	7,016	46.4	8,098	53.6							15,114
Nipissing	11,229	29.4	26,916	70.6							38,145
Norfolk	5,894	39.0	9,230	61.0							15,124
Northumberland	7,241	46.9	8,194	53.1							15,435
Ontario	7,914	39.4	12,176	60.6							20,090
Ottawa East	6,149	21.2	12,373	42.6					10,526	36.2	29,048
Ottawa West	19,780	41.9	27,460	58.1							47,240
Oxford	8,325	43.1	10,975	56.9							19,300
Parry Sound	4,159	38.5	5,850	54.2			786	7.3			10,795
Peel	8,486	52.6	7,638	47.4							16,124
Perth	8,451	39.5	12,926	60.5							21,377
Peterborough West	9,683	50.5	9,505	49.5							19,188
Port Arthur	5,213	27.9	10,327	55.3	3,128	16.8					18,668
Prescott	1,819	17.7	6,431	62.6					2,028	19.7	10,278
Prince Edward-Lennox	6,574	52.7	5,906	47.3							12,480
Renfrew North	4,536	39.6	6,199	54.2	709	6.2					11,444
Renfrew South	5,236	45.7	6,228	54.3							11,464
Russell	2,961	32.9	6,045	67.1							9,006
Simcoe East	7,024	45.3	8,470	54.7							15,494
Simcoe North	6,030	45.9	7,096	54.1							13,126
Stormont	6,202	37.8	10,197	62.2							16,399
Timiskaming	4,906	22.1	10,455	47.2	2,481	11.2			4,314	19.5	22,156
Victoria	7,422	46.6	8,499	53.4							15,921
Waterloo North	6,694	29.8	14,172	63.1	1,597	7.1					22,463
Waterloo South	7,432	46.6	6,975	43.7	1,549	9.7					15,956
Welland	14,491	39.8	19,132	52.5	2,818	7.7					36,441
Wellington North	4,266	42.6	5,748	57.4							10,014
Wellington South	4,121	23.8	8,115	46.9					5,073	29.3	17,309
Wentworth	14,949	48.8	15,714	51.2							30,663
York East	16,741	49.1	12,429	36.4	4,931	14.5					34,101
York North	8,829	45.3	10,653	54.7							19,482

York South	15,346	45.7	12,864	38.3	5,372	16.0					33,582
York West	12,788	44.6	12,117	42.2	3,787	13.2					28,692
CITY OF TORONTO											
Broadview	14,474	58.0	7,866	31.5	2,613	10.5					24,953
Danforth	11,847	57.0	8,946	43.0							20,793
Davenport	14,890	57.2	11,140	42.8							26,030
Eglinton	16,926	49.6	17,166	50.4							34,092
Greenwood	14,710	57.6	7,397	29.0	3,430	13.4					25,537
High Park	12,266	47.0	12,061	46.2	1,777	6.8					26,104
Parkdale	13,605	52.1	12,487	47.9							26,092
Rosedale	12,519	52.4	10,399	43.5	991	4.1					23,909
St. Paul's	15,591	51.3	14,816	48.7							30.407
Spadina	14,148	37.7	20,506	54.6					2,922	7.8	37,576
Trinity	11,617	42.1	14,901	54.0					1,071	3.9	27,589
MANITOBA											
Brandon	6,168	34.9	8,908	50.4	2,609	14.8					17,685
Churchill	4,963	37.5	8,276	62.5							13,239
Dauphin	5,900	34.7	5,953	35.0	5,142	30.3					16,995
Lisgar	2,433	25.6	5,221	55.0	1,160	12.2	685	7.2			9,499
Macdonald	4,510	30.3	7,728	51.9	2,639	17.7					14,877
Marquette	4,545	27.0	7,027	41.8					5,259	31.2	16,831
Neepawa	4,865	35.3	6,724	48.7			2,208	16.0			13,797
Portage la Prairie	4,835	39.4	7,442	60.6							12,277
Provencher	1,441	11.8	3,768	30.8	841	6.9	1,099	9.0	5,094	41.6	12,243
St. Boniface	3,578	23.4	7,926	51.8	1,739	11.4	1,839	12.0	216	1.4	15,298
Selkirk	3,890	17.9	11,023	50.6	6,869	31.5					21,782
Souris	4,991	44.5	4,861	43.3	1,370	12.2					11,222
Springfield	3,311	18.6	7,462	41.9	7,018	39.4					17,791
Winnipeg North	2,255	7.0	13,015	40.9	11,249	35.3			5,315	16.7	31,834
Winnipeg North Centre	5,412	19.4	11,199	40.0	11,324	40.5					27,935
Winnipeg South	8,445	30.4	15,461	55.6	3,912	14.1					27,818
Winnipeg South Centre	10,698	29.9	19,486	54.5	5,576	15.6					35,760
SASKATCHEWAN											
Assiniboia	3,516	23.2	6,846	45.1	4,812	31.7					15,174
Humboldt			8,808	53.9	7,536	46.1					16,344
Kindersley			5,068	39.1	3,966	30.6	3,922	30.3			12,956
Lake Centre	5,974	36.3	5,694	34.6	4,793	29.1					16,461

TABLE 35—Continued
1940 ELECTION RESULTS BY RIDING

	Conservative	%	Liberal	%	Co-operative Commonwealth Federation	%	Social Credit	%	Other	%	Total
Mackenzie			9,211	45.5	10,207	50.4			819	4.0	20,237
Maple Creek	3,182	23.7	5,157	38.4	5,102	38.0					13,441
Melfort			8,019	38.0	11,358	53.8	1,732	8.2			21,109
Melville			10,158	48.3	9,042	43.0			1,837	8.7	21,037
Moose Jaw	7,807	45.4	9,373	54.6							17,180
North Battleford			7,868	42.8					10,500*	57.2	18,368
Prince Albert			8,310	46.0	1,993	11.0			7,777	43.0	18,080
Qu'Appelle	8,236	54.9	6,775	45.0							15,011
Regina City	12,745	41.6	14,434	47.1	2,855	9.3			602	2.0	30,636
Rosetown-Biggar	2,381	15.9	4,912	32.7	7,714	51.4					15,007
Rosthern			6,612	50.6	5,456	41.8	999	7.6			13,067
Saskatoon City			8,346	37.2			241	1.1	13,868*	61.8	22,455
Swift Current	3,965	25.6	6,042	38.9	5,507	35.5					15,514
The Battlefords			7,195	41.9	4,512	26.3	5,453	31.8			17,160
Weyburn			7,554	46.3	8,509	52.1			269	1.6	16,332
Wood Mountain			6,375	41.4	5,247	34.1			3,775	24.5	15,397
Yorkton	4,690	23.3	6,773	33.6	7,658	38.0			1,047	5.2	20,168
ALBERTA											
Acadia			3,740	45.1	802	9.7	3,767	45.3			8,309
Athabaska			5,961	46.5	2,052	16.0	4,817	37.5			12,830
Battle River			3,808	31.1	3,401	27.8	5,045	41.2			12,254
Bow River	3,248	20.6	4,050	25.7	2,197	13.9	5,410	34.3	847	5.4	15,752
Calgary East	4,987	23.6	5,815	27.5	4,986	23.6	5,330	25.2			21,118
Calgary West	6,896	34.8	7,299	36.9	1,444	7.3	4,159	21.0			19,798
Camrose			4,443	34.5	2,065	16.0	6,359	49.4			12,867
Edmonton East	2,302	11.2	8,948	43.7	1,962	9.6	7,279	35.5			20,491
Edmonton West	4,054	18.7	12,350	56.9	1,616	7.4	3,695	17.0			21,715
Jasper-Edson	1,835	11.1	6,283	37.9	2,102	12.7	6,363	38.4			16,583
Lethbridge	3,605	23.3	5,538	35.7			6,362	41.0			15,505
Macleod	3,039	18.2	4,829	28.9	2,180	13.1	6,655	39.8			16,703

Medicine Hat			9,439	63.1			5,524	36.9			14,963
Peace River			6,426	41.3	3,307	21.2	5,347	34.3	488	3.1	15,568
Red Deer	2,694	17.7	4,134	27.2	2,771	18.3	5,583	36.8			15,182
Vegreville			4,605	32.7	1,658	11.8	5,083	36.1	2,727	19.4	14,073
Wetaskiwin	2,456	15.7	4,392	28.1	2,539	16.3	6,245	40.0			15,632
BRITISH COLUMBIA											
Cariboo	2,354	17.5	6,063	45.0	5,070	37.6					13,487
Comox-Alberni					3,835	27.4			10,156*	72.6	13,991
Fraser Valley	6,211	39.5	6,638	42.2	2,877	18.3					15,726
Kamloops	4,290	31.9	5,621	41.8	3,538	26.3					13,449
Kootenay East	4,395	35.0	3,974	31.6	4,202	33.4					12,571
Kootenay West	6,771	39.1	4,137	23.9	6,389	36.9					17,297
Nanaimo	7,518	29.9	10,668	42.5	6,252	24.9	506	2.0	181	0.7	25,125
New Westminster	9,372	27.2	15,287	44.3	9,837	28.5					34,496
Skeena	1,472	15.6	4,980	52.7	2,845	30.1			145	1.5	9,442
Vancouver-Burrard	9,475	28.9	12,617	38.4	10,745	32.7					32,837
Vancouver Centre	9,338	30.2	12,100	39.2	8,427	27.3			1,038	3.3	30,903
Vancouver East	5,975	20.6	9,196	31.6	12,490	43.0			1,398	4.8	29,059
Vancouver North	7,186	26.1	10,496	38.1	9,832	35.7					27,514
Vancouver South	18,470	48.6	13,451	35.4	6,062	16.0					37,983
Victoria	9,193	34.8	13,887	52.5	3,352	12.7					26,432
Yale	8,599	37.7	6,805	29.8	7,428	32.5					22,832
YUKON TERRITORY											
Yukon	915	53.6	793	46.4							1,708

THE GENERAL ELECTION OF JUNE 11, 1945

Called shortly after the end of European hostilities, the general election of 1945 was one of the most complex in Canadian history. Rather than being a contest mainly between Liberals and Conservatives—now called Progressive Conservatives—it was rather a patchwork of various sorts of party rivalries. A total of 951 candidates entered the field.

In the Maritimes and Ontario three parties, the Progressive Conservatives, the Liberals, and the C.C.F. contested nearly every seat. In Quebec, because the Progressive Conservatives entered only 29 candidates (perhaps in co-operation with Quebec nationalists) the contest was largely one between Liberals and dissident nationalist candidates who had left the Liberal camp because of the Government's handling of the conscription issue, and who campaigned under the label of Independent or Independent Liberal, or under the banner of the organized nationalist party, the *Bloc Populaire Canadien*.[1] Social Credit and the C.C.F. also entered large slates of candidates. In the Prairies and in British Columbia nearly every seat was contested by the Progressive Conservatives, the Liberals, and the C.C.F., and over half by Social Credit as well. Finally, to complete the political spectrum, the Labor Progressive Party, Canada's Communist party, launched its first serious national effort by entering 65 candidates.

The results of the election gave to the Liberals their third successive victory, although by a greatly reduced margin from their 1940 sweep. Liberal seats fell to 125 (from 181 in 1940), and their percentage of the vote from 51.5 to 41.1. The sharp fall-off in vote was reflected in every province, and only in Quebec did the party barely manage to win a majority of the vote cast.

These inroads into Liberal strength, however, came not from the Conservatives, despite their new leader, John Bracken, and their new "progressive" look. The Conservative portion of the vote dropped to a new low of 27.3 percent. Unlike in 1940, how-

[1] So confusing was the election in Quebec that no two sources agree as to the outcome. The problem was whether certain of the winning candidates should be classified as Liberal, Independent Liberal, or plain Independent. The classification used here has been derived from campaign accounts appearing in Quebec newspapers.

ever, the party now received full benefit from the vote it did poll, so that it increased to 67 (from 40) its number of seats in the new Parliament.

The deep cut into the Liberal vote came from the minor parties. For the C.C.F. 1945 marked the first major attempt to become a party of national significance. Since 1940 the C.C.F. had made impressive gains in provincial elections, and in 1944 had been voted into office in Saskatchewan. The number of C.C.F. candidates in 1945 (205) was second only to that of the Liberals. Although it failed to win a single seat in Ontario, the vote polled by the C.C.F. in that province jumped from 3.8 to 14.4 percent. It seems clear that this was done at the expense of the Liberals, whose portion of the vote dropped an almost identical amount, and thus to the benefit of the Conservatives. In Manitoba and Saskatchewan the sharp increase in the C.C.F. vote was also accompanied by a proportional decrease in the Liberal vote, and in these two provinces 12 of the 15 seats gained by the C.C.F. were formerly held by Liberals. In all, C.C.F. candidates won 28 seats, 20 more than in 1940. Despite the nation-wide campaign, however, 18 of these were from Saskatchewan.

For Social Credit the 1945 election also marked an attempt to widen the party's base of support. Especially noteworthy was the fact that 43 of the party's 95 candidates ran in Quebec. Nevertheless, the party was able to win only 13 seats, all being from Alberta, and even in this province the party polled only slightly more than one-third of the vote.

TABLE 36
1945 ELECTION RESULTS
SEATS WON AND VOTES POLLED BY PARTY

	Progressive Conservative				Liberal			
	Seats		Votes		Seats		Votes	
		%		%		%		%
Prince Edward Island	1	25.0	30,025	47.4	3	75.0	30,696	48.4
Nova Scotia	2	16.7	114,214	36.8	9	75.0	141,911	45.7
New Brunswick	3	30.0	77,225	38.3	7	70.0	100,939	50.0
Quebec	2	3.1	118,933	8.4	53	81.5	717,776	50.8
Ontario	48	58.5	756,762	41.7	34	41.5	745,571	41.1
Manitoba	2	11.8	80,303	24.9	10	58.8	111,863	34.7
Saskatchewan	1	4.8	70,830	18.8	2	9.5	123,344	32.7
Alberta	2	11.8	58,077	18.7	2	11.8	67,662	21.8
British Columbia	5	31.3	128,529	30.0	5	31.3	117,737	27.5
Yukon	1	100.0	849	40.0	—	—	—	—
TOTAL	67	27.3	1,435,747	27.4	125	51.0	2,157,499	41.1

	Co-operative Commonwealth Federation				Social Credit			
	Seats		Votes		Seats		Votes	
		%		%		%		%
Prince Edward Island	—	—	2,685	4.2	—	—	—	—
Nova Scotia	1	8.3	51,892	16.7	—	—	—	—
New Brunswick	—	—	14,999	7.4	—	—	2,300	1.1
Quebec	—	—	33,450	2.4	—	—	63,310	4.5
Ontario	—	—	260,502	14.4	—	—	3,906	0.2
Manitoba	5	29.4	101,892	31.6	—	—	10,322	3.2
Saskatchewan	18	85.7	167,233	44.4	—	—	11,449	3.0
Alberta	—	—	57,077	18.4	13	76.5	113,821	36.6
British Columbia	4	25.0	125,945	29.4	—	—	9,890	2.3
Yukon	—	—	584	27.5	—	—	—	—
TOTAL	28	11.4	816,259	15.6	13	5.3	214,998	4.1

	Other				Total	
	Seats		Votes		Seats	Votes
		%		%		
Prince Edward Island	—	—	—	—	4	63,406
Nova Scotia	—	—	2,650	0.9	12	310,667
New Brunswick	—	—	6,423	3.2	10	201,886
Quebec	10	15.4	480,700	34.0	65	1,414,169
Ontario	—	—	48,226	2.7	82	1,814,967
Manitoba	—	—	18,435	5.7	17	322,815
Saskatchewan	—	—	4,030	1.1	21	376,886
Alberta	—	—	14,136	4.5	17	310,773
British Columbia	2	12.5	46,340	10.8	16	428,441
Yukon	—	—	687	32.4	1	2,120
TOTAL	12	4.9	621,627	11.8	245	5,246,130

TABLE 36

The following is an itemization of the votes which are included in the column "Other."

N.S.	Labor Prog. (3) 1,800; Ind. (1) 488; Farmer-Labor (1) 362.
N.B.	Ind. (1) 6,423.
Que.	Ind. (59) 257,665; **Bloc Populaire Canadien** (including Ind. B.P.C.) (35) 184,372; Ind. Lib. (12) 21,283; Labor Prog. (5) 14,532; Ind. Prog. Con. (2) 1,622; Labor (2) 532; Ind. C.C.F. (1) 279; Lib.-Labor (1) 345; Farmer (1) 70. ELECTED: 6 Independents; **2 Bloc Populaire Canadien;** 1 Independent Liberal; 1 Labor Progressive.
Ont.	Labor-Prog. (24) 35,752; **Bloc Populaire Canadien** (2) 5,038; Farmer-Labor (1) 3,258; Ind. (3) 3,061; Labor (1) 581; Ind. Prog. Con. (1) 295; Ind. Labor (1) 241.
Man.	Labor Prog. (6) 15,984; Ind. (2) 2,451.
Sask.	Unity (1) 2,124; Labor Prog. (2) 1,059; Ind. Lib. (1) 847.
Alta.	Labor Prog. (13) 14,136.
B.C.	Labor Prog. (11) 25,128; Ind. (1) 7,348; Ind. C.C.F. (1) 6,123; Trade Union (1) 4,679; Democrat (5) 2,603; Soc. Labor (2) 459. ELECTED: 1 Independent; 1 Independent C.C.F.
Yukon	Labor Prog. (1) 687.

Explanation of Party Totals:

Que.	Three Independent Conservatives (one elected) are counted as Conservatives. Three Independent Liberals (all elected) are counted as Liberals.
Ont.	The Liberal total includes the votes of two Liberals who contested a single riding.
Sask.	One Independent Liberal is counted as a Liberal.

TABLE 37
1945 ELECTION RESULTS
NUMBER OF SEATS CONTESTED, RETAINED, GAINED, AND LOST BY PARTY

	Total Seats	Progressive Conservative C	R	G	L	Liberal C	R	G	L	Co-operative Commonwealth Federation C	R	G	L	Social Credit C	R	G	L	Other C	R	G	L	Total No. Candidates	Total Changing Seats
Prince Edward Island	4	4	—	1	—	4	3	—	1	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	12	1
Nova Scotia	12	12	1	1	—	12	9	—	1	12	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	5	—	—	—	41	1
New Brunswick	10	9	3	—	2	10	5	2	—	8	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	29	2
Quebec	65	29	—	2	1	64	51	2	7	29	—	—	—	43	—	—	—	118	3	7	3	283	11
Ontario	82	82	25	23	—	83	34	—	22	80	—	—	1	8	—	—	—	33	—	—	—	286	23
Manitoba	17	17	1	1	—	17	10	—	4	17	2	3	—	8	—	—	—	8	—	—	—	67	4
Saskatchewan	21	19	1	—	2	21	2	—	9	21	6	12	—	9	—	—	—	4	—	—	1	74	12
Alberta	17	16	—	2	—	17	2	—	5	17	—	—	—	17	10	3	—	13	—	—	—	80	5
British Columbia	16	15	2	3	2	15	5	—	5	16	1	3	—	9	—	—	—	21	1	1	—	76	7
Yukon	1	1	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	3	—
TOTAL	245	204	34	33	8	243	121	4	54	205	10	18	1	95	10	3	—	204	4	8	4	951	66

The gains made by the parties were as follows:

	Prog. Con. Gain From Lib.	C.C.F.	Other	Lib. Gain From Prog. Con.	Other	C.C.F. Gain From Prog. Con.	Lib.	Other	S.C. Gain From Lib.	Other Gain From Prog. Con.	Lib.	Other
P.E.I.	1											
N.S.	1											
N.B.				2								
Que.	1		1[1]	1	1[2]						6[3]	1[4]
Ont.	22	1										
Man.	1						3					
Sask.						2	9	1[5]				
Alta.	2								3			
B.C.	3					1	2			1[6]		
TOTAL	31	1	1	3	1	3	14	1	3	1	6	1

[1] **Bloc Populaire Canadien.**
[2] Independent (a former Independent now running as a Liberal).
[3] Four Independents (one being a former Liberal now running as an Independent); two **Bloc Populaire Canadien** (one being a former Liberal now running as a B.P.C. candidate).
[4] A former Independent Liberal now running as an Independent.
[5] Unity.
[6] Independent C.C.F.

TABLE 38
1945 ELECTION RESULTS
SEATS WON BY PERCENTAGE POINT MARGINS

Percentage Points		0.1–4.9	5.0–9.9	10.0–14.9	15.0–19.9	20.0–29.9	30.0–39.9	40.0–49.9	50.0–100.0	Total Seats
Prince Edward Island		4								4
Nova Scotia		4	3	1	2	2				12
New Brunswick		2	2	2	1	1	2			10
Quebec		9	8	9	3	17	9	5	5	65
Ontario		19	24	9	9	17	3	1		82
Manitoba		3	7	3	1	1	2			17
Saskatchewan		5	5	4	5	1	1			21
Alberta		1	3	4	4	4	1			17
British Columbia		4	8	1	1	2				16
Yukon			1							1
TOTAL	No.	51	61	33	26	45	18	6	5	245
	%	20.8	24.9	13.5	10.6	18.4	7.3	2.4	2.0	100

The most closely contested seats were divided among the parties as follows:

	P.E.I.	N.S.	N.B.	Que.	Ont.	Man.	Sask.	Alta.	B.C.	Yuk.	Total
0.1–4.9											
Prog. Con.	1	1		2	11				1		16
C.C.F.						2	1	1	3		25
Lib.		3	1	5	8	1	4				5
Other				5							5
											51
5.0–9.9											
Prog. Con.			1		16		1	1	3	1	23
Lib.		3	1	5	8	5		1	2		25
C.C.F.						2	4		2		8
S.C.								1			1
Other				3					1		4
											61

TABLE 39
1945 ELECTION RESULTS BY RIDING

	Progressive Conservative		Liberal		Co-operative Commonwealth Federation		Social Credit		Other		Total
PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND		%		%		%		%		%	
Kings	4,282	46.3	4,655	50.3	317	3.4					9,254
Prince	7,277	46.8	7,346	47.3	911	5.9					15,534
Queens*	18,466	47.9	18,695	48.4	1,457	3.7					38,618
NOVA SCOTIA											
Antigonish-Guysborough	3,483	32.7	6,379	60.0	791	7.4					10,653
Cape Breton North-Victoria	5,441	38.3	5,895	41.4	2,886	20.3					14,222
Cape Breton South	7,343	20.8	10,529	29.7	16,575	46.9			917	2.6	35,364
Colchester-Hants	11,141	45.6	11,133	45.6	2,165	8.9					24,439
Cumberland	9,121	46.9	6,522	33.5	3,807	19.6					19,450
Digby-Annapolis-Kings	9,885	38.1	14,445	55.7	1,252	4.8			362	1.4	25,944
Halifax*	36,219	34.5	50,023	47.6	17,720	16.9			1,048	1.0	105,010
Inverness-Richmond	5,037	33.7	8,177	54.8	1,720	11.5					14,934
Pictou	9,387	42.5	9,774	44.2	2,610	11.8			323	1.5	22,094
Queens-Lunenburg	8,562	43.8	9,693	49.6	1,295	6.6					19,550
Shelburne-Yarmouth-Clare	8,595	45.2	9,341	49.1	1,071	5.6					19,007
NEW BRUNSWICK											
Charlotte	5,456	49.9	5,486	50.1							10,942
Gloucester			11,683	62.4	609	3.3			6,423	34.2	18,715
Kent	3,089	29.4	6,835	65.0	584	5.6					10,508
Northumberland	7,425	46.6	8,507	53.4							15,932
Restigouche-Madawaska	5,205	23.5	12,200	55.2	2,412	10.9	2,300	10.4			22,117
Royal	8,915	53.0	6,769	40.2	1,134	6.7					16,818
St. John-Albert	16,205	46.8	14,248	41.1	4,190	12.1					34,643
Victoria-Carleton	9,365	54.5	7,132	41.5	689	4.0					17,186
Westmorland	11,612	35.7	17,251	53.0	3,707	11.4					32,570
York-Sunbury	9,953	44.3	10,828	48.2	1,674	7.5					22,455

QUEBEC											
Argenteuil	5,349	49.3	5,221	48.2			270	2.5			10,840
Beauce			9,612	42.6			5,701	25.3	7,264	32.2	22,577
Beauharnois-Laprairie	1,779	7.8	10,378	45.4					10,716*	46.8	22,873
Bellechasse			6,928	66.2					3,540	33.8	10,468
Berthier-Maskinonge	562	3.2	10,604	59.6					6,639	37.3	17,805
Bonaventure	1,046	6.7	6,605	42.5					7,885*	50.8	15,536
Brome-Missisquoi	4,169	27.0	7,860	50.9	246	1.6			3,157	20.5	15,432
Chambly-Rouville			12,723	50.4	1,041	4.1			11,491	45.5	25,255
Champlain	1,880	12.0	8,332	53.2			1,139	7.3	4,298	27.4	15,659
Chapleau			6,230	43.1			3,878	26.9	4,333	30.0	14,441
Charlevoix-Saguenay			9,197	39.6			1,151	5.0	12,866*	55.4	23,214
Chateauguay-Huntingdon	2,804	24.6	4,770	41.8			101	0.9	3,737	32.7	11,412
Chicoutimi			8,027	24.0	371	1.1	2,713	8.1	22,293*	66.7	33,404
Compton	3,506	23.9	8,007	54.5	486	3.3	1,065	7.3	1,622	11.0	14,686
Dorchester			5,149	45.6			1,843	16.3	4,291	38.0	11,283
Drummond-Arthabaska			14,805	49.7			1,037	3.5	13,970	46.9	29,812
Gaspe			11,596	51.7	368	1.6			10,473	46.7	22,437
Hull			15,012	59.2	596	2.4	478	1.9	9,258	36.5	25,344
Joliette-L'Assomption-Montcalm	318	1.1	14,810	52.4			161	0.6	12,953	45.9	28,242
Kamouraska			6,829	56.0			1,361	11.2	3,999	32.8	12,189
Labelle			7,969	53.2			1,228	8.2	5,769	38.5	14,966
Lake St. John-Roberval			9,744	39.9			1,134	4.6	13,572	55.5	24,450
Laval-Two Mountains			6,577	48.9					6,876*	51.1	13,453
Levis			10,098	70.5			4,233	29.5			14,331
Lotbiniere			10,122	63.5					5,813	36.5	15,935
Matapedia-Matane			8,500	47.5					9,402	52.5	17,902
Megantic-Frontenac			10,057	52.5			2,106	11.0	7,008	36.6	19,171
Montmagny-L'Islet			7,327	60.7			1,721	14.3	3,028	25.1	12,076
Nicolet-Yamaska	944	6.1	6,658	42.7					7,973*	51.2	15,575
Pontiac	6,136	19.1	13,325	41.4	2,453	7.6	5,852	18.2	4,433	13.8	32,199
Portneuf			8,994	52.6			1,094	6.4	7,021	41.0	17,109
Quebec East			17,965	59.8	231	0.8	2,816	9.4	9,049	30.1	30,061
Quebec-Montmorency			11,561	51.6			5,211	23.2	5,642	25.2	22,414
Quebec South			14,091	70.6			931	4.7	4,943	24.7	19,965
Quebec West and South			10,541	52.5	236	1.2	3,876	19.3	5,414	27.0	20,067
Richelieu-Vercheres							945	5.6	15,953*	94.4	16,898

TABLE 39—Continued
1945 ELECTION RESULTS BY RIDING

	Progressive Conservative	%	Liberal	%	Co-operative Commonwealth Federation	%	Social Credit	%	Other	%	Total
Richmond-Wolfe			8,459	53.0			1,147	7.2	6,359	39.9	15,965
Rimouski			10,730	54.6			834	4.2	8,084	41.1	19,648
St. Hyacinthe-Bagot	346	1.6	12,781	58.3			258	1.2	8,522	38.9	21,907
St. John-Iberville-Napierville			10,866	64.9					5,875	35.1	16,741
St. Maurice-Lafleche			9,323	38.6			681	2.8	14,131*	58.5	24,135
Shefford			7,413	47.4			578	3.7	7,858	48.9	15,649
Sherbrooke	6,158	26.0	9,552	40.4	283	1.2	1,118	4.7	6,537	27.7	23,648
Stanstead	5,028	36.8	3,545	26.0	169	1.2	365	2.7	4,553	33.3	13,660
Temiscouata	1,102	8.3	10,325	77.4			1,907	14.3			13,334
Terrebonne			15,383	66.6	281	1.2			7,417	32.1	23,081
Three Rivers	4,173	20.2	2,525	12.2	186	0.9	787	3.8	12,980*	62.8	20,651
Vaudreuil-Soulanges	1,880	18.9	6,267	62.9	191	1.9			1,619	16.3	9,957
Wright	2,634	22.5	6,460	55.2	1,067	9.1			1,545	13.2	11,706
ISLAND OF MONTREAL											
Cartier			8,935	35.0					16,561*	64.9	25,496
Hochelaga	2,208	6.1	22,444	62.2	692	1.9	533	1.5	10,179	28.3	36,056
Jacques Cartier	8,421	32.3	12,640	48.5	1,866	7.2			3,147	12.1	26,074
Laurier	1,910	6.1	22,520	71.5	1,924	6.1			5,145	16.3	31,499
Maisonneuve-Rosemont	5,320	17.9	13,556	45.5	1,268	4.3	464	1.6	9,155	30.3	29,763
Mercier	2,269	7.1	18,623	58.6	541	1.7	417	1.3	9,920	31.2	31,770
Mount Royal	17,798	39.8	20,925	48.6	3,608	8.1			2,417	5.4	44,748
Outremont			14,836	56.0	1,639	6.2			9,998	37.8	26,473
St. Ann	2,381	15.1	11,007	69.9	1,375	8.7	224	1.4	751	4.8	15,738
St. Antoine-Westmount	13,588	46.2	13,648	46.4	1,982	6.7			200	0.7	29,418
St. Denis			21,201	59.0			534	1.5	14,206	39.5	35,941
St. Henri	1,902	6.0	19,137	60.5	941	3.0	334	1.1	9,300	29.4	31,614
St. James			23,970	58.1	619	1.5	549	1.3	16,085	39.0	41,223
St. Lawrence-St. George	6,171	30.5	10,301	50.9	1,454	7.2			2,327	11.5	20,253

St. Mary			18,237	54.4	369	1.1	348	1.0	14,582	43.5	33,536
Verdun	7,151	20.4	15,943	45.5	6,967	19.9	187	0.5	4,766	13.6	35,014
ONTARIO											
Algoma East	3,610	36.3	4,855	48.9	1,468	14.8					9,933
Algoma West	5,619	32.3	7,476	43.0	4,281	24.6					17,376
Brant	5,005	45.3	4,800	43.5	1,235	11.2					11,040
Brantford City	6,988	38.6	8,670	47.9	2,437	13.5					18,095
Bruce	6,933	47.8	6,430	44.3	1,137	7.8					14,500
Carleton	10,916	60.8	5,309	29.6	1,730	9.6					17,955
Cochrane	4,711	18.6	13,285	52.4	7,355	29.0					25,351
Dufferin-Simcoe	8,539	63.6	4,885	36.4							13,424
Durham	6,479	48.3	6,003	44.8	926	6.9					13,408
Elgin	11,652	54.1	7,484	34.8	2,397	11.1					21,533
Essex East	8,244	28.7	16,165	56.2	4,349	15.1					28,758
Essex South	7,540	47.2	7,875	49.3	574	3.6					15,989
Essex West	12,069	37.7	14,270	44.6	5,689	17.8					32,028
Fort William	4,945	26.3	7,209	38.4	5,858	31.2			772	4.1	18,784
Frontenac-Addington	7,707	56.1	5,432	39.6	592	4.3					13,731
Glengarry	2,881	35.0	4,934	60.0	411	5.0					8,226
Grenville-Dundas	9,306	63.6	4,634	31.7	685	4.7					14,625
Grey-Bruce	7,582	43.0	8,912	50.6	1,127	6.4					17,621
Grey North	9,204	50.7	7,570	41.7	1,145	6.3	250	1.4			18,169
Haldimand	5,844	54.1	4,255	39.4	695	6.4					10,794
Halton	6,763	42.6	7,344	46.3	1,770	11.1					15,877
Hamilton East	11,501	32.8	13,176	37.5	8,705	24.8			1,721	4.9	35,103
Hamilton West	9,260	32.5	11,439	40.2	6,728	23.6			1,063	3.7	28,490
Hastings-Peterborough	6,876	58.4	4,226	35.9	673	5.7					11,775
Hastings South	10,546	48.6	9,420	43.4	1,731	8.0					21,697
Huron North	7,083	54.7	5,273	40.7	586	4.5					12,942
Huron-Perth	5,170	46.3	5,645	50.5	353	3.2					11,168
Kenora-Rainy River	5,260	29.2	7,309	40.5	4,762	26.4			705	3.9	18,036
Kent	12,706	51.9	10,490	42.8	1,291	5.3					24,487
Kingston City	9,175	50.9	7,588	42.1	1,271	7.0					18,034
Lambton-Kent	7,829	47.9	7,615	46.6	911	5.6					16,355
Lambton West	8,450	44.8	7,831	41.6	2,560	13.6					18,841
Lanark	10,350	60.3	6,053	35.3	753	4.4					17,156
Leeds	9,714	51.4	8,263	43.8	907	4.8					18,884
Lincoln	15,911	48.3	10,962	33.3	4,540	13.8			1,514	4.6	32,927

TABLE 39—Continued
1945 ELECTION RESULTS BY RIDING

	Progressive Conservative	%	Liberal	%	Co-operative Commonwealth Federation	%	Social Credit	%	Other	%	Total
London	16,766	47.5	13,421	38.0	4,901	13.9			225	0.6	35,313
Middlesex East	8,808	47.2	7,442	39.9	2,398	12.9					18,648
Middlesex West	4,303	37.6	6,690	58.4	458	4.0					11,451
Muskoka-Ontario	8,531	52.4	7,762	47.6							16,293
Nipissing	10,437	22.9	17,416	38.2	11,349	24.9	1,379	3.0	5,063	11.1	45,644
Norfolk	7,505	47.5	6,699	42.4	1,599	10.1					15,803
Northumberland	7,966	50.8	7,168	45.6	570	3.6					15,734
Ontario	8,996	34.4	12,079	46.2	4,389	16.8			671	2.6	26,135
Ottawa East	6,013	19.8	21,298	70.2	2,188	7.2	374	1.2	471	1.6	30,344
Ottawa West	21,993	41.9	24,458	46.5	4,824	9.2	495	0.9	779	1.4	52,549
Oxford	11,916	48.9	10,149	41.6	2,310	9.5					24,375
Parry Sound	4,909	40.4	5,301	43.6	1,951	16.0					12,161
Peel	10,357	58.7	5,489	31.1	1,788	10.1					17,634
Perth	10,961	46.6	10,785	45.9	1,772	7.5					23,518
Peterborough West	10,949	50.6	8,181	37.8	2,512	11.6					21,642
Port Arthur	3,516	17.5	10,045	50.1	5,504	27.4			1,004	5.0	20,069
Prescott	1,753	17.0	6,623	64.4	408	4.0			1,500	14.6	10,284
Prince Edward-Lennox	7,907	58.4	5,121	37.8	517	3.8					13,545
Renfrew North	5,882	41.2	6,828	47.9	1,555	10.9					14,265
Renfrew South	4,872	37.8	7,182	55.7	835	6.5					12,889
Russell	3,271	26.3	5,519	44.4	600	4.8	340	2.7	2,708	21.8	12,438
Simcoe East	6,978	39.7	8,508	48.4	2,109	12.0					17,595
Simcoe North	8,251	52.9	6,309	40.5	1,027	6.6					15,587
Stormont	6,016	32.2	11,702	62.5	991	5.3					18,709
Timiskaming	4,373	22.9	7,818	41.0	6,330	33.2			565	3.0	19,086
Victoria	8,207	50.7	7,388	45.6	601	3.7					16,196
Waterloo North	7,635	26.9	15,791	55.6	4,394	15.5			581	2.0	28,401
Waterloo South	9,201	46.4	5,824	29.4	4,795	24.2					19,820
Welland	14,637	32.7	19,522	43.6	7,383	16.5			3,258	7.3	44,800
Wellington North	5,779	48.2	5,764	48.0	457	3.8					12,000
Wellington South	7,665	40.8	8,434	45.2	2,355	12.5			268	1.4	18,772

Wentworth	15,458	37.7	13,652	33.3	11,914	29.0					41,024
York East	19,908	45.9	14,036	32.3	8,654	19.9	355	0.8	465	1.1	43,418
York North	10,295	40.5	11,428	45.0	3,670	14.5					25,393
York South	16,666	41.3	9,104	22.5	13,543	33.5			1,089	2.7	40,402
York West	14,703	41.2	12,947	36.2	7,183	20.1			886	2.5	35,719
CITY OF TORONTO											
Broadview	13,011	51.1	6,362	25.0	5,414	21.2			694	2.7	25,481
Danforth	11,401	51.2	6,415	28.8	4,467	20.0					22,283
Davenport	13,110	48.6	7,682	28.5	4,931	18.3	346	1.3	882	3.3	26,951
Eglinton	21,476	53.4	13,586	33.8	4,435	11.0	367	0.9	382	0.9	40,246
Greenwood	13,475	48.9	7,143	25.9	6,495	23.5			468	1.7	27,581
High Park	12,992	43.3	11,379	38.0	5,612	18.7					29,983
Parkdale	11,588	43.2	9,981	37.2	4,188	15.6			1,053	3.9	26,810
Rosedale	11,784	48.8	6,997	29.0	4,342	18.0			1,006	4.2	24,129
St. Paul's	12,390	40.7	12,211	40.1	4,958	16.3			895	2.9	30,454
Spadina	10,846	26.0	17,978	43.2	2,769	6.6			10,050	24.1	41,643
Trinity	8,908	31.1	8,817	30.8	3,425	12.0			7,488	26.1	28,638
MANITOBA											
Brandon	5,621	30.7	6,870	37.6	5,294	29.0			497	2.7	18,282
Churchill	3,884	28.8	4,359	32.4	5,226	38.8					13,469
Dauphin	4,599	28.1	5,550	33.9	6,226	38.0					16,375
Lisgar	4,257	41.2	4,552	44.1	1,512	14.6					10,321
Macdonald	5,147	35.2	6,147	42.1	2,078	14.2	1,235	8.5			14,607
Marquette	5,062	30.6	6,367	38.5	5,098	30.8					16,527
Neepawa	6,497	46.6	4,624	33.2	2,848	20.4					13,969
Portage la Prairie	3,592	29.4	5,457	44.7	2,306	18.9	857	7.0			12,212
Provencher	894	7.8	4,541	39.7	1,838	16.1	1,940	17.0	2,220	19.4	11,433
St. Boniface	3,421	20.9	6,055	37.0	4,823	29.4	1,369	8.4	710	4.3	16,378
Selkirk	3,499	16.9	6,448	31.2	7,556	36.5	1,197	5.8	1,978	9.6	20,678
Souris	6,177	58.0	2,640	24.8	1,838	17.3					10,655
Springfield	2,308	13.7	5,376	31.8	4,797	28.4	1,783	10.6	2,631	15.6	16,895
Winnipeg North	2,584	7.5	8,839	25.7	13,055	37.9	864	2.5	9,116	26.5	34,458
Winnipeg North Centre	4,711	16.4	5,728	19.9	15,971	55.5	1,077	3.7	1,283	4.5	28,770
Winnipeg South	9,589	31.4	11,921	39.0	9,033	29.6					30,543
Winnipeg South Centre	8,461	22.7	16,389	44.0	12,393	33.3					37,243

TABLE 39—Continued
1945 ELECTION RESULTS BY RIDING

	Progressive Conservative	%	Liberal	%	Co-operative Commonwealth Federation	%	Social Credit	%	Other	%	Total
SASKATCHEWAN											
Assiniboia	3,084	19.5	5,779	36.5	6,952	44.0					15,815
Humboldt			6,380	41.7	7,843	51.2	1,094	7.1			15,317
Kindersley	2,653	19.0	4,787	34.3	5,499	39.4	1,001	7.2			13,940
Lake Centre	6,884	41.5	3,812	23.0	5,875	35.5					16,571
Mackenzie	1,580	8.7	5,306	29.4	9,037	50.0	2,143	11.9			18,066
Maple Creek	2,562	17.3	4,084	27.5	6,483	43.7	1,721	11.6			14,850
Melfort	5,793	27.5	5,408	25.7	9,849	46.8					21,050
Melville			10,095	50.1	10,067	49.9					20,162
Moose Jaw	4,358	21.7	5,862	29.2	9,831	49.0					20,051
North Battleford	2,039	12.7	4,420	27.6	5,049	31.5	1,525	9.5	2,971	18.6	16,004
Prince Albert	2,768	14.3	7,799	40.3	7,928	41.0	847	4.4			19,342
Qu'Appelle	5,415	33.0	4,871	29.6	6,146	37.4					16,432
Regina City	6,973	21.8	10,804	33.7	13,799	43.1			441	1.4	32,017
Rosetown-Biggar	3,129	20.5	3,618	23.8	8,484	55.7					15,231
Rosthern	1,299	9.5	6,898	50.5	4,678	34.2	792	5.8			13,667
Saskatoon City	8,339	36.1	4,902	21.2	9,217	39.9			618	2.7	23,076
Swift Current	2,537	15.4	6,169	37.3	7,813	47.3					16,519
The Battlefords	2,994	17.5	5,156	30.2	7,579	44.4	1,346	7.9			17,075
Weyburn	1,739	10.3	5,962	35.4	8,174	48.5	980	5.8			16,855
Wood Mountain	2,718	16.8	5,641	35.0	7,772	48.2					16,131
Yorkton	3,966	21.2	5,591	29.9	9,158	48.9					18,715
ALBERTA											
Acadia	1,211	11.3	2,035	19.0	1,903	17.8	5,556	51.9			10,705
Athabaska	1,375	9.3	5,301	35.8	1,756	11.8	4,823	32.5	1,564	10.6	14,819
Battle River	1,661	12.8	1,722	13.2	2,604	20.0	6,250	48.0	790	6.1	13,027
Bow River	3,917	22.9	2,091	12.2	3,386	19.8	6,569	38.4	1,149	6.7	17,112
Calgary East	7,799	31.5	4,771	19.3	5,646	22.8	5,854	23.7	672	2.7	24,742
Calgary West	8,872	38.4	5,011	21.7	3,641	15.8	4,766	20.6	791	3.4	23,081
Camrose	1,880	12.0	2,501	16.0	4,045	25.9	7,194	46.1			15,620

Edmonton East	4,115	16.7	5,313	21.5	5,833	23.6	8,214	33.3	1,223	5.0	24,698
Edmonton West	6,002	23.3	8,562	33.2	4,112	16.0	6,565	25.5	524	2.0	25,765
Jasper-Edson	1,902	9.7	4,663	23.8	4,829	24.7	7,313	37.3	876	4.5	19,583
Lethbridge	2,985	17.9	3,820	22.9	2,165	13.0	7,250	43.5	439	2.6	16,659
Macleod	3,924	23.0	2,620	15.4	2,569	15.1	6,342	37.2	1,613	9.5	17,068
Medicine Hat	2,647	16.2	4,631	28.4	2,301	14.1	6,752	41.3			16,331
Peace River	2,732	15.3	4,109	23.1	3,666	20.6	7,319	41.1			17,826
Red Deer	3,636	19.5	2,666	14.3	2,984	16.0	8,653	46.5	677	3.6	18,616
Vegreville			4,806	28.5	1,668	9.9	7,146	42.3	3,272	19.4	16,892
Wetaskiwin	3,419	18.8	3,040	16.7	3,969	21.8	7,255	39.8	546	3.0	18,229
BRITISH COLUMBIA											
Cariboo	2,490	17.6	4,841	34.1	5,773	40.7	1,080	7.6			14,184
Comox-Alberni					4,692	28.1			12,027*	71.9	16,719
Fraser Valley	6,102	31.9	7,629	39.9	5,377	28.1					19,108
Kamloops	4,401	33.1	4,229	31.8	4,003	30.1			666	5.0	13,299
Kootenay East	2,640	20.6	3,189	24.9	4,712	36.9	613	4.8	1,632	12.8	12,786
Kootenay West	4,938	30.0	3,802	23.1	1,611	9.8			6,123*	37.2	16,474
Nanaimo	11,181	35.3	8,223	26.0	9,542	30.1			2,707	8.6	31,653
New Westminster	11,133	26.6	14,158	33.8	12,229	29.2	1,403	3.4	2,955	7.1	41,878
Skeena	2,184	19.7	3,333	30.1	4,079	36.8			1,479	13.4	11,075
Vancouver-Burrard	14,677	37.4	8,648	22.0	12,264	31.2	1,025	2.6	2,635	6.7	39,249
Vancouver Centre	8,859	26.5	9,959	29.8	9,145	27.3	1,042	3.1	4,462	13.4	33,467
Vancouver East	7,008	19.6	7,786	21.7	16,003	44.7			5,012	14.0	35,809
Vancouver North	5,971	17.2	13,373	38.6	10,010	28.9	1,483	4.3	3,809	11.0	34,646
Vancouver South	25,878	53.8	12,056	25.1	8,497	17.7	766	1.6	920	1.9	48,117
Victoria	11,442	32.3	11,806	33.3	10,295	29.1	793	2.2	1,093	3.1	35,429
Yale	9,625	39.2	4,705	19.2	7,713	31.4	1,685	6.9	820	3.3	24,548
YUKON TERRITORY											
Yukon	849	40.0			584	27.5			687	32.4	2,120

THE GENERAL ELECTION OF JUNE 27, 1949

In the election of 1949 the Liberals were headed by their new leader, Louis St. Laurent, who had succeeded to the Prime Ministership the year before. The Progressive Conservatives, too, had chosen a new leader, George Drew. Both parties entered near complete slates of candidates. The minor parties contested far fewer seats than they had in 1945, and consequently the election was less complex than the previous contest had been.

The election gave to the Liberals a landslide victory similar in proportions to the one which they had recorded in 1940. The percentage of the vote polled and the percentage of the seats won by the party were almost identical in the two cases. In Quebec the Liberals won back most of the vote which had been siphoned off to the independent candidates in 1945, and took all but five of the province's 73 seats. In Ontario it was the Progressive Conservatives who felt the brunt of the Liberal tide. While the portion of the vote polled by the C.C.F. in this province remained about the same as in 1945, that of the Progressive Conservatives declined over four percentage points, and that of the Liberals rose a similar amount. The shift reduced the number of Conservative seats to 25. Finally, in the West the Liberals cut heavily into C.C.F. and Social Credit strength, taking 22 seats formerly held by these parties. In short, the election was a decisive Liberal victory over all the opposition parties.

For the Conservatives, 1949 marked the fourth consecutive election in which the party's percentage of the national vote stayed at about 30 percent, despite the fact that now the party contested all but ten of the 262 seats. For the C.C.F. the election appeared to spell the end of any hope the party may have had of becoming the major opposition. The electoral system was proving too great a handicap. In Ontario, for example, despite winning over 15 percent of the vote, the party won only a single seat; and in British Columbia, although polling almost one-third of the vote, it won only three. Finally, Social Credit continued to be a one-province party, all ten of its seats being from Alberta.

TABLE 40
1949 ELECTION RESULTS
SEATS WON AND VOTES POLLED BY PARTY

	Progressive Conservative				Liberal			
	Seats		Votes		Seats		Votes	
		%		%		%		%
Newfoundland	2	28.6	29,203	27.9	5	71.4	75,235	71.9
Prince Edward Island	1	25.0	32,989	48.4	3	75.0	33,480	49.1
Nova Scotia	2	15.4	126,365	37.5	10	76.9	177,680	52.7
New Brunswick	2	20.0	88,049	39.4	8	80.0	120,369	53.8
Quebec	2	2.7	392,530	24.6	68	93.2	961,974	60.4
Ontario	25	30.1	757,210	37.4	56	67.5	924,231	45.7
Manitoba	1	6.3	70,689	22.0	12	75.0	153,857	47.9
Saskatchewan	1	5.0	53,624	14.4	14	70.0	161,887	43.4
Alberta	2	11.8	56,947	16.8	5	29.4	116,647	34.5
British Columbia	3	16.7	128,620	27.9	11	61.1	169,018	36.7
Yukon-Mackenzie River	—	—	—	—	1	100.0	3,284	49.0
TOTAL	41	15.6	1,736,226	29.7	193	73.7	2,897,662	49.5

	Co-operative Commonwealth Federation				Social Credit			
	Seats		Votes		Seats		Votes	
		%		%		%		%
Newfoundland	—	—	197	0.2	—	—	—	—
Prince Edward Island	—	—	1,626	2.4	—	—	—	—
Nova Scotia	1	7.7	33,333	9.9	—	—	—	—
New Brunswick	—	—	9,450	4.2	—	—	—	—
Quebec	—	—	17,767	1.1	—	—	80,990	5.1
Ontario	1	1.2	306,551	15.2	—	—	3,225	0.2
Manitoba	3	18.8	83,176	25.9	—	—	—	—
Saskatchewan	5	25.0	152,399	40.9	—	—	3,474	0.9
Alberta	—	—	31,329	9.3	10	58.8	126,409	37.4
British Columbia	3	16.7	145,442	31.5	—	—	2,109	0.5
Yukon-Mackenzie River	—	—	1,140	17.0	—	—	—	—
TOTAL	13	5.0	782,410	13.4	10	3.8	216,207	3.7

	Other				Total	
	Seats		Votes		Seats	Votes
		%		%		
Newfoundland	—	—	—	—	7	104,635
Prince Edward Island	—	—	—	—	4	68,095
Nova Scotia	—	—	—	—	13	337,378
New Brunswick	—	—	5,789	2.6	10	223,657
Quebec	3	4.1	140,039	8.8	73	1,593,300
Ontario	1	1.2	30,957	1.5	83	2,022,174
Manitoba	—	—	13,189	4.1	16	320,911
Saskatchewan	—	—	1,531	0.4	20	372,915
Alberta	—	—	6,799	2.0	17	338,131
British Columbia	1	5.6	15,879	3.4	18	461,068
Yukon-Mackenzie River	—	—	2,283	34.0	1	6,707
TOTAL	5	1.9	216,466	3.7	262	5,848,971

TABLE 40

The following is an itemization of the votes which are included in the column "Other."

N.B.	Ind. Lib. (1) 3,084; Union of Electors (1) 2,172; Ind. (1) 533.
Que.	Ind. (17) 99,219; Ind. Lib. (13) 18,959; National Unity (1) 5,590; Labor Prog. (2) 5,078; Ind. Prog. Con. (3) 4,997; Nationalist (1) 4,994; Lib.-Labor (1) 433; Social Justice (1) 367; Republican (1) 294; Labor (1) 108. ELECTED: 3 Independents.
Ont.	Labor Prog. (7) 13,613; Ind. Lib. (2) 6,488; Farmer-Labor (1) 6,161; Union of Electors (4) 2,036; Ind. (2) 1,304; Ind. Prog. Con. (1) 777; Labor (1) 307; Labor Soc. (1) 271. ELECTED: 1 Independent.
Man.	Ind. (3) 6,666; Labor Prog. (2) 6,523.
Sask.	Labor Prog. (2) 1,531.
Alta.	Ind. S.C. (2) 4,598; Labor Prog. (2) 2,201.
B.C.	Ind. (2) 11,992; Labor Prog. (3) 3,887. ELECTED: 1 Independent.
Yukon	Ind. (1) 2,283.

Explanation of Party Totals:

Que.	One Independent Progressive Conservative is counted as a Progressive Conservative. The vote in the Social Credit column is that polled by the Union of Electors, which in 1949 was the Quebec affiliate of Social Credit.

TABLE 41
1949 ELECTION RESULTS
NUMBER OF SEATS CONTESTED, RETAINED, GAINED, AND LOST BY PARTY

	Total Seats	Progressive Conservative C	R	G	L	Liberal C	R	G	L	Co-operative Commonwealth Federation C	R	G	L	Social Credit C	R	G	L	Other C	R	G	L	Total No. Candidates	Total Changing Seats
Newfoundland	7	7	—	—	—	7	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	15	—
Prince Edward Island	4	4	1	—	—	4	3	—	—	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	10	—
Nova Scotia	13	13	2	—	1	13	8	1	—	9	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	35	1
New Brunswick	10	10	2	—	1	10	7	1	—	6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	3	—	—	—	29	1
Quebec	73	69	—	2	3	73	53	8	2	20	—	—	—	50	—	—	1	41	—	1	5	253	11
Ontario	83	83	25	—	22	83	32	22	1	76	—	1	1	5	—	—	—	19	—	1	—	266	24
Manitoba	16	15	1	—	1	16	7	5	1	14	2	1	4	—	—	—	—	5	—	—	—	50	6
Saskatchewan	20	20	1	—	—	20	2	12	—	20	5	—	12	4	—	—	—	2	—	—	—	66	12
Alberta	17	14	2	—	—	17	3	2	—	13	—	—	—	17	10	—	2	4	—	—	—	65	2
British Columbia	18	15	2	—	2	16	4	6	—	18	2	1	4	2	—	—	—	5	1	—	1	56	7
Yukon-Mackenzie River	1	—	—	—	1	1	—	1	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	3	1
TOTAL	262	250	36	2	31	260	119	58	4	180	10	3	21	78	10	—	3	80	1	2	6	848	65

The table is confined to 241 seats which, despite the Redistribution Act of 1947, could reasonably be compared with seats existing in 1945. The gains made by the parties were as follows:

	Prog. Con. Gain From Lib.	Prog. Con. Gain From Other	Lib. Gain From Prog. Con.	Lib. Gain From C.C.F.	Lib. Gain From S.C.	Lib. Gain From Other	C.C.F. Gain From Prog. Con.	C.C.F. Gain From Lib.	C.C.F. Gain From Other	Other Gain From Lib.
N.S.			1							
N.B.			1							
Que.	1	1[1]	3		1	4[2]				1[3]
Ont.			21	1			1			1[4]
Man.			1	4				1		
Sask.				12						
Alta.					2					
B.C.			2	4					1[5]	
Yukon			1							
TOTAL	1	1	30	21	3	4	1	1	1	2

[1] Independent.
[2] Two **Bloc Populaire Canadien;** two Independents (one being a former Independent now running as a Liberal).
[3] Independent.
[4] Independent Liberal.
[5] Independent C.C.F. (a former Independent C.C.F. now running as a C.C.F.).

TABLE 42
1949 ELECTION RESULTS
SEATS WON BY PERCENTAGE POINT MARGINS

Percentage Points		0.1–4.9	5.0–9.9	10.0–14.9	15.0–19.9	20.0–29.9	30.0–39.9	40.0–49.9	50.0–100.0	Total Seats
Newfoundland		1		1					5	7
Prince Edward Island		3	1							4
Nova Scotia		3	5	2		2	1			13
New Brunswick		3	1	1	1	2	2			10
Quebec		10	3	4	9	15	15	8	9	73
Ontario		24	19	18	3	14	4		1	83
Manitoba		4		1	2	7	2			16
Saskatchewan		3	10	2	1	3	1			20
Alberta		3	1	2	5	4	2			17
British Columbia		4	4	2	4	2	2			18
Yukon-Mackenzie River					1					1
TOTAL	No.	58	44	33	26	49	29	8	15	262
	%	22.1	16.8	12.6	9.9	18.7	11.1	3.1	5.7	100

The most closely contested seats were divided among the parties as follows:

	Nfld.	P.E.I.	N.S.	N.B.	Que.	Ont.	Man.	Sask.	Alta.	B.C.	Yuk.	Total
0.1–4.9												
Prog. Con.	1	1	1		3	12	1		1			20
Lib.		2	2	3	5	11	1	2	1	4		31
C.C.F.						1	2	1				4
S.C.									1			1
Other					2							2
												58
5.0–9.9												
Prog. Con.			1	1		6				1		9
Lib.		1	3		2	13		7	1	1		28
C.C.F.			1					3		2		6
Other					1							1
												44

TABLE 43
1949 ELECTION RESULTS BY RIDING

	Progressive Conservative	%	Liberal	%	Co-operative Commonwealth Federation	%	Social Credit	%	Other	%	Total
NEWFOUNDLAND											
Bonavista-Twillingate	1,415	12.7	9,744	87.3							11,159
Burin-Burgeo	1,053	7.7	12,590	92.3							13,643
Grand Falls-White Bay	1,879	13.3	12,301	86.7							14,180
Humber-St. George's	1,451	10.8	11,930	89.2							13,381
St. John's East	9,912	55.0	7,913	43.9	197	1.1					18,022
St. John's West	10,344	51.3	9,828	48.7							20,172
Trinity-Conception	3,149	22.4	10,929	77.6							14,078
PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND											
Kings	4,482	46.9	5,079	53.1							9,561
Prince	7,834	46.0	8,007	47.0	1,182	6.9					17,023
Queens*	20,673	49.8	20,394	49.2	444	1.1					41,511
NOVA SCOTIA											
Annapolis-Kings	13,198	50.0	13,202	50.0							26,400
Antigonish-Guysborough	4,385	36.6	7,586	63.4							11,971
Cape Breton North and Victoria	5,083	30.5	9,461	56.8	2,102	12.6					16,646
Cape Breton South	5,618	16.9	12,608	37.9	15,057	45.2					33,283
Colchester-Hants	13,550	49.2	13,149	47.8	814	3.0					27,513
Cumberland	9,850	49.8	8,718	44.1	1,205	6.0					19,773
Digby-Yarmouth	9,505	46.1	11,084	53.8							20,589
Halifax*	37,049	32.5	65,028	57.1	11,795	10.4					113,872
Inverness-Richmond	5,082	32.4	10,584	67.6							15,666
Lunenburg	7,527	44.5	8,829	52.2	574	3.4					16,930
Pictou	9,236	42.8	10,930	50.7	1,397	6.5					21,56[illegible]
Queens-Shelburne	6,282	47.7	6,501	49.4	389	3.0					13,172
NEW BRUNSWICK											
Charlotte	6,139	49.8	6,197	50.2							12,336
Gloucester	6,391	30.2	14,759	69.8							21,150

Kent	2,496	21.3	5,754	49.0	406	3.5			3,084	26.3	11,740
Northumberland	6,980	39.5	9,840	55.6	336	1.9			533	3.0	17,689
Restigouche-Madawaska	6,238	25.6	15,919	65.4					2,172	8.9	24,329
Royal	9,501	51.9	7,863	43.0	933	5.1					18,297
St. John-Albert	17,052	44.7	18,691	48.9	2,445	6.4					38,188
Victoria-Carleton	10,429	55.0	8,539	45.0							18,968
Westmorland	11,696	32.4	20,649	57.3	3,702	10.3					36,047
York-Sunbury	11,127	44.7	12,158	48.8	1,628	6.5					24,913
QUEBEC											
Argenteuil-Two Mountains	9,672	46.8	10,500	50.8			481	2.3			20,653
Beauce			10,045	45.3			1,840	8.3	10,267*	46.3	22,152
Beauharnois	4,547	27.4	11,631	70.1			397	2.4			16,575
Bellechasse	41	0.3	7,395	58.8			332	2.6	4,798	38.2	12,566
Berthier-Maskinonge	8,242	41.2	11,770	58.8							20,012
Bonaventure	6,776	39.8	9,802	57.6					437	2.6	17,015
Brome-Missisquoi	6,266	39.7	8,831	56.0	279	1.8	402	2.5			15,778
Chambly-Rouville	11,362	33.9	20,946	62.5	733	2.2			449	1.3	33,490
Champlain	7,719	36.6	11,663	55.4			747	3.5	940	4.5	21,069
Chapleau	1,822	9.4	11,304	58.1			6,318	32.5			19,444
Charlevoix	1,608	9.6	9,543	57.1			940	5.6	4,619	27.6	16,710
Chateauguay-Huntingdon-Laprairie	7,028	41.3	9,986	58.7							17,014
Chicoutimi			9,763	44.8			1,757	8.1	10,252*	47.1	21,772
Compton-Frontenac	5,327	30.2	10,764	61.0			1,555	8.8			17,646
Dorchester	6,762	45.8	6,983	47.3			1,020	6.9			14,765
Drummond-Arthabaska	1,804	7.9	16,899	73.6			4,251	18.5			22,954
Gaspe	9,650	43.4	12,567	56.6							22,217
Gatineau	4,448	29.6	9,865	65.7			697	4.6			15,010
Hull	7,060	25.1	18,446	65.5	771	2.7	1,871	6.6			28,148
Iles de la Madeleine	2,145	49.3	2,203	50.7							4,348
Joliette-L'Assomption-Montcalm	13,584	41.5	18,755	57.4			361	1.1			32,700
Kamouraska	1,437	13.2	7,792	71.3			1,696	15.5			10,925
Labelle	8,701	48.4	7,998	44.4			1,289	7.2			17,988
Lake St. John	138	1.1	7,084	54.3			824	6.3	4,994	38.3	13,040
Lapointe			10,275	49.4			4,730	22.7	5,797	27.9	20,802

TABLE 43—Continued

1949 ELECTION RESULTS BY RIDING

	Progressive Conservative	%	Liberal	%	Co-operative Commonwealth Federation	%	Social Credit	%	Other	%	Total
Levis	72	0.4	11,752	60.8			655	3.4	6,851	35.4	19,330
Lotbiniere	72	0.5	8,849	56.6			288	1.8	6,430	41.1	15,639
Matapedia-Matane	9,811	42.7	11,546	50.3			678	3.0	926	4.0	22,961
Megantic	6,791	29.9	13,273	58.4	415	1.8	2,230	9.8			22,709
Montmagny-L'Islet	2,380	18.1	10,004	75.9			793	6.0			13,177
Nicolet-Yamaska	9,680	48.7	10,208	51.3							19,888
Pontiac-Temiscamingue	5,149	28.7	7,817	43.6	362	2.0	1,562	8.7	3,041	17.0	17,931
Portneuf	6,069	32.7	10,932	58.8			1,579	8.5			18,580
Quebec East	7,876	22.4	25,832	73.6			1,395	4.0			35,103
Quebec-Montmorency	7,071	27.5	16,829	65.4			1,849	7.2			25,749
Quebec South	6,454	24.5	19,383	73.5			542	2.1			26,379
Quebec West	6,946	30.4	12,391	54.2	180	0.8	1,714	7.5	1,620	7.1	22,851
Richelieu-Vercheres	419	2.2	12,795	66.5			429	2.2	5,590	29.1	19,233
Richmond-Wolfe	3,990	19.8	13,621	67.8			2,493	12.4			20,104
Rimouski	7,389	30.5	11,708	48.4			1,491	6.2	3,614	14.9	24,202
Roberval			8,103	49.7			2,135	13.1	6,078	37.3	16,316
St. Hyacinthe-Bagot	1,105	6.6	14,702	87.6			981	5.8			16,788
St. John-Iberville-Napierville	343	1.9	12,823	71.0			417	2.3	4,478	24.8	18,061
St. Maurice-Lafleche	347	1.2	13,898	49.7			2,064	7.4	11,646	41.7	27,955
Saguenay	5,651	43.9	6,113	48.3					889	7.0	12,653
Shefford	8,017	36.6	12,993	59.3			906	4.1			21,916
Sherbrooke	6,522	26.5	12,116	49.2	217	0.9	2,728	11.1	3,060	12.4	24,643
Stanstead	7,251	43.2	7,736	46.1			1,358	8.1	433	2.6	16,778
Temiscouata	2,250	13.5	11,648	69.9			2,756	16.5			16,654
Terrebonne	8,107	29.6	18,304	66.9			953	3.5			27,364
Three Rivers	10,015	39.0	9,964	38.8			432	1.7	5,292	20.6	25,703
Vaudreuil-Soulanges	3,659	32.4	7,622	67.6							11,281
Villeneuve	958	3.7	13,597	52.4			10,980	42.3	393	1.5	25,928

ISLAND OF MONTREAL											
Cartier	2,636	11.6	11,993	52.8	3,238	14.2			4,868	21.4	22,735
Hochelaga	6,930	26.5	17,633	67.4			1,615	6.2			26,178
Jacques Cartier	7,794	31.1	15,298	61.0	2,007	8.0					25,099
Lafontaine	331	1.3	12,883	51.8	217	0.9			11,419	46.0	24,850
Laurier	1,735	8.3	15,578	74.4	782	3.7			2,845	13.6	20,940
Laval	9,888	35.2	18,202	64.8							28,090
Maisonneuve-Rosemont	8,804	28.8	20,512	67.2			1,207	4.0			30,523
Mercier	7,786	29.5	17,041	64.5			1,587	6.0			26,414
Mount Royal	11,550	34.0	21,654	63.8	719	2.1					33,923
Notre Dame de Grace	10,293	33.4	19,469	63.2	1,054	3.4					30,816
Outremont-St. John	5,030	23.7	16,215	76.3							21,245
Papineau	587	2.2	12,536	47.7	541	2.1			12,611*	48.0	26,275
St. Ann	443	2.2	14,528	72.2	457	2.3			4,707	23.3	20,135
St. Antoine-Westmont	11,299	34.6	21,399	65.4							32,698
St. Denis	9,509	32.6	18,866	64.7	776	2.7					29,151
St. Henri	7,369	29.4	16,313	65.0	909	3.6	500	2.0			25,091
St. James	9,349	32.5	18,705	65.0			720	2.5			28,774
St. Lawrence-St. George	5,911	26.7	15,104	68.2	1,146	5.2					22,161
St. Mary	6,963	32.1	13,773	63.5	352	1.6			612	2.9	21,700
Verdun-La Salle	7,790	21.7	24,903	69.5	2,612	7.3	445	1.2	83	0.2	35,833
ONTARIO											
Algoma East	2,908	25.7	6,184	54.8	2,202	19.5					11,294
Algoma West	5,056	25.4	10,127	50.9	4,716	23.7					19,899
Brantford	6,747	28.7	12,565	53.5	4,160	17.7					23,472
Brant-Wentworth	6,693	42.8	6,669	42.7	2,259	14.5					15,621
Bruce	6,685	44.6	7,517	50.1	795	5.3					14,997
Carleton	18,141	53.0	13,937	40.7	2,155	6.3					34,233
Cochrane	3,885	28.9	6,352	47.2	2,331	17.3			891	6.6	13,459
Dufferin-Simcoe	7,639	57.2	5,720	42.8							13,359
Durham	6,476	43.8	6,907	46.7	1,419	9.6					14,802
Elgin	10,265	48.6	9,085	43.0	1,783	8.4					21,133
Essex East	8,204	26.0	16,709	52.9	5,213	16.5			1,464	5.6	31,590
Essex South	9,110	46.6	10,427	53.4							19,537
Essex West	12,958	36.6	15,620	44.1	6,836	19.3					35,414
Fort William	5,751	27.5	9,569	45.8	4,830	23.1			746	3.6	20,896
Frontenac-Addington	7,724	51.6	6,490	43.3	767	5.1					14,981

TABLE 43—Continued
1949 ELECTION RESULTS BY RIDING

	Progressive Conservative	%	Liberal	%	Co-operative Commonwealth Federation	%	Social Credit	%	Other	%	Total
Glengarry	3,559	41.1	4,809	55.5			300	3.5			8,668
Grenville-Dundas	8,450	60.2	5,102	36.3	496	3.5					14,048
Grey-Bruce	6,051	34.2	10,528	59.4	1,137	6.4					17,716
Grey North	7,589	40.2	9,949	52.7	1,354	7.2					18,892
Haldimand	5,432	47.1	5,124	44.4	978	8.5					11,534
Halton	8,099	41.6	9,546	49.0	1,829	9.4					19,474
Hamilton East	11,155	31.7	14,035	39.9	8,302	23.6			1,720	4.9	35,212
Hamilton West	9,252	32.7	12,324	43.5	6,748	23.8					28,324
Hastings-Peterborough	6,578	54.9	4,681	39.0	732	6.1					11,991
Hastings South	10,337	41.0	13,099	51.9	1,780	7.1					25,216
Huron North	6,986	50.1	6,465	46.4	497	3.6					13,948
Huron-Perth	6,705	47.0	7,000	49.1	558	3.9					14,263
Kenora-Rainy River	5,024	24.9	11,297	56.0	3,869	19.2					20,190
Kent	12,444	44.0	14,903	52.7	949	3.4					28,296
Kingston City	7,831	42.0	10,045	53.8	786	4.2					18,662
Lambton-Kent	8,189	45.8	9,674	54.2							17,863
Lambton West	9,730	47.0	8,962	43.3	2,014	9.7					20,706
Lanark	10,921	60.0	6,682	36.6	632	3.5					18,235
Leeds	9,302	46.3	10,080	50.2	699	3.5					20,081
Lincoln	14,038	37.0	17,407	45.8	5,793	15.3			742	2.0	37,980
London	14,988	41.7	16,427	45.7	4,532	12.6					35,947
Middlesex East	9,258	43.5	9,198	43.2	2,848	13.4					21,304
Middlesex West	5,239	39.8	7,938	60.2							13,177
Nipissing	4,836	22.4	11,061	51.2	3,663	17.0	1,552	7.2	489	2.3	21,601
Norfolk	7,067	40.3	9,280	52.9	1,180	6.7					17,527
Northumberland	8,522	47.6	9,374	52.4							17,896
Ontario	9,803	30.1	13,412	41.2	9,344	28.7					32,559
Ottawa East	5,499	18.4	20,895	70.0	1,363	4.6	208	0.7	1,885	6.3	29,850
Ottawa West	15,010	35.7	24,295	57.8	2,754	6.5					42,059
Oxford	11,791	45.2	12,581	48.3	1,688	6.5					26,060
Parry Sound-Muskoka	9,816	40.9	11,636	48.5	2,535	10.6					23,987

Peel	10,570	49.4	7,788	36.4	3,043	14.2					21,401
Perth	9,667	43.4	10,901	49.0	1,697	7.6					22,265
Peterborough West	10,981	44.8	10,738	43.8	2,804	11.4					24,523
Port Arthur	5,068	20.5	12,646	51.1	6,401	25.9	627	2.5			24,742
Prescott	1,928	16.8	4,148	36.2					5,380*	47.0	11,456
Prince Edward-Lennox	7,435	52.1	5,965	41.8	866	6.1					14,266
Renfrew North	6,598	40.0	8,358	50.7	1,530	9.3					16,486
Renfrew South	6,412	43.3	7,909	53.4	486	3.3					14,807
Russell	5,767	28.8	12,635	63.0	1,112	5.5	538	2.7			20,052
Simcoe East	7,976	38.9	10,030	48.9	2,095	10.2			404	2.0	20,505
Simcoe North	7,658	50.0	6,613	43.2	1,053	6.9					15,324
Stormont	6,670	32.0	12,639	60.6	1,283	6.2			252	1.2	20,844
Sudbury	8,009	22.5	15,636	44.0	5,717	16.1			6,161	17.3	35,523
Timiskaming	5,512	26.2	8,528	40.6	6,961	33.1					21,001
Timmins	4,377	23.5	7,949	42.6	5,517	29.6			813	4.4	18,656
Victoria	11,061	50.8	10,105	46.4	625	2.9					21,791
Waterloo North	7,229	22.5	17,715	52.2	7,141	22.3					32,085
Waterloo South	8,740	38.7	8,397	37.2	5,425	24.0					22,562
Welland	13,259	26.4	23,734	47.3	11,493	22.9			1,711	1.4	50,197
Wellington North	6,025	48.0	6,057	48.2	479	3.8					12,561
Wellington South	7,778	35.6	10,344	47.3	3,748	17.1					21,870
Wentworth	16,443	38.3	13,312	31.0	11,638	27.1			1,590	3.7	42,983
York East	22,364	39.1	21,398	37.4	13,448	23.5					57,210
York North	14,429	36.9	18,933	48.4	5,736	14.7					39,098
York South	14,273	34.4	11,932	28.8	15,293	36.9					41,498
York West	19,184	38.1	18,689	37.1	12,498	24.8					50,371
CITY OF TORONTO											
Broadview	10,507	37.9	9,316	33.6	7,636	27.5			271	1.0	27,730
Danforth	9,960	42.2	8,013	34.0	5,601	23.3					23,574
Davenport	10,476	35.8	11,431	39.0	7,366	25.2					29,273
Eglinton	19,853	48.9	16,426	40.5	4,305	10.6					40,584
Greenwood	10,454	35.4	10,291	34.9	8,777	29.7					29,522
High Park	11,726	38.3	12,216	39.9	6,671	21.8					30,613
Parkdale	10,137	34.7	12,876	44.0	6,242	21.3					29,255
Rosedale	10,189	37.5	10,835	39.8	6,170	22.7					27,194
St. Paul's	12,922	38.5	14,000	41.7	6,677	19.9					33,599
Spadina	9,407	24.1	23,652	60.6	5,969	15.3					39,028
Trinity	8,423	28.3	10,389	34.9	4,522	15.2			6,438	21.6	29,772

TABLE 43—Continued

1949 ELECTION RESULTS BY RIDING

	Progressive Conservative	%	Liberal	%	Co-operative Commonwealth Federation	%	Social Credit	%	Other	%	Total
MANITOBA											
Brandon	7,150	35.1	11,262	55.3					1,964	9.6	20,377
Churchill	3,570	23.8	6,847	45.6	4,595	30.6					15,012
Dauphin	2,541	14.5	7,896	45.1	7,089	40.4					17,526
Lisgar	5,684	34.8	9,190	56.2	1,470	9.0					16,344
Marquette	4,016	23.4	10,144	59.2	2,984	17.4					17,144
Norquay	807	5.8	8,430	60.2	4,776	34.1					14,013
Portage-Neepawa	6,819	37.3	9,192	50.3	2,269	12.4					18,280
Provencher			6,834	63.0					4,008	37.0	10,842
St. Boniface	2,557	13.6	10,766	57.3	5,455	29.0					18,778
Selkirk	6,158	28.5	7,593	35.2	7,819	36.2					21,570
Souris	6,108	48.1	5,495	43.3	1,083	8.5					12,686
Springfield	3,494	20.2	8,253	47.8	4,418	25.6			1,117	6.5	17,282
Winnipeg North	1,816	5.7	11,962	37.8	12,432	39.3			5,406	17.1	31,616
Winnipeg North Centre	3,434	12.0	9,010	31.6	15,389	53.9			694	2.4	28,527
Winnipeg South	9,942	29.3	16,235	47.8	7,765	22.9					33,942
Winnipeg South Centre	6,593	24.4	14,747	54.7	5,632	20.9					26,972
SASKATCHEWAN											
Assiniboia	2,458	13.3	6,858	37.2	8,442	45.8	656	3.6			18,414
Humboldt	1,022	6.2	8,123	49.4	7,302	44.4					16,447
Kindersley	2,247	13.5	7,872	47.2	6,567	39.4					16,686
Lake Centre	8,845	48.7	3,061	16.8	5,413	29.8	856	4.7			18,175
Mackenzie	697	4.2	7,564	46.0	6,209	37.8	851	5.2	1,122	6.8	16,443
Maple Creek	2,503	14.2	8,217	46.7	6,868	39.0					17,588
Meadow Lake	1,331	10.3	7,078	55.0	4,461	34.7					12,870
Melfort	2,228	13.5	7,117	43.0	7,208	43.5					16,553
Melville	1,465	7.7	11,120	58.6	6,388	33.7					18,973
Moose Jaw	3,334	16.0	7,444	35.8	10,026	48.2					20,804
Moose Mountain	2,570	12.8	9,277	46.3	8,199	40.9					20,046
Prince Albert	2,258	12.2	8,916	48.2	7,341	39.6					18,515
Qu'Appelle	3,519	17.5	9,017	44.7	7,629	37.8					20,165

Regina City	4,060	12.3	14,356	43.5	14,194	43.0			409	1.2	33,019
Rosetown-Biggar	2,670	16.0	5,266	31.5	8,793	52.6					16,729
Rosthern	837	7.0	7,398	62.0	3,700	31.0					11,935
Saskatoon	7,013	25.4	8,868	32.1	11,749	42.5					27,630
Swift Current	1,761	10.9	7,595	47.1	6,776	42.0					16,132
The Battlefords	1,948	11.7	8,034	48.1	6,715	40.2					16,697
Yorkton	858	4.5	8,706	45.6	8,419	44.1	1,111	5.8			19,094
ALBERTA											
Acadia			4,186	41.5			5,897	58.5			10,083
Athabaska	1,139	6.9	7,566	45.5	1,738	10.5	4,982	30.0	1,198	7.2	16,623
Battle River			4,337	30.9	1,977	14.1	7,708	55.0			14,022
Bow River	2,558	14.2	4,449	24.7	1,530	8.5	8,537	47.3	969	5.4	18,043
Calgary East	9,641	35.9	8,555	31.8	3,083	11.5	5,597	20.8			26,876
Calgary West	11,457	42.7	8,619	32.1			6,785	25.3			26,861
Camrose	1,448	9.2	4,497	9.5	2,402	15.3	7,364	46.9			15,711
Edmonton East	3,816	12.6	10,964	36.1	2,961	9.8	7,972	26.3	4,632	15.3	30,345
Edmonton West	8,325	26.7	14,333	46.0	2,285	7.3	6,215	19.9			31,158
Jasper-Edson	2,053	10.3	7,288	36.5	3,839	19.2	6,797	34.0			19,977
Lethbridge	2,460	13.0	5,760	30.5	1,801	9.5	8,880	47.0			18,901
Macleod	3,314	20.2	4,066	24.7	1,647	10.0	7,411	45.1			16,438
Medicine Hat	2,346	12.7	6,069	32.8			10,086	54.5			18,501
Peace River	1,562	7.9	7,404	22.1	3,202	16.1	7,727	38.8			19,895
Red Deer	3,488	18.0	3,604	18.6	1,710	8.8	10,549	54.5			19,351
Vegreville			8,859	55.4			7,128	44.6			15,987
Wetaskiwin	3,340	17.3	6,091	31.5	3,154	16.3	6,774	35.0			19,359
BRITISH COLUMBIA											
Burnaby-Richmond	6,097	18.4	12,848	38.9	12,553	38.0			1,558	4.7	33,056
Cariboo			7,330	55.5	5,870	44.5					13,200
Coast-Capilano	4,713	17.9	15,294	58.2	6,253	23.8					26,260
Comox-Alberni					7,785	40.6			11,397*	59.4	19,182
Fraser Valley	4,514	19.9	12,587	55.5	5,573	24.6					22,674
Kamloops	7,682	40.1	6,399	33.4	5,091	26.6					19,172
Kootenay East	2,704	19.7	5,546	40.5	5,448	39.8					13,698
Kootenay West	8,319	45.9			9,794	54.1					18,113
Nanaimo	17,507	48.0	9,196	25.2	9,772	26.8					36,475
New Westminster	8,338	25.4	13,904	33.3	9,326	28.5	1,207	3.7			32,775
Skeena			5,847	58.3	4,183	41.7					10,030

TABLE 43—Continued
1949 ELECTION RESULTS BY RIDING

	Progressive Conservative	%	Liberal	%	Co-operative Commonwealth Federation	%	Social Credit	%	Other	%	Total
Vancouver-Burrard	10,676	35.2	10,967	36.1	8,705	28.7					30,348
Vancouver Centre	5,970	24.7	10,299	42.6	6,382	26.4			1,547	6.4	24,198
Vancouver East	4,261	14.3	10,154	34.0	14,056	47.1			1,377	4.6	29,848
Vancouver-Quadra	16,661	50.1	10,665	32.1	5,908	17.8					33,234
Vancouver South	9,462	28.7	13,082	39.7	10,397	31.6					32,941
Victoria	10,154	29.4	19,324	56.0	5,048	14.6					34,526
Yale	11,562	36.9	5,576	17.8	13,298	42.4	902	2.9			31,338
YUKON-MACKENZIE RIVER											
Yukon-Mackenzie River			3,284	49.0	1,140	17.0			2,283	34.0	6,707

THE GENERAL ELECTION OF AUGUST 10, 1953

The 1953 general election was in most respects a repetition of the contest fought four years earlier. The party leaders were the same, and each party contested about the same number of seats. The one major difference was that Social Credit, having now become a power in British Columbia politics, entered a full quota of candidates in this province, while in Quebec neither the party nor its 1949 affiliate, Union of Electors, contested a single riding. The Labor Progressive Party also changed the complexion of the election somewhat by entering more candidates (100) than ever before.

The outcome of the election was likewise similar to that of 1949. Again the Liberal Party polled just under 50 percent of the vote, and by winning twice as many of the closely fought ridings as its major rival managed to maintain its dominant position in Parliament. However, scattered losses of seats to the Progressive Conservatives (in Ontario), the C.C.F. (in Saskatchewan), and Social Credit (in British Columbia) did reduce the number of Liberal seats to 171 (from 193 in 1949).

For the fifth consecutive election the Progressive Conservatives were unable to increase their portion of the vote much over 30 percent, and as in previous years the electoral system distorted the party's share of seats to about half that amount. The only consolation for the Conservatives in this low turnout election was that the party managed to poll more votes than it had in 1949. The C.C.F. increased its representation to 23, on the strength of its showing in Saskatchewan, where it recovered from its 1949 setback, and in British Columbia where it benefited from the increase in seats accorded to the province under the 1952 Redistribution Act. Perhaps the most notable feature of the election was Social Credit's ability to expand its representation beyond Alberta. Polling 26.1 percent of the vote in British Columbia, the party won four seats in this province.

TABLE 44
1953 ELECTION RESULTS
SEATS WON AND VOTES POLLED BY PARTY

	Progressive Conservative				Liberal			
	Seats	%	Votes	%	Seats	%	Votes	%
Newfoundland	—	—	31,060	28.1	7	100.0	74,357	67.2
Prince Edward Island	1	25.0	31,836	48.1	3	75.0	33,874	51.1
Nova Scotia	1	8.3	133,498	40.1	10	83.3	176,554	53.0
New Brunswick	3	30.0	93,450	41.9	7	70.0	117,619	52.7
Quebec	4	5.3	454,052	29.4	66	88.0	944,071	61.0
Ontario	33	38.8	772,691	40.3	51	60.0	898,476	46.9
Manitoba	3	21.4	73,644	27.0	8	57.1	109,775	40.2
Saskatchewan	1	5.9	41,538	11.7	5	29.4	133,493	37.7
Alberta	2	11.8	49,450	14.5	4	23.5	118,941	35.0
British Columbia	3	13.6	66,426	14.1	8	36.4	145,570	30.9
Yukon Territory and Northwest Territories	—	—	1,934	26.7	2	100.0	3,898	53.8
TOTAL	51	19.2	1,749,579	31.0	171	64.5	2,756,628	48.9

	Co-operative Commonwealth Federation				Social Credit			
	Seats	%	Votes	%	Seats	%	Votes	%
Newfoundland	—	—	707	0.6	—	—	—	—
Prince Edward Island	—	—	552	0.8	—	—	—	—
Nova Scotia	1	8.3	22,357	6.7	—	—	—	—
New Brunswick	—	—	6,769	3.0	—	—	931	0.4
Quebec	—	—	23,833	1.5	—	—	—	—
Ontario	1	1.2	212,224	11.1	—	—	5,427	0.3
Manitoba	3	21.4	64,402	23.6	—	—	17,260	6.3
Saskatchewan	11	64.7	156,406	44.2	—	—	18,810	5.3
Alberta	—	—	23,573	6.9	11	64.7	138,847	40.8
British Columbia	7	31.8	125,487	26.6	4	18.2	123,278	26.1
Yukon Territory and Northwest Territories	—	—	—	—	—	—	998	13.8
TOTAL	23	8.7	636,310	11.3	15	5.7	305,551	5.4

	Other				Total	
	Seats	%	Votes	%	Seats	Votes
Newfoundland	—	—	4,459	4.0	7	110,583
Prince Edward Island	—	—	—	—	4	66,262
Nova Scotia	—	—	794	0.2	12	333,203
New Brunswick	—	—	4,317	1.9	10	223,086
Quebec	5	6.7	124,817	8.1	75	1,546,773
Ontario	—	—	26,602	1.4	85	1,915,420
Manitoba	—	—	7,696	2.8	14	272,777
Saskatchewan	—	—	3,906	1.1	17	354,153
Alberta	—	—	9,430	2.8	17	340,241
British Columbia	—	—	10,762	2.3	22	471,523
Yukon Territory and Northwest Territories	—	—	421	5.8	2	7,251
TOTAL	5	1.9	193,204	3.4	265	5,641,272

TABLE 44

The following is an itemization of the votes which are included in the column "Other."

Nfld.	Ind. (1) 4,459.
N.S.	Labor-Prog. (1) 794.
N.B.	Ind. Lib. (1) 4,317.
Que.	Ind. Lib. (17) 58,001; Ind. (6) 46,532; Labor Prog. (25) 10,819; Nationalist (1) 7,496; Ind. Prog. Con. (3) 1,636; Anti-Comm. (1) 333. ELECTED: 3 Independents; 2 Independent Liberals.
Ont.	Labor Prog. (29) 18,414; Ind. (3) 6,337; Christian Lib. (1) 1,505; Ind. Lib. (1) 216; Labor Soc. (1) 130.
Man.	Labor Prog. (7) 6,194; Ind. Lib. (2) 1,361; Ind. (1) 141.
Sask.	Labor Prog. (9) 3,906.
Alta.	Labor Prog. (12) 9,155; Ind. (1) 275.
B.C.	Labor Prog. (17) 10,340; Ind. S.C. (1) 422.
Yukon	Ind. (1) 421.

Explanation of Party Totals:

Que.	The Liberals won two seats by acclamation.
Ont.	The Liberal total includes the votes of two candidates who contested a single riding.

TABLE 45

1953 ELECTION RESULTS

NUMBER OF SEATS CONTESTED, RETAINED, GAINED, AND LOST BY PARTY

	Total Seats	Progressive Conservative				Liberal				Co-operative Commonwealth Federation				Social Credit				Other				Total No. Candidates	Total Changing Seats
		C	R	G	L	C	R	G	L	C	R	G	L	C	R	G	L	C	R	G	L		
Newfoundland	7	7	—	—	2	7	5	2	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	16	2
Prince Edward Island	4	4	1	—	1	4	2	1	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	9	1
Nova Scotia	12	12	1	—	2	12	8	2	—	5	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	30	2
New Brunswick	10	10	2	1	1	10	5	2	1	7	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	1	—	—	1	29	3
Quebec	75	71	1	3	2	75	59	5	4	29	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	53	3	2	4	228	10
Ontario	85	85	24	8	1	85	45	1	8	65	1	—	—	9	—	—	—	35	—	—	—	279	9
Manitoba	14	14	2	1	—	14	8	—	2	10	2	1	—	8	—	—	—	10	—	—	—	56	2
Saskatchewan	17	15	—	1	—	17	5	—	7	17	5	6	—	14	—	—	—	9	—	—	—	72	7
Alberta	17	12	2	—	—	17	3	—	2	13	—	—	—	17	9	2	—	13	—	—	—	72	2
British Columbia	22	16	3	—	—	22	8	—	3	22	3	1	—	22	—	3	—	18	—	—	1	100	4
Yukon Territory and Northwest Territories	2	2	—	—	—	2	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	6	—
TOTAL	265	248	36	14	9	265	149	13	27	170	12	8	—	72	9	5	—	142	3	2	6	897	42

The table is confined to 251 seats which, despite the Redistribution Act of 1952, could reasonably be compared with seats existing in 1949. The gains made by the parties were as follows:

	Prog. Con. Gain From		Lib. Gain From		C.C.F. Gain From		S.C. Gain From	Other Gain From	
	Lib.	Prog. Con.	Other	Lib.	Other	Lib.	Lib.	Other
Nfld.		2						
P.E.I.		1						
N.S.		2						
N.B.	1	1	1[1]					
Que.	3	2	3[2]				1[3]	1[4]
Ont.	8	1						
Man.	1			1				
Sask.	1			6				
Alta.						2		
B.C.					1[5]	3		
TOTAL	14	9	4	7	1	5	1	1

[1] Independent Liberal.
[2] Two Independents (one being a former Independent now running as a Liberal); one Independent Liberal now running as a Liberal).
[3] Independent.
[4] Independent Liberal from Independent.
[5] Independent.

TABLE 46
1953 ELECTION RESULTS
SEATS WON BY PERCENTAGE POINT MARGINS

	Percentage Points		0.1–4.9	5.0–9.9	10.0–14.9	15.0–19.9	20.0–29.9	30.0–39.9	40.0–49.9	50.0–100.0	Total Seats
Newfoundland				2					1	4	7
Prince Edward Island			3	1							4
Nova Scotia			3	3	1	1	2	2			12
New Brunswick			2	2	2	1		3			10
Quebec			7	7	6	8	11	11	11	14*	75
Ontario			19	18	16	12	10	8	1	1	85
Manitoba			2	1	3	3	3	1	1		14
Saskatchewan			6	3	3	2	3				17
Alberta			4	4	3	1	5				17
British Columbia			6	3	5	2	6				22
Yukon Territory and Northwest Territories					1			1			2
	TOTAL	No.	52	44	40	30	40	26	14	19	265
		%	19.6	16.6	15.1	11.3	15.1	9.8	5.3	7.2	100

* Includes two seats won by acclamation.

The most closely contested seats were divided among the parties as follows:

	Nfld.	P.E.I.	N.S.	N.B.	Que.	Ont.	Man.	Sask.	Alta.	B.C.	Yuk.	Total
0.1–4.9												
Prog. Con.		1	1	2	1	11	1					17
Lib.		2	2		4	7	1	1	1	1		19
C.C.F.						1		5		1		7
S.C.									3	4		7
Other					2							2
												52
5.0–9.9												
Prog. Con.					1	6	1		1			9
Lib.	2	1	3	2	6	12		2	2	2		32
C.C.F.								1		1		2
S.C.									1			1
												44

TABLE 47
1953 ELECTION RESULTS BY RIDING

	Progressive Conservative	%	Liberal	%	Co-operative Commonwealth Federation	%	Social Credit	%	Other	%	Total
NEWFOUNDLAND											
Bonavista-Twillingate	2,564	20.3	10,072	79.7							12,636
Burin-Burgeo	1,480	11.8	11,017	88.2							12,497
Grand Falls-White Bay-Labrador	4,984	26.7	13,653	73.3							18,637
Humber-St. George's	3,612	22.4	12,526	77.6							16,138
St. John's East	6,691	34.4	8,310	42.7					4,459	22.9	19,460
St. John'sWest	9,025	47.5	9,965	52.5							18,990
Trinity-Conception	2,704	22.1	8,814	72.1	707	5.8					12,225
PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND											
Kings	4,373	47.9	4,750	52.1							9,123
Prince	7,431	44.3	8,782	52.4	552	3.3					16,765
Queens*	20,032	49.6	20,342	50.3							40,374
NOVA SCOTIA											
Antigonish-Guysborough	3,395	33.0	6,884	67.0							10,279
Cape Breton North and Victoria	6,218	39.5	9,535	60.5							15,753
Cape Breton South	4,726	15.4	10,151	33.1	14,971	48.9			794	2.6	30,642
Colchester-Hants	12,271	47.4	12,660	48.9	936	3.6					25,867
Cumberland	8,263	48.3	8,860	51.7							17,123
Digby-Annapolis-Kings	16,422	51.6	15,387	48.4							31,809
Halifax*	50,664	40.8	68,809	55.3	4,851	3.9					124,324
Inverness-Richmond	5,302	37.0	9,033	63.0							14,335
Pictou	8,778	41.8	10,626	50.6	1,599	7.6					21,003
Queens-Lunenburg	10,067	43.5	13,053	56.5							23,120
Shelburne-Yarmouth-Clare	7,392	39.0	11,556	61.0							18,948

TABLE 47—Continued
1953 ELECTION RESULTS BY RIDING

	Progressive Conservative	%	Liberal	%	Co-operative Commonwealth Federation	%	Social Credit	%	Other	%	Total
NEW BRUNSWICK											
Charlotte	5,180	44.1	6,155	52.4	416	3.5					11,751
Gloucester	9,542	41.2	13,330	57.6	276	1.2					23,148
Kent	3,603	33.9	7,039	66.1							10,642
Northumberland	5,107	30.8	10,666	64.3	808	4.9					16,581
Restigouche-Madawaska	7,724	29.2	13,266	50.2	1,126	4.3			4,317	16.3	26,433
Royal	9,725	55.0	7,968	45.0							17,693
St. John-Albert	18,881	49.5	18,338	48.1	933	2.4					38,152
Victoria-Carleton	8,445	49.1	7,809	45.4			931	5.4			17,185
Westmorland	14,788	39.9	20,160	54.4	2,099	5.7					37,047
York-Sunbury	10,455	42.8	12,888	52.7	1,111	4.5					24,454
QUEBEC											
Argenteuil-Two Mountains	5,608	29.7	13,283	70.3							18,891
Beauce			9,716	42.7					13,016*	57.3	22,732
Beauharnois-Salaberry	4,495	24.0	14,269	76.0							18,764
Bellechasse	4,866	40.6	7,124	59.4							11,990
Berthier-Maskinonge-Delanaudiere	441	2.3	10,709	56.8					7,710	40.8	18,860
Bonaventure	6,446	41.3	9,117	58.7							15,623
Brome-Missisquoi	4,252	28.8	9,362	63.3	1,168	7.9					14,782
Chambly-Rouville	5,016	33.8	9,824	66.2							14,840
Champlain	8,324	36.6	14,420	63.4							22,744
Chapleau	6,280	29.8	10,495	49.8					4,305	20.4	21,080
Charlevoix	7,259	40.3	10,742	59.7							18,001
Chateauguay-Huntingdon-Laprairie	7,003	38.7	11,104	61.3							18,107
Chicoutimi			8,408	34.4					16,046*	65.6	24,454
Compton-Frontenac	6,530	38.1	10,365	60.4	261	1.5					17,156
Dorchester	7,762	50.3	7,656	49.7							15,418
Drummond-Arthabaska	13,325	45.6	15,870	54.4							29,195

Gaspe	10,832	46.9	12,058	52.2			199	0.9	23,089	
Gatineau	4,932	30.2	10,759	65.8	662	4.0			16,353	
Hull	6,239	21.5	21,785	75.1	707	2.4	266	0.9	28,997	
Iles de la Madeleine	1,937	45.3	2,337	54.7					4,274	
Joliette-L'Assomption-Montcalm	4,541	20.0	18,149	80.0					22,690	
Kamouraska	229	1.9	5,534	46.8			6,065*	51.3	11,828	
Labelle	8,610	46.7	9,569	51.9	90	0.5	176	1.0	18,445	
Lake St. John	6,756	43.7	8,697	56.3					15,453	
Lapointe	1,640	7.4	8,708	39.2			11,854*	53.4	22,202	
Levis	5,305	27.5	13,897	72.1			74	0.4	19,276	
Longueuil	4,912	19.9	16,688	67.6	2,742	11.1	352	1.4	24,694	
Lotbiniere	6,879	43.2	9,047	56.8					15,926	
Matapedia-Matane	10,765	45.9	12,689	54.1					23,454	
Megantic	8,420	37.6	13,951	62.4					22,371	
Montmagny-L'Islet	4,876	32.5	10,121	67.5					14,997	
Nicolet-Yamaska	2,396	12.4	9,483	49.2			7,397	38.4	19,276	
Pontiac-Temiscamingue	6,373	41.3	9,041	58.7					15,414	
Portneuf	5,479	30.1	12,701	69.9					18,180	
Quebec East	5,841	17.7	25,945	78.7			1,188	3.6	32,974	
Quebec-Montmorency	12,272	40.5	18,029	59.5					30,301	
Quebec South	6,363	25.1	18,950	74.9					25,313	
Quebec West	8,464	36.8	4,612	20.0			9,944	43.2	23,020	
Richelieu-Vercheres	3,282	17.3	15,406	81.4	246	1.3			18,934	
Richmond-Wolfe	7,254	35.6	13,006	63.8			133	0.7	20,393	
Rimouski	8,201	34.3	8,554	35.8			7,146	29.9	23,901	
Roberval	8,477	49.5	8,646	50.5					17,123	
St. Hyacinthe-Bagot			Accl.							
St. John-Iberville-Napierville	2,001	10.9	16,088	87.8	238	1.3			18,327	
St. Maurice-Lafleche	10,337	35.6	18,662	64.4					28,999	
Saguenay	7,464	48.9	7,815	51.1					15,279	
Shefford	7,219	31.9	15,409	68.1					22,628	
Sherbrooke	8,085	33.8	15,827	66.2					23,912	
Stanstead	6,736	40.2	10,034	59.8					16,770	
Temiscouata	6,624	35.9	10,675	57.9			1,152	6.2	18,451	
Terrebonne			Accl.							
Three Rivers	15,556	52.8	13,905	47.2					29,461	

TABLE 47—Continued
1953 ELECTION RESULTS BY RIDING

	Progressive Conservative	%	Liberal	%	Co-operative Commonwealth Federation	%	Social Credit	%	Other	%	Total
Vaudreuil-Soulanges	2,254	21.0	8,463	79.0							10,717
Villeneuve	7,015	30.5	14,851	64.7					1,097	4.8	22,963
ISLAND OF MONTREAL											
Cartier	1,068	6.6	12,493	76.9	980	6.0			1,705	10.5	16,246
Dollard	7,320	31.5	14,964	64.4	579	2.5			363	1.6	23,226
Hochelaga	3,921	15.4	19,467	76.3	1,245	4.9			885	3.5	25,518
Jacques Cartier-Lasalle	9,208	27.8	19,678	59.5	2,879	8.7			1,333	4.0	33,098
Lafontaine	3,438	16.8	15,285	74.8	1,311	6.4			392	1.9	20,426
Laurier	4,642	25.7	12,648	70.1	376	2.1			364	2.0	18,030
Laval	7,309	26.8	19,337	70.9	645	2.4					27,291
Maisonneuve-Rosemont	5,671	19.4	12,266	41.9	1,056	3.6			10,260	35.0	29,253
Mercier	9,352	33.1	17,479	61.9	885	3.1			513	1.8	28,229
Mount Royal	9,460	33.9	17,183	61.7	500	1.8			727	2.6	27,870
Notre Dame de Grace	16,690	49.9	15,567	46.6	1,184	3.5					33,441
Outremont-St. John	4,216	25.1	11,536	68.8	436	2.6			586	3.5	16,774
Papineau	4,966	18.5	10,094	37.6	514	1.9			11,300*	42.1	26,874
St. Ann	1,768	9.5	15,519	83.8	385	2.1			858	4.7	18,530
St. Antoine-Westmount	9,863	39.0	14,441	57.1	504	2.0			469	1.9	25,277
St. Denis	6,118	25.2	17,359	71.6	573	2.4			209	0.9	24,259
St. Henri	4,659	19.7	15,046	63.6	538	2.3			3,411	14.4	23,654
St. James	5,274	22.5	15,443	65.9	545	2.3			2,170	9.2	23,432
St. Lawrence-St. George	4,648	31.8	9,082	62.2	444	3.0			428	2.9	14,602
St. Mary	5,033	22.8	16,288	73.7	553	2.5			241	1.1	22,115
Verdun	7,255	24.5	20,281	68.5	1,587	5.4			483	1.6	29,606
ONTARIO											
Algoma East	3,877	34.1	7,494	65.9							11,371
Algoma West	5,571	27.2	10,461	51.1	4,428	21.6					20,460
Brantford	7,912	36.7	9,576	44.5	3,839	17.8			216	1.0	21,543

Brant-Haldimand	10,059	48.5	9,305	44.9	1,358	6.6					20,722
Bruce	7,132	51.2	6,808	48.8							13,940
Carleton	20,137	55.2	14,676	40.3	1,075	2.9	562	1.5			36,450
Cochrane	5,194	36.3	6,667	46.6	2,448	17.1					14,309
Dufferin-Simcoe	9,248	56.6	7,083	43.4							16,331
Durham	6,504	45.0	6,684	46.2	1,273	8.8					14,461
Elgin	12,482	53.7	10,743	46.3							23,225
Essex East	5,530	18.6	19,946	67.2	3,013	10.1			1,212	4.1	29,701
Essex South	7,420	41.1	10,620	58.9							18,040
Essex West	9,392	32.8	15,199	53.0	3,198	11.2			868	3.0	28,657
Fort William	5,030	25.4	10,402	52.6	3,847	19.4			508	2.6	19,787
Glengarry-Prescott	5,893	30.5	13,121	68.0	280	1.5					19,294
Grenville-Dundas	8,875	64.3	4,933	35.7							13,808
Grey-Bruce	6,279	40.5	9,236	59.5							15,515
Grey North	7,293	41.9	8,368	48.0	1,417	8.1	342	2.0			17,420
Halton	9,914	48.4	8,732	42.7	1,819	8.9					20,465
Hamilton East	7,710	30.0	11,622	45.2	5,648	22.0			721	2.8	25,701
Hamilton South	9,220	30.6	12,296	40.8	7,478	24.8	582	1.9	573	1.9	30,149
Hamilton West	13,016	47.5	10,044	36.6	4,358	15.9					27,418
Hastings-Frontenac	11,084	59.2	7,637	40.8							18,721
Hastings South	12,121	46.6	13,170	50.7	702	2.7					25,993
Huron	11,045	52.3	10,092	47.7							21,137
Kenora-Rainy-River	5,822	29.1	11,380	57.0	2,411	12.1			369	1.8	19,982
Kent	10,496	40.3	15,532	59.7							26,028
Kingston	11,806	43.4	14,663	53.9	731	2.7					27,200
Lambton-Kent	7,248	43.5	9,432	56.5							16,680
Lambton West	11,666	52.9	9,306	42.2	1,089	4.9					22,061
Lanark	10,029	63.5	5,316	33.7	451	2.9					15,796
Leeds	10,097	50.9	9,736	49.1							19,833
Lincoln	14,694	39.8	16,113	43.7	4,575	12.4			1,505	4.1	36,887
London	15,254	48.4	12,869	40.8	2,748	8.7			662	2.1	31,533
Middlesex East	12,027	49.9	8,952	37.1	3,137	13.0					24,116
Middlesex West	5,760	38.8	8,645	58.3	432	2.9					14,837
Niagara Falls	6,264	27.9	13,400	59.7	2,605	11.6			167	0.7	22,436
Nickle Belt	3,144	20.9	8,821	58.6	2,410	16.0			687	4.6	15,062
Nipissing	5,329	27.2	12,415	63.4	1,637	8.4			216	1.1	19,597
Norfolk	6,747	42.1	8,475	52.8	621	3.9			193	1.2	16,036
Northumberland	7,623	43.2	9,595	54.3	442	2.5					17,660
Ontario	12,482	42.0	11,285	38.0	5,524	18.6			393	1.3	29,684

TABLE 47—Continued
1953 ELECTION RESULTS BY RIDING

	Progressive Conservative	%	Liberal	%	Co-operative Commonwealth Federation	%	Social Credit	%	Other	%	Total
Ottawa East	5,511	20.7	19,863	74.7	1,209	4.5					26,583
Ottawa West	13,539	37.7	20,933	58.3	1,209	3.4			219	0.6	35,900
Oxford	12,693	50.1	12,654	49.9							25,347
Parry Sound-Muskoka	9,690	44.1	10,940	49.8	1,352	6.2					21,982
Peel	13,487	53.3	9,263	36.6	2,560	10.1					25,310
Perth	12,959	54.2	10,938	45.8							23,897
Peterborough	13,206	52.5	10,218	40.6	1,747	6.9					25,171
Port Arthur	5,415	22.1	12,272	50.1	5,865	24.0			923	3.8	24,475
Prince Edward-Lennox	6,726	53.7							5,801	46.3	12,527
Renfrew North	7,268	43.7	9,360	56.3							16,628
Renfrew South	6,395	41.5	8,627	56.0	382	2.5					15,404
Russell	6,470	26.8	15,969	66.2	1,157	4.8	519	2.2			24,115
Simcoe East	8,944	45.0	9,099	45.8	1,310	6.6	533	2.7			19,886
Simcoe North	8,316	51.6	7,796	48.4							16,112
Stormont	7,244	34.9	13,503	65.1							20,747
Sudbury	5,598	26.3	12,193	57.2	3,514	16.5					21,305
Timiskaming	4,611	24.7	7,497	40.1	6,259	33.5			335	1.8	18,702
Timmins	3,348	24.0	5,541	39.7	4,686	33.6			369	2.6	13,944
Victoria	12,634	58.3	9,041	41.7							21,675
Waterloo North	10,751	33.4	16,139	50.1	4,654	14.4	671	2.1			32,215
Waterloo South	7,309	33.7	9,058	41.8	4,039	18.6	1,275	5.9			21,681
Welland	7,373	26.4	15,411	55.2	4,408	15.8			721	2.6	27,913
Wellington-Huron	7,198	50.3	7,120	49.7							14,318
Wellington South	8,722	42.7	9,275	45.4	2,431	11.9					20,428
Wentworth	10,476	47.4	7,700	34.9	3,915	17.7					22,091
York Centre	11,180	35.5	13,903	44.1	5,960	18.9			483	1.5	31,526
York East	11,062	42.5	8,701	33.4	5,815	22.3			472	1.8	26,050
York-Humber	11,157	41.1	11,090	40.8	4,924	18.1					27,171
York North	9,355	41.7	10,988	48.9	2,116	9.4					22,459
York-Scarborough	14,221	42.0	14,889	44.0	4,184	12.4	580	1.7			33,874

York South	10,116	29.8	10,820	31.9	12,216	36.0			755	2.2	33,907
York West	12,228	41.5	10,262	34.8	6,569	22.3			417	1.4	29,476
CITY OF TORONTO											
Broadview	10,403	49.6	6,316	30.1	3,910	18.6			354	1.7	20,983
Danforth	12,595	41.0	11,834	38.5	5,905	19.2			374	1.2	30,708
Davenport	6,998	32.3	8,919	41.1	4,968	22.9			802	3.7	21,687
Eglinton	17,354	56.2	11,190	36.2	2,337	7.6					30,881
Greenwood	9,702	44.0	6,404	29.0	5,334	24.2			610	2.8	22,050
High Park	8,526	37.1	10,032	43.7	3,847	16.7			572	2.5	22,977
Parkdale	6,788	31.2	10,391	47.8	3,788	17.4			765	3.5	21,732
Rosedale	8,386	39.7	8,702	41.2	3,727	17.6			308	1.5	21,123
St. Paul's	9,738	41.5	9,223	39.3	3,786	16.1	363	1.5	369	1.6	23,479
Spadina	6,554	24.0	15,496	56.8	3,270	12.0			1,938	7.1	27,258
Trinity	6,019	30.6	8,056	40.9	3,877	19.7			1,725	8.8	19,677
MANITOBA											
Brandon-Souris	13,915	58.0	8,456	35.3	1,277	5.3			323	1.3	23,971
Churchill	2,567	20.8	4,984	40.4	2,293	18.6	2,490	20.2			12,334
Dauphin	2,136	13.4	5,050	31.8	6,839	43.0	1,866	11.7			15,891
Lisgar	4,780	33.1	6,581	45.5			3,096	21.4			14,457
Marquette	4,676	25.9	9,900	54.7			3,509	19.4			18,085
Portage-Neepawa	5,604	31.5	8,958	50.4			3,223	18.1			17,785
Provencher	2,151	21.4	6,632	66.0			1,269	12.6			10,052
St. Boniface	4,994	26.8	8,051	43.3	5,568	29.9					18,613
Selkirk	898	6.3	6,265	43.9	6,076	42.6	586	4.1	448	3.2	14,273
Springfield	1,201	9.7	6,240	50.4	1,878	15.2	1,221	9.9	1,830	14.8	12,370
Winnipeg North	3,876	12.7	9,094	29.8	15,005	49.2			2,515	8.2	30,490
Winnipeg North Centre	1,760	7.5	7,535	31.9	12,713	53.8			1,606	6.8	23,614
Winnipeg South	12,597	39.9	12,277	38.9	6,247	19.8			470	1.5	31,591
Winnipeg South Centre	12,489	42.7	9,752	33.3	6,506	22.2			504	1.7	29,251
SASKATCHEWAN											
Assiniboia	1,860	9.1	7,218	35.4	10,596	52.0	698	3.4			20,372
Humboldt-Melfort	1,674	8.0	8,068	38.6	9,512	45.5	1,647	7.9			20,901
Kindersley	1,096	5.4	8,531	41.7	8,672	42.4	2,168	10.6			20,467
Mackenzie	840	4.6	7,466	40.9	8,021	43.9	1,386	7.6	554	3.0	18,267
Meadow Lake	1,079	9.3	5,080	43.7	3,470	29.9	1,817	15.6	177	1.5	11,623
Melville	1,142	5.7	10,024	50.0	8,092	40.4	783	3.9			20,041

TABLE 47—Continued
1953 ELECTION RESULTS BY RIDING

	Progressive Conservative	%	Liberal	%	Co-operative Commonwealth Federation	%	Social Credit	%	Other	%	Total
Moose Jaw-Lake Centre	4,480	18.9	6,021	25.4	12,436	52.4			792	3.3	23,729
Moose Mountain			8,552	46.7	8,697	47.5	1,067	5.8			18,316
Prince Albert	10,038	44.1	5,409	23.7	7,037	30.9			295	1.3	22,779
Qu'Appelle	4,930	27.1	6,988	38.5	5,612	30.9	644	3.5			18,174
Regina City	2,958	9.3	13,008	40.9	14,558	45.7	1,014	3.2	294	0.9	31,832
Rosetown-Biggar	2,360	11.5	5,516	26.8	11,404	55.5	877	4.3	387	1.9	20,544
Rosthern	1,643	8.7	8,616	45.5	6,347	33.5	2,333	12.3			18,939
Saskatoon	4,661	18.6	7,028	28.1	12,056	48.3	990	4.0	264	1.1	24,999
Swift Current-Maple Creek	1,432	6.1	10,088	43.2	9,947	42.6	1,471	6.3	392	1.7	23,330
The Battlefords	1,345	7.2	8,481	45.2	8,922	47.6					18,748
Yorkton			7,399	35.1	11,027	52.3	1,915	9.1	751	3.6	21,092
ALBERTA											
Acadia			7,503	43.3	1,856	10.7	7,956	45.9			17,315
Athabaska			7,293	47.4	990	6.4	5,945	38.6	1,168	7.6	15,396
Battle River-Camrose	1,784	9.8	4,531	24.8	2,261	12.4	9,238	50.6	426	2.3	18,240
Bow River	2,698	17.5	4,698	30.5			7,320	47.6	671	4.4	15,387
Calgary North	11,002	37.3	8,191	27.8	1,578	5.4	8,293	28.1	426	1.4	29,490
Calgary South	12,491	41.8	8,689	29.1	1,501	5.0	6,829	22.9	339	1.1	29,849
Edmonton East	2,651	12.2	7,574	34.8	1,805	8.3	8,802	40.5	912	4.2	21,744
Edmonton-Strathcona	4,012	16.8	8,901	37.3	2,182	9.2	8,750	36.7			23,845
Edmonton West	4,851	18.5	11,301	43.0	1,977	7.5	7,776	29.6	362	1.4	26,267
Jasper-Edson			6,938	36.9	3,242	17.2	7,639	40.6	987	5.2	18,806
Lethbridge	1,783	10.4	5,676	33.0			9,737	56.6			17,196
Macleod	3,625	20.2	4,298	23.9	721	4.0	8,685	48.4	620	3.5	17,949
Medicine Hat	1,161	6.0	8,919	46.0			9,305	48.0			19,385
Peace River			7,599	36.7	2,079	10.0	10,151	49.0	867	4.2	20,696
Red Deer	1,474	8.8	5,076	30.2	1,136	6.8	8,792	52.4	306	1.8	16,784
Vegreville			8,023	47.0			6,709	39.3	2,346	13.7	17,078
Wetaskiwin	1,918	12.9	3,731	25.2	2,245	15.2	6,920	46.7			14,814

BRITISH COLUMBIA											
Burnaby-Coquitlam	2,124	11.0	4,256	22.1	7,232	37.6	4,987	25.9	627	3.3	19,226
Burnaby-Richmond			7,021	34.2	6,381	31.1	6,334	30.9	792	3.9	20,528
Cariboo			5,160	34.3	4,314	28.7	5,562	37.0			15,036
Coast-Capilano	2,936	9.9	13,614	45.9	5,361	18.1	7,092	23.9	673	2.3	29,676
Comox-Alberni	1,790	10.1	4,609	26.1	6,115	34.7	4,275	24.2	850	4.8	17,639
Esquimalt-Saanich	9,537	46.1	4,071	19.7	3,484	16.9	3,578	17.3			20,670
Fraser Valley			9,318	40.3	3,527	15.3	9,618	41.6	635	2.7	23,098
Kamloops	7,578	46.7	2,731	16.8	2,140	13.2	3,780	23.3			16,229
Kootenay East			4,988	38.1	3,672	28.0	3,874	29.6	563	4.3	13,097
Kootenay West	1,040	5.7	3,994	21.9	8,990	49.3	3,871	21.2	347	1.9	18,242
Nanaimo	3,412	18.1	4,884	25.9	7,272	38.6	2,773	14.7	516	2.7	18,857
New Westminster	3,083	8.9	10,735	30.9	9,258	26.6	10,770	31.0	896	2.6	34,742
Okanagan Boundary			5,053	24.4	8,086	39.1	7,543	36.5			20,682
Okanagan-Revelstoke	2,132	18.1	3,340	28.4	2,348	20.0	3,537	30.1	395	3.4	11,752
Skeena			5,332	43.6	3,724	30.4	2,880	23.5	301	2.5	12,237
Vancouver-Burrard	4,430	17.0	9,035	34.7	5,010	19.3	7,063	27.1	482	1.9	26,020
Vancouver Centre	1,749	8.6	8,259	40.8	4,516	22.3	4,946	24.5	756	3.7	20,226
Vancouver East	1,038	5.2	3,272	16.2	10,192	50.6	4,885	24.2	764	3.8	20,151
Vancouver-Kingsway	1,700	7.7	3,957	18.0	10,162	46.2	5,610	25.5	578	2.6	22,007
Vancouver Quadra	12,769	43.8	7,786	26.7	3,628	12.5	4,955	17.0			29,138
Vancouver South	4,986	17.4	10,459	36.6	5,610	19.6	6,668	23.3	852	3.0	28,575
Victoria	6,122	18.2	13,696	40.6	4,465	13.3	8,677	25.8	735	2.2	33,695
YUKON TERRITORY											
Yukon	590	15.7	2,176	57.8			998	26.5			3,764
NORTHWEST TERRITORIES											
Mackenzie River	1,344	38.5	1,722	49.4					421	12.1	3,487

THE GENERAL ELECTION OF JUNE 10, 1957

The 1957 general election marked the end of an era. After five successive victories the Liberals finally lost their majority in Parliament. It was, perhaps, the most surprising election in Canadian history, for few had foreseen the outcome. Neither the opinion polls nor the by-elections had been accurate indicators.

Under the leadership of John Diefenbaker, the Progressive Conservatives at last broke through the 30 percent barrier, polling 38.9 percent of the total vote and winning 112 seats. The party increased its vote and representation in every province, the greatest gains being scored in Ontario, where it captured 61 of the province's 85 seats.

In contrast, the Liberal vote and representation declined in every province, and the party's portion of the total vote dropped to 40.9 percent. This was only slightly below the party's showing in 1945 (41.1 percent), and also slightly higher than that recorded by the Progressive Conservatives. Unlike in 1945, however, the Liberal vote was not distributed in such a way as to yield a disproportionate number of seats. Much of it was concentrated in Quebec, where the Liberals suffered a net loss of only four seats. Indeed, well over half of the Liberal representation now came from Quebec, just as the larger portion of Progressive Conservative representation came, as in the past, from Ontario.

Both of the smaller parties benefited from the Liberal decline. The C.C.F. representation rose to 25 seats, and Social Credit to 19 seats. Although the election marked the first time that Social Credit had made a concentrated drive in Ontario, with a slate of 40 candidates, the party failed to win a single seat in this province.

TABLE 48
1957 ELECTION RESULTS
SEATS WON AND VOTES POLLED BY PARTY

	Progressive Conservative				Liberal			
	Seats	%	Votes	%	Seats	%	Votes	%
Newfoundland	2	28.6	34,795	37.8	5	71.4	56,993	61.9
Prince Edward Island	4	100.0	34,965	52.3	—	—	31,162	46.6
Nova Scotia	10	83.3	197,676	50.4	2	16.7	176,891	45.1
New Brunswick	5	50.0	114,060	48.7	5	50.0	112,518	48.1
Quebec	9	12.0	557,356	31.1	62	82.7	1,030,354	57.6
Ontario	61	71.8	1,104,024	48.8	21	24.7	839,894	37.1
Manitoba	8	57.1	124,867	35.9	1	7.1	90,880	26.1
Saskatchewan	3	17.6	90,359	23.2	4	23.5	118,282	30.3
Alberta	3	17.6	118,225	27.6	1	5.9	119,190	27.9
British Columbia	7	31.8	192,988	32.6	2	9.1	121,301	20.5
Yukon Territory and Northwest Territories	—	—	3,611	41.4	2	100.0	5,108	58.6
TOTAL	112	42.3	2,572,926	38.9	105	39.6	2,702,573	40.9

	Co-operative Commonwealth Federation				Social Credit			
	Seats	%	Votes	%	Seats	%	Votes	%
Newfoundland	—	—	321	0.3	—	—	—	—
Prince Edward Island	—	—	680	1.0	—	—	—	—
Nova Scotia	—	—	17,117	4.4	—	—	473	0.1
New Brunswick	—	—	2,001	0.9	—	—	2,420	1.1
Quebec	—	—	31,780	1.8	—	—	3,877	0.2
Ontario	3	3.5	274,069	12.1	—	—	38,418	1.7
Manitoba	5	35.7	82,398	23.6	—	—	45,803	13.1
Saskatchewan	10	58.8	140,293	36.0	—	—	40,830	10.5
Alberta	—	—	27,127	6.3	13	76.5	161,697	37.8
British Columbia	7	31.8	131,873	22.3	6	27.3	143,145	24.2
Yukon Territory and Northwest Territories	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
TOTAL	25	9.4	707,659	10.7	19	7.2	436,663	6.6

	Other				Total	
	Seats	%	Votes	%	Seats	Votes
Newfoundland	—	—	—	—	7	92,109
Prince Edward Island	—	—	—	—	4	66,807
Nova Scotia	—	—	—	—	12	392,157
New Brunswick	—	—	3,159	1.3	10	234,158
Quebec	4	5.3	166,693	9.3	75	1,790,060
Ontario	—	—	8,166	0.4	85	2,264,571
Manitoba	—	—	4,162	1.2	14	348,110
Saskatchewan	—	—	334	0.1	17	390,098
Alberta	—	—	1,413	0.3	17	427,652
British Columbia	—	—	2,232	0.4	22	591,539
Yukon Territory and Northwest Territories	—	—	—	—	2	8,719
TOTAL	4	1.5	186,159	2.8	265	6,605,980

TABLE 48

The following is an itemization of the votes which are included in the column "Other."

N.B.	Ind. (1) 3,159.
Que.	Ind. Lib. (24) 85,674; Ind. (11) 73,628; Ind. Prog. Con. (4) 4,777; Labor Prog. (3) 2,377; **Capital Familial** (1) 237. ELECTED: 2 Independents; 2 Independent Liberals.
Ont.	Ind. Lib. (1) 5,414; Labor Prog. (2) 1,432; Ind. (1) 726; Ind. Prog. Con. (1) 342; Lib.-Con. Coalition (1) 252.
Man.	Ind. Lib. (2) 2,378; Labor Prog. (1) 1,579; Ind. (1) 205.
Sask.	Labor Prog. (1) 212; Ind. (1) 122.
Alta.	Labor Prog. (1) 815; Ind. S.C. (1) 386; Ind. (1) 212.
B.C.	Labor Prog. (2) 1,345; Canadian Democrat (1) 628; Ind. (1) 259.

Explanation of Party Totals:

Nfld.	The Liberals won one seat by acclamation.
Que.	One Independent Progressive Conservative (elected) is counted as a Progressive Conservative.
Ont.	One Independent Social Credit is counted as a Social Credit.

TABLE 49
1957 ELECTION RESULTS
NUMBER OF SEATS CONTESTED, RETAINED, GAINED, AND LOST BY PARTY

	Total Seats	Progressive Conservative C	R	G	L	Liberal C	R	G	L	Co-operative Commonwealth Federation C	R	G	L	Social Credit C	R	G	L	Other C	R	G	L	Total No. Candidates	Total Changing Seats
Newfoundland	7	6	—	2	—	7	5	—	2	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	14	2
Prince Edward Island	4	4	1	3	—	4	—	—	3	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	11	3
Nova Scotia	12	12	1	9	—	12	2	—	8	6	—	—	1	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	31	9
New Brunswick	10	10	4	1	—	10	5	—	1	2	—	—	—	2	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	25	1
Quebec	75	69	2	7	2	75	57	5	9	22	—	—	—	4	—	—	—	43	1	3	4	213	15
Ontario	85	85	34	27	—	85	21	—	29	59	—	3	1	40	—	—	—	6	—	—	—	275	30
Manitoba	14	14	3	5	—	14	1	—	6	14	4	1	—	14	—	—	—	4	—	—	—	60	6
Saskatchewan	17	16	1	2	—	17	4	—	1	17	10	—	1	16	—	—	—	2	—	—	—	68	2
Alberta	17	17	2	1	—	17	1	—	3	15	—	—	—	17	11	2	—	3	—	—	—	69	3
British Columbia	22	22	3	4	—	22	2	—	6	22	6	1	1	21	4	2	—	4	—	—	—	91	7
Yukon Territory and Northwest Territories	2	2	—	—	—	2	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	4	—
TOTAL	265	257	51	61	2	265	100	5	68	161	20	5	4	115	15	4	—	63	1	3	4	861	78

The gains made by the parties were as follows:

	Prog. Con Gain From Lib.	Prog. Con Gain From C.C.F.	Lib. Gain From Prog. Con.	Lib. Gain From Other	C.C.F. Gain From Lib.	S.C. Gain From Lib.	S.C. Gain From C.C.F.	Other Gain From Lib.	Other Gain From Other
Nfld.	2								
P.E.I.	3								
N.S.	8	1							
N.B.	1								
Que.	7		2	3[1]				2[2]	1[3]
Ont.	26	1			3				
Man.	5				1				
Sask.	1	1							
Alta.	1					2			
B.C.	4				1	1	1		
TOTAL	58	3	2	3	5	3	1	2	1

[1] Two Independents; one Independent Liberal (a former Independent Liberal now running as a Liberal).

[2] Independent Liberals.

[3] Independent from Independent Liberal.

TABLE 50
1957 ELECTION RESULTS
SEATS WON BY PERCENTAGE POINT MARGINS

Percentage Points		0.1–4.9	5.0–9.9	10.0–14.9	15.0–19.9	20.0–29.9	30.0–39.9	40.0–49.9	50.0–100.0	Total Seats
Newfoundland				2			2		3*	7
Prince Edward Island		3	1							4
Nova Scotia		6	3	2	1					12
New Brunswick		1	4	1	3	1				10
Quebec		17	8	8	6	16	5	7	8	75
Ontario		8	18	10	10	26	9	4		85
Manitoba		2	2	3	2	3	1	1		14
Saskatchewan		7	7	1	1	1				17
Alberta		4	1	3	3	6				17
British Columbia		5	1	6	4	4	1	1		22
Yukon Territory and Northwest Territories		1					1			2
TOTAL	No.	54	45	36	30	57	19	13	11	265
	%	20.4	17.0	13.6	11.3	21.5	7.2	4.9	4.2	100

* Includes one seat won by acclamation.

The most closely contested seats were divided among the parties as follows:

	Nfld.	P.E.I.	N.S.	N.B.	Que.	Ont.	Man.	Sask.	Alta.	B.C.	Y.-M.	Total
0.1–4.9												
Prog. Con.		3	5	1	7	4	1	2	1			24
Lib.			1		7	2	1	3	1	1	1	17
C.C.F.						2		2		2		6
S.C.									2	2		4
Other					3							3
												54
5.0–9.9												
Prog. Con.		1	2	2	2	9	1					17
Lib.			1	2	6	8		1				18
C.C.F.						1	1	6		1		9
S.C.									1			1
												45

TABLE 51
1957 ELECTION RESULTS BY RIDING

	Progressive Conservative	%	Liberal	%	Co-operative Commonwealth Federation	%	Social Credit	%	Other	%	Total
NEWFOUNDLAND											
Bonavista-Twillingate	1,347	12.8	9,158	87.2							10,505
Burin-Burgeo			Accl.								
Grand Falls-White Bay-Labrador	3,810	24.6	11,681	75.4							15,491
Humber-St. George's	5,080	31.1	10,272	66.9							15,352
St. John's East	10,312	53.2	9,073	46.8							19,385
St. John's West	10,539	54.6	8,449	43.8	321	1.7					19,309
Trinity-Conception	3,707	30.7	8,360	69.3							12,067
PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND											
Kings	4,598	52.1	4,146	46.9	87	1.0					8,831
Prince	8,119	49.7	7,885	48.2	339	2.1					16,343
Queens*	22,248	53.5	19,131	46.0	254	0.6					41,633
NOVA SCOTIA											
Antigonish-Guysborough	6,053	50.8	5,856	49.2							11,909
Cape Breton North and Victoria	9,097	46.5	8,717	44.5	1,753	9.0					19,567
Cape Breton South	14,894	40.4	11,539	31.3	10,447	28.3					36,880
Colchester-Hants	15,231	53.8	12,151	42.9	912	3.2					28,294
Cumberland	10,065	54.5	8,398	45.5							18,463
Digby-Annapolis-Kings	18,534	58.0	13,417	42.0							31,951
Halifax*	82,239	50.6	76,695	47.2	3,546	2.2					162,480
Inverness-Richmond	7,177	47.2	8,035	52.8							15,212
Pictou	12,208	54.5	9,251	41.3	459	2.0	473	2.1			22,391
Queens-Lunenburg	12,372	50.6	12,098	49.4							24,470
Shelburne-Yarmouth-Clare	9,806	47.7	10,734	52.3							20,540
NEW BRUNSWICK											
Charlotte	5,756	47.4	6,393	52.6							12,149
Gloucester	9,502	42.1	13,052	57.9							22,554

Kent	4,682	42.2	6,424	57.8							11,106
Northumberland-Miramichi	6,635	36.1	8,582	46.7					3,159	17.2	18,376
Restigouche-Madawaska	15,774	54.7	13,037	45.3							28,811
Royal	10,051	59.0	6,977	41.0							17,028
St. John-Albert	21,983	53.6	19,047	46.4							41,030
Victoria-Carleton	9,843	58.2	6,115	36.2			944	5.6			16,902
Westmorland	16,478	42.1	19,873	50.7	1,373	3.5	1,476	3.8			39,200
York-Sunbury	13,356	49.5	13,018	48.2	628	2.3					27,002
QUEBEC											
Argenteuil-Two Mountains	8,902	37.0	10,084	41.9					5,085	21.1	24,071
Beauce			11,559	48.3					12,384*	51.7	23,943
Beauharnois-Salaberry	3,109	14.5	14,030	65.6					4,246	19.9	21,385
Bellechasse	1,792	16.4	7,960	72.9					1,165	10.7	10,917
Berthier-Maskinonge-Delanaudiere	9,049	46.5	10,418	53.5							19,467
Bonaventure	8,161	50.8	7,903	49.2							16,064
Brome-Missisquoi	8,605	48.2	9,255	51.8							17,860
Chambly-Rouville	5,858	31.9	11,302	61.5					1,227	6.6	18,387
Champlain	9,988	42.0	13,767	58.0							23,755
Chapleau	11,065	49.2	11,428	50.8							22,493
Charlevoix	7,532	41.4	10,182	56.0			246	1.4	213	1.2	18,173
Chateauguay-Huntingdon-Laprairie	6,907	35.8	10,066	52.1					2,346	12.1	19,319
Chicoutimi			15,124	52.4					13,733	47.6	28,857
Compton-Frontenac	8,270	46.1	9,328	52.0	340	1.9					17,938
Dorchester	7,702	48.9	8,054	51.1							15,756
Drumond-Arthabaska	10,327	32.0	10,512	32.5					11,462*	35.5	32,301
Gaspe	10,916	49.0	10,848	48.7					504	2.3	22,268
Gatineau	5,522	30.1	10,770	58.8					2,028	11.1	18,320
Hull	4,922	14.1	15,551	44.7			2,363	6.8	11,981	34.4	34,817
Iles de la Madeleine			2,472	53.2					2,176	46.8	4,648
Joliette-L'Assomption-Montcalm	4,409	18.5	19,445	81.5							23,854
Kamouraska			5,988	48.0					6,489*	52.0	12,477
Labelle	9,406	53.9	8,045	46.1							17,451

TABLE 51—Continued
1957 ELECTION RESULTS BY RIDING

	Progressive Conservative	%	Liberal	%	Co-operative Commonwealth Federation	%	Social Credit	%	Other	%	Total
Lake St. John	6,374	38.6	10,129	61.4							16,503
Lapointe			13,671	52.5					12,363	47.5	26,034
Levis	5,770	28.2	14,693	71.8							20,463
Longueuil	10,942	33.4	19,314	58.9	1,768	5.4			782	2.4	32,806
Lotbiniere	8,372	51.7	7,823	48.3							16,195
Matapedia-Matane	10,889	48.3	11,642	51.7							22,531
Megantic	8,300	35.1	15,378	64.9							23,678
Montmagny-L'Islet			9,772	59.6					6,637	40.4	16,409
Nicolet-Yamaska	9,805	51.3	9,292	48.7							19,097
Pontiac-Temiscamingue	7,878	47.7	8,642	52.3							16,520
Portneuf	8,102	41.7	11,328	58.3							19,430
Quebec East	9,900	26.1	27,364	72.0			739	1.9			38,003
Quebec-Montmorency	14,121	36.1	24,964	63.9							39,085
Quebec West	10,981	44.2	11,828	47.6			529	2.1	1,520	6.1	24,858
Quebec South	9,659	33.7	17,709	61.9					1,252	4.4	28,620
Richelieu-Vercheres	749	3.8	16,003	81.7					2,830	14.5	19,582
Richmond-Wolfe	7,243	32.8	10,300	46.7					4,508	20.4	22,051
Rimouski	9,754	40.0	14,642	60.0							24,396
Roberval	7,236	40.0	10,860	60.0							18,096
St. Hyacinthe-Bagot	13,865	54.1	11,771	45.9							25,636
St. John-Iberville-Napierville	378	1.5	13,427	52.3					11,859	46.2	25,664
St. Maurice-Lafleche	7,686	24.4	18,714	59.4	4,369	13.9			751	2.4	31,520
Saguenay	8,191	41.8	11,408	58.2							19,599
Shefford	8,760	37.0	14,897	63.0							23,657
Sherbrooke	9,791	37.5	16,324	62.5							26,115
Stanstead	7,424	43.0	9,827	57.0							17,251
Temiscouata	8,094	41.2	11,558	58.8							19,652
Terrebonne	12,973	39.9	19,515	60.1							32,488
Three Rivers	15,004	50.6	14,412	48.6					237	0.8	29,653

Vaudreuil-Soulanges	4,166	31.5	9,055	68.5							13,221
Villeneuve	6,034	23.2	9,893	38.0	1,947	7.5			8,129	31.3	26,003
ISLAND OF MONTREAL											
Cartier	1,909	11.6	11,955	72.9	677	4.1			1,854	11.3	16,395
Dollard	7,813	24.5	21,917	68.6	2,197	6.9					31,927
Hochelaga	4,063	15.0	20,611	75.9	796	2.9			1,675	6.2	27,145
Jacques Cartier-Lasalle	23,378	48.2	23,235	47.9	1,939	4.0					48,552
Lafontaine	4,593	21.7	15,501	73.2	1,095	5.2					21,189
Laurier	5,321	29.6	11,336	63.0	270	1.5			1,054	5.9	17,981
Laval	5,525	12.8	26,254	60.6	1,205	2.8			10,333	23.9	43,317
Maisonneuve-Rosemont	7,718	21.8	25,041	70.7	2,670	7.5					35,429
Mercier	10,093	25.2	30,024	74.8							40,117
Mount Royal	13,861	35.9	23,330	60.4	1,420	3.7					38,611
Notre Dame de Grace	24,517	56.9	17,551	40.7	1,049	2.4					43,117
Outremont-St. John	3,899	20.5	13,840	72.7	1,299	6.8					19,038
Papineau	4,177	13.4	24,373	78.4	2,556	8.2					31,106
St. Ann	2,807	17.8	4,254	27.0					8,673*	55.1	15,734
St. Antoine-Westmount	11,802	44.9	14,485	55.1							26,287
St. Denis	4,587	18.4	17,027	68.3	999	4.0			2,329	9.3	24,942
St. Henri	2,766	10.9	12,489	49.1	963	3.8			9,207	36.2	25,425
St. James	5,347	27.7	7,900	41.0	730	3.8			5,301	27.5	19,278
St. Lawrence-St. George	6,219	42.1	7,758	52.5	440	3.0			360	2.4	14,777
St. Mary	7,041	34.6	12,532	61.7	752	3.7					20,325
Verdun	9,037	30.1	18,695	62.3	2,299	7.7					30,031
ONTARIO											
Algoma East	5,757	34.9	8,574	52.0	2,156	13.1					16,487
Algoma West	8,345	35.5	10,166	43.2	5,027	21.4					23,538
Brantford	9,902	41.4	8,095	33.8	5,927	24.8					23,924
Brant-Haldimand	12,858	55.7	8,063	34.9	2,168	9.4					23,089
Bruce	8,225	57.5	6,089	42.5							14,314
Carleton	27,865	61.8	15,298	33.9	1,334	3.0	607	1.3			45,104
Cochrane	3,319	22.4	6,626	44.6	2,552	17.2	2,351	15.8			14,848
Dufferin-Simcoe	11,852	65.3	6,290	34.5							18,142
Durham	7,331	44.5	6,829	41.4	1,918	11.6	399	2.4			16,477
Elgin	14,822	59.9	7,280	29.4	1,233	4.9	1,407	5.7			24,742
Essex East	10,593	27.5	22,023	57.2	5,917	15.4					38,533

TABLE 51—Continued
1957 ELECTION RESULTS BY RIDING

	Progressive Conservative	%	Liberal	%	Co-operative Commonwealth Federation	%	Social Credit	%	Other	%	Total
Essex South	10,006	48.4	9,580	46.3	775	3.7	311	1.5			20,672
Essex West	11,256	32.2	15,180	43.4	7,736	22.1	837	2.4			35,009
Fort William	7,926	35.4	8,552	38.2	5,903	26.4					22,381
Glengarry-Prescott	8,241	40.2	6,661	32.5			198	1.0	5,414	26.4	20,514
Grenville-Dundas	8,967	62.1	4,402	30.5			1,072	7.4			14,441
Grey-Bruce	10,707	58.5	7,606	41.5							18,313
Grey North	11,028	57.4	7,096	36.9	1,096	5.7					19,220
Halton	17,795	58.8	9,145	30.2	3,344	11.0					30,284
Hamilton East	10,528	38.5	8,511	31.2	7,367	27.0	916	3.4			27,322
Hamilton South	16,085	39.4	11,611	28.5	11,485	28.1	1,629	4.0			40,810
Hamilton West	16,533	53.6	9,964	32.3	4,363	14.1					30,860
Hastings-Frontenac	11,602	62.0	5,169	27.6			1,941	10.4			18,712
Hastings South	14,798	52.7	12,624	45.0			651	2.3			28,073
Huron	12,323	58.2	8,860	41.8							21,183
Kenora-Rainy River	7,087	31.5	10,701	47.6	4,689	20.9					22,477
Kent	10,907	40.9	13,977	52.4			1,792	6.7			26,676
Kingston	12,977	45.2	14,728	51.3	1,032	3.6					28,737
Lambton-Kent	9,745	55.7	7,752	44.3							17,497
Lambton West	13,096	48.1	11,583	42.5	1,732	6.4	827	3.0			27,238
Lanark	11,629	72.1	4,504	27.9							16,133
Leeds	11,065	51.3	10,125	46.9			395	1.8			21,585
Lincoln	25,409	52.6	15,794	32.7	4,829	10.0	2,233	4.6			48,265
London	19,804	58.9	11,110	33.0	2,714	8.1					33,628
Middlesex East	20,287	61.8	9,323	28.4	3,242	9.9					32,852
Middlesex West	9,075	53.2	7,368	43.2	631	3.7					17,074
Niagara Falls	10,845	46.0	12,706	54.0							23,551
Nickel Belt	7,490	36.2	8,819	42.6	4,395	21.2					20,704
Nipissing	7,351	33.6	12,528	57.3	1,999	9.1					21,878
Norfolk	10,885	56.4	7,711	40.0			690	3.6			19,286
Northumberland	10,062	52.5	9,112	47.5							19,174
Ontario	18,468	42.8	10,896	25.2	13,806	32.0					43,170

Ottawa East	5,947	23.2	18,216	71.1	620	2.4	843	3.3			25,626
Ottawa West	12,538	37.0	19,434	57.3	1,062	3.1	881	2.6			33,915
Oxford	20,404	68.9	8,275	27.9			944	3.2			29,623
Parry Sound-Muskoka	14,014	58.0	10,161	42.0							24,175
Peel	19,818	57.3	10,467	30.2	3,418	9.9	913	2.6			34,616
Perth	16,663	64.5	9,186	35.5							25,849
Peterborough	16,598	60.7	8,301	30.4	1,887	6.9	555	2.0			27,341
Port Arthur	5,261	18.9	10,813	38.2	12,228	43.2					28,302
Prince Edward-Lennox	9,003	58.3	5,901	38.2			540	3.5			15,444
Renfrew North	9,132	47.2	10,227	52.8							19,359
Renfrew South	8,782	53.0	7,791	47.0							16,573
Russell	12,271	34.5	20,673	58.2	1,420	4.0	1,161	3.3			35,525
Simcoe East	12,497	54.8	8,193	35.9	1,395	6.1			726	3.2	22,811
Simcoe North	11,437	62.5	6,860	37.5							18,297
Stormont	10,215	43.7	12,505	53.5			646	2.8			23,366
Sudbury	10,440	40.3	11,927	46.0	3,566	13.8					25,933
Timiskaming	5,645	29.0	6,896	35.4	6,936	35.6					19,477
Timmins	4,423	25.3	6,290	36.0	6,776	38.7					17,489
Victoria	14,153	65.0	5,835	26.8	860	4.0	917	4.2			21,765
Waterloo North	13,458	35.7	15,972	42.3	7,406	19.6	901	2.4			37,737
Waterloo South	11,699	47.4	7,450	30.2	4,009	16.2	1,532	6.2			24,690
Welland	10,620	34.0	13,241	42.4	7,356	23.6					31,217
Wellington-Huron	9,421	62.1	5,741	37.9							15,162
Wellington South	11,632	54.6	6,090	28.6	3,573	16.8					21,295
Wentworth	19,037	57.9	8,922	27.1	4,905	14.9					32,864
York Centre	23,295	47.4	16,925	34.4	8,164	16.6	777	1.6			49,161
York East	17,236	51.2	9,078	27.0	6,725	20.0	620	1.8			33,659
York-Humber	18,449	52.0	10,851	30.6	4,872	13.7	1,324	3.7			35,496
York North	17,770	58.9	10,753	35.6			1,653	5.5			30,176
York-Scarborough	42,299	56.3	22,353	29.7	8,931	11.9	1,600	2.1			75,183
York South	16,624	40.0	12,232	29.5	12,024	28.9	654	1.6			41,534
York West	27,035	55.5	13,665	28.1	6,600	13.6	1,368	2.8			48,668
CITY OF TORONTO											
Broadview	12,815	59.4	4,664	21.6	4,078	18.9					21,557
Danforth	18,604	50.6	8,443	23.0	9,720	26.4					36,767
Davenport	8,989	40.7	6,665	30.2	6,414	29.1					22,068
Eglinton	25,046	68.8	8,354	22.9	2,765	7.6			252	0.7	36,417
Greenwood	12,422	53.4	4,803	20.6	6,035	25.9					23,260

TABLE 51—Continued
1957 ELECTION RESULTS BY RIDING

	Progressive Conservative	%	Liberal	%	Co-operative Commonwealth Federation	%	Social Credit	%	Other	%	Total
High Park	11,034	46.1	8,767	36.6	3,657	15.3	498	2.1			23,956
Parkdale	9,882	45.2	7,671	35.1	3,979	18.2			342	1.6	21,874
Rosedale	12,415	54.3	7,122	31.1	3,038	13.3	299	1.3			22,874
St. Paul's	13,243	56.9	6,586	28.3	2,906	12.5	533	2.3			23,268
Spadina	10,348	43.1	9,496	39.6	3,031	12.6	464	1.9	668	2.8	24,007
Trinity	6,564	34.0	7,068	36.7	4,343	22.5	539	2.8	764	4.0	19,278
MANITOBA											
Brandon-Souris	17,389	61.6	5,831	20.7	1,145	4.1	3,866	13.7			28,231
Churchill	6,191	38.8	4,993	31.3	1,870	11.7	2,891	18.1			15,945
Dauphin	3,463	20.6	2,896	17.2	6,706	39.9	2,442	14.5	1,304	7.8	16,811
Lisgar	8,708	45.9	4,390	23.1	443	2.3	5,246	27.6	205	1.1	18,992
Marquette	9,695	43.8	7,190	32.5	1,288	5.8	3,959	17.9			22,132
Portage-Neepawa	9,248	43.0	6,407	29.8	1,630	7.6	4,247	19.7			21,532
Provencher	4,739	35.2	4,489	33.3	246	1.8	3,992	29.6			13,466
St. Boniface	6,040	24.2	7,777	31.1	6,216	28.9	3,872	15.5	1,074	4.3	24,979
Selkirk	2,107	12.5	5,530	32.8	7,432	44.1	1,796	10.6			16,865
Springfield	1,684	10.8	4,453	28.5	5,949	38.0	3,558	22.7			15,644
Winnipeg North	6,905	16.5	9,806	23.5	20,354	48.7	3,161	7.6	1,579	3.8	41,805
Winnipeg North Centre	5,821	21.0	4,813	17.3	15,229	54.9	1,880	6.8			27,743
Winnipeg South	23,855	51.8	12,713	27.6	7,112	15.5	2,332	5.1			46,012
Winnipeg South Centre	19,022	50.1	9,592	25.3	6,778	17.9	2,561	6.7			37,953
SASKATCHEWAN											
Assiniboia	1,931	8.7	8,862	40.1	10,389	47.0	903	4.1			22,085
Humboldt-Melfort	4,736	23.1	5,412	26.4	7,326	35.7	3,025	14.8			20,499
Kindersley	3,777	16.8	7,336	32.6	8,605	38.3	2,767	12.3			22,485
Mackenzie	3,289	18.5	5,299	29.8	7,231	40.7	1,956	11.0			17,775
Meadow Lake	2,443	19.2	4,140	32.5	3,253	25.5	2,921	22.9			12,757
Melville	2,596	13.3	7,949	40.6	7,590	38.8	1,429	7.3			19,564
Moose Jaw-Lake Centre	9,455	32.7	6,876	23.8	9,834	34.0	2,740	9.5			28,905

Moose Mountain	3,683	18.5	6,373	32.0	6,770	33.9	3,117	15.6		19,943
Prince Albert	12,349	53.1	5,119	22.0	5,795	24.9				23,263
Qu'Appelle	6,217	34.2	5,512	30.4	4,279	23.6	2,150	11.8		18,158
Regina City	10,504	25.7	12,456	30.5	14,561	35.7	2,958	7.2	334 0.8	40,813
Rosetown-Biggar	5,552	25.5	4,994	22.9	9,846	45.2	1,375	6.3		21,767
Rosthern			6,828	36.2	5,830	30.9	6,193	32.9		18,851
Saskatoon	12,905	38.3	6,786	20.1	12,022	35.7	2,003	5.9		33,716
Swift Current-Maple Creek	4,255	16.5	9,639	37.3	8,930	34.5	3,028	11.7		25,852
The Battlefords	4,325	20.4	6,287	29.6	8,320	39.2	2,298	10.8		21,230
Yorkton	2,342	10.4	8,414	37.5	9,712	43.3	1,967	8.8		22,435
ALBERTA										
Acadia	1,852	9.5	5,825	29.8	1,520	7.8	10,348	52.9		19,545
Athabaska	2,116	11.8	7,453	41.5	1,381	7.7	7,029	39.1		17,979
Battle River-Camrose	3,808	17.0	5,523	24.6	2,180	9.7	10,945	48.7		22,456
Bow River	7,039	37.2	4,493	23.8			7,383	39.0		18,915
Calgary North	21,783	54.7	6,429	16.1	1,545	3.9	10,066	25.3		39,823
Calgary South	21,065	53.4	11,599	29.4	1,033	2.6	5,738	14.6		39,435
Edmonton East	3,927	14.3	10,683	39.0	1,797	6.5	10,967	40.1		27,374
Edmonton-Strathcona	10,525	28.6	10,731	29.1	2,434	6.6	13,124	35.6		36,814
Edmonton West	14,173	34.7	12,606	30.9	2,249	5.5	11,814	28.9		40,842
Jasper-Edson	4,391	20.1	6,296	28.9	2,322	10.6	8,795	40.3		21,804
Lethbridge	3,041	14.8	6,627	32.2			10,910	53.0		20,578
Macleod	5,073	26.3	4,774	24.8	1,001	5.2	8,411	43.7		19,259
Medicine Hat	2,391	10.2	8,390	35.9	1,262	5.4	10,960	46.9	386 1.7	23,389
Peace River	5,896	24.8	5,515	23.1	1,783	7.5	10,393	43.7	212 0.9	23,799
Red Deer	5,918	29.6	3,471	17.4	1,073	5.4	9,519	47.6		19,981
Vegreville	1,780	9.8	5,048	27.7	3,246	17.8	7,327	40.2	815 4.5	18,216
Wetaskiwin	3,447	19.8	3,727	21.4	2,301	13.2	7,968	45.7		17,443
BRITISH COLUMBIA										
Burnaby-Coquitlam	4,949	17.5	4,778	16.9	10,947	38.8	7,552	26.8		28,226
Burnaby-Richmond	7,940	25.8	7,121	23.2	7,662	24.9	7,999	26.0		30,722
Cariboo	4,217	21.7	4,208	21.6	2,737	14.1	8,292	42.6		19,454
Coast-Capilano	11,643	27.6	16,443	39.0	5,140	12.2	8,918	21.2		42,144
Comox-Alberni	7,423	31.0	3,146	13.1	8,598	35.9	4,789	20.0		23,956
Esquimalt-Saanich	15,330	53.8	5,034	17.7	4,446	15.6	3,677	12.9		28,487
Fraser Valley	6,911	24.1	5,262	18.4	5,405	18.9	11,091	38.7		28,669

TABLE 51—Continued
1957 ELECTION RESULTS BY RIDING

	Progressive Conservative	%	Liberal	%	Co-operative Commonwealth Federation	%	Social Credit	%	Other	%	Total
Kamloops	10,029	47.2	3,383	15.9	1,959	9.2	5,858	27.6			21,229
Kootenay East	2,082	14.1	4,670	31.4	4,022	21.1	4,082	27.5			14,856
Kootenay West	3,475	16.9	2,705	13.2	8,996	43.8	5,366	26.1			20,542
Nanaimo	6,131	26.7	3,448	15.0	8,650	37.6	4,766	20.7			22,995
New Westminster	10,172	21.3	8,632	18.1	11,344	23.8	16,916	35.5	628	1.3	47,692
Okanagan Boundary	6,368	26.0	3,336	13.6	7,340	30.0	7,465	30.5			24,509
Okanagan-Revelstoke	3,305	24.4	3,415	25.2	1,455	10.7	5,376	39.7			13,551
Skeena	3,575	25.3	5,035	35.6	5,517	39.1					14,127
Vancouver-Burrard	13,721	46.6	4,626	15.7	4,088	13.9	6,772	23.0	259	0.9	29,466
Vancouver Centre	9,087	41.5	5,357	24.5	2,216	10.1	4,707	21.5	528	2.4	21,895
Vancouver East	4,110	18.1	2,454	10.8	10,782	47.6	5,312	23.4			22,658
Vancouver-Kingsway	6,762	25.7	4,270	16.2	9,040	34.3	6,262	23.8			26,334
Vancouver Quadra	21,719	63.9	5,423	16.0	2,959	8.7	3,871	11.4			33,972
Vancouver South	16,058	44.9	7,568	21.2	4,849	13.5	6,505	18.2	817	2.3	35,797
Victoria	17,981	44.7	10,987	27.3	3,721	9.3	7,569	18.8			40,258
YUKON TERRITORY											
Yukon	2,358	49.3	2,422	50.7							4,780
NORTHWEST TERRITORIES											
Mackenzie River	1,253	31.8	2,686	68.2							3,939

THE GENERAL ELECTION OF MARCH 31, 1958

Having lost their majority in Parliament, on June 21, 1957, the Liberals gave way to the minority Government of John Diefenbaker. The following February the new Prime Minister called for another election. For this showdown battle both of the major parties contested every one of the 265 seats, while the C.C.F. and Social Credit entered reduced slates of candidates. There were only 50 entries by independents and other groups, the smallest number since 1930.

The Progressive Conservative victory was of proportions unequaled in the history of Canadian politics. Over 53 percent of the electorate cast ballots for Conservative candidates, and 208 seats (78.5 percent) fell into the Conservative column. Of all the provinces, only Newfoundland failed to give the party the majority of seats. In Quebec the Conservatives won two-thirds of the seats, and polled just under half of the total vote. It was the best Conservative showing in Quebec since 1911.

The Liberals, who were now led by Lester Pearson, saw their representation in the House of Commons reduced to its lowest point in history, 49 seats. The one consolation for the party was the fact that Quebec still showed its solid Liberal core, casting 45.7 percent of its vote for Liberal candidates.

The most significant consequence of the Progressive Conservative landslide was the complete elimination of Social Credit representation (even in Alberta the party polled only one-fifth of the vote), as well as the elimination of various sorts of independents. Not since 1917 had there been so few elected representatives outside the two major parties. Only the C.C.F. managed to retain any seats at all, although its portion of the vote declined only slightly. Seven of the party's eight seats now came from outside Saskatchewan.

TABLE 52
1958 ELECTION RESULTS
SEATS WON AND VOTES POLLED BY PARTY

	Progressive Conservative				Liberal			
	Seats	%	Votes	%	Seats	%	Votes	%
Newfoundland	2	28.6	72,282	45.2	5	71.4	86,960	54.4
Prince Edward Island	4	100.0	42,911	62.2	—	—	25,847	37.5
Nova Scotia	12	100.0	237,422	57.0	—	—	160,026	38.4
New Brunswick	7	70.0	133,935	54.1	3	30.0	107,297	43.4
Quebec	50	66.7	1,003,276	49.6	25	33.3	924,090	45.7
Ontario	67	78.8	1,413,730	56.4	15	17.6	815,524	32.6
Manitoba	14	100.0	216,948	56.7	—	—	82,450	21.6
Saskatchewan	16	94.1	204,442	51.4	—	—	78,121	19.6
Alberta	17	100.0	269,689	59.9	—	—	61,583	13.7
British Columbia	18	81.8	308,971	49.4	—	—	100,889	16.1
Yukon Territory and Northwest Territories	1	50.0	5,027	48.9	1	50.0	5,122	49.9
TOTAL	208	78.5	3,908,633	53.6	49	18.5	2,447,909	33.6

	Co-operative Commonwealth Federation				Social Credit			
	Seats	%	Votes	%	Seats	%	Votes	%
Newfoundland	—	—	240	0.2	—	—	—	—
Prince Edward Island	—	—	215	0.3	—	—	—	—
Nova Scotia	—	—	18,911	4.5	—	—	—	—
New Brunswick	—	—	4,541	1.8	—	—	1,711	0.7
Quebec	—	—	45,594	2.3	—	—	12,858	0.6
Ontario	3	3.5	262,120	10.5	—	—	8,386	0.3
Manitoba	—	—	74,906	19.6	—	—	6,753	1.8
Saskatchewan	1	5.9	112,800	28.4	—	—	1,745	0.4
Alberta	—	—	19,666	4.4	—	—	97,141	21.6
British Columbia	4	18.2	153,405	24.5	—	—	59,762	9.6
Yukon Territory and Northwest Territories	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
TOTAL	8	3.0	692,398	9.5	—	—	188,356	2.6

	Other				Total	
	Seats	%	Votes	%	Seats	Votes
Newfoundland	—	—	263	0.2	7	159,745
Prince Edward Island	—	—	—	—	4	68,973
Nova Scotia	—	—	—	—	12	416,359
New Brunswick	—	—	—	—	10	247,484
Quebec	—	—	38,431	1.9	75	2,024,249
Ontario	—	—	4,735	0.2	85	2,504,513
Manitoba	—	—	1,503	0.4	14	382,560
Saskatchewan	—	—	604	0.2	17	397,712
Alberta	—	—	1,810	0.4	17	449,889
British Columbia	—	—	2,515	0.4	22	625,542
Yukon Territory and Northwest Territories	—	—	122	1.2	2	10,271
TOTAL	—	—	50,001	0.7	265	7,287,297

TABLE 52

The following is an itemization of the votes which are included in the column "Other."

Nfld.	Ind. (1) 263.
Que.	Ind. (5) 12,794; Ind. Lib. (9) 11,791; Elector's (1) 8,276; Ind. Prog. Con. (4) 1,844; Labor Prog. (2) 1,162; **Capital Familial** (1) 968; Radical Christian (1) 687; Soc. (1) 666; Canadian Labor (1) 243.
Ont.	Labor Prog. (6) 3,035; Ind. (3) 1,271; Soc. (1) 447.
Man.	Labor Prog. (1) 1,503.
Sask.	Labor Prog. (2) 458; Ind. (1) 146.
Alta.	Labor Prog. (2) 1,196; Ind. S.C. (1) 361; Ind. Prog. Con. (1) 253.
B.C.	Labor Prog. (5) 2,515.
Yukon	Ind. Prog. Con. (1) 122.

TABLE 53
1958 ELECTION RESULTS
NUMBER OF SEATS CONTESTED, RETAINED, GAINED, AND LOST BY PARTY

	Total Seats	Progressive Conservative C	R	G	L	Liberal C	R	G	L	Co-operative Commonwealth Federation C	R	G	L	Social Credit C	R	G	L	Other C	R	G	L	Total No. Candidates	Total Changing Seats
Newfoundland	7	7	2	—	—	7	5	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	16	—
Prince Edward Island	4	4	4	—	—	4	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	9	—
Nova Scotia	12	12	10	2	—	12	—	—	2	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	28	2
New Brunswick	10	10	5	2	—	10	3	—	2	3	—	—	—	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	26	2
Quebec	75	75	9	41	—	75	22	3	40	29	—	—	—	15	—	—	—	25	—	—	4	219	44
Ontario	85	85	61	6	—	85	15	—	6	63	3	—	—	18	—	—	—	10	—	—	—	261	6
Manitoba	14	14	8	6	—	14	—	—	1	14	—	—	5	6	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	49	6
Saskatchewan	17	17	3	13	—	17	—	—	4	17	1	—	9	1	—	—	—	3	—	—	—	55	13
Alberta	17	17	3	14	—	17	—	—	1	15	—	—	—	17	—	—	13	4	—	—	—	70	14
British Columbia	22	22	7	11	—	22	—	—	2	22	4	—	3	22	—	—	6	5	—	—	—	93	11
Yukon Territory and Northwest Territories	2	2	1	—	—	2	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	5	—
TOTAL	265	265	113	95	—	265	46	3	58	169	8	—	17	82	—	—	19	50	—	—	4	831	98

The gains made by the parties were as follows:

	Lib.	Prog. Con. Gain From C.C.F.	S.C.	Other	Lib. Gain From Other
N.S.	2				
N.B.	2				
Que.	40			1[1]	3[2]
Ont.	6				
Man.	1	5			
Sask.	4	9			
Alta.	1		13		
B.C.	2	3	6		
TOTAL	58	17	19	1	3

[1] Independent.

[2] Two Independent Liberals (both former Independent Liberals now running as Liberals); one Independent.

TABLE 54
1958 ELECTION RESULTS
SEATS WON BY PERCENTAGE POINT MARGINS

Percentage Points		0.1–4.9	5.0–9.9	10.0–14.9	15.0–19.9	20.0–29.9	30.0–39.9	40.0–49.9	50.0–100.0	Total Seats
Newfoundland				1	1	2	1	1	1	7
Prince Edward Island				3		1				4
Nova Scotia		1	2	5	2	2				12
New Brunswick		2	3	3		1	1			10
Quebec		21	23	12	11	8				75
Ontario		11	7	5	6	14	24	17	1	85
Manitoba		2		3	2		2	2	3	14
Saskatchewan			3	2	3	5	3		1	17
Alberta			1		1	2	9	1	3	17
British Columbia		3	5	1	4	2	1	4	2	22
Yukon Territory and Northwest Territories				2						2
TOTAL	No.	40	44	37	30	37	41	25	11	265
	%	15.1	16.6	14.0	11.3	14.0	15.5	9.4	4.2	100

The most closely contested seats were divided among the parties as follows:

	N.S.	N.B.	Que.	Ont.	Man.	Sask.	Alta.	B.C.	Total
0.1–4.9									
Prog. Con.	1	2	11	1	2			3	20
Lib.			10	9					19
C.C.F.				1					1
									40
5.0–9.9									
Prog. Con.	2	1	16	4		3	1	2	29
Lib.		2	7	1					10
C.C.F.				2				3	5
									44

TABLE 55
1958 ELECTION RESULTS BY RIDING

	Progressive Conservative	%	Liberal	%	Co-operative Commonwealth Federation	%	Social Credit	%	Other	%	Total
NEWFOUNDLAND											
Bonavista-Twillingate	4,323	24.0	13,670	76.0							17,993
Burin-Burgeo	4,847	29.9	11,360	70.1							16,207
Grand Falls-White Bay-Labrador	10,129	38.3	16,328	61.7							26,457
Humber-St. George's	10,239	43.2	13,468	56.8							23,707
St. John's East	17,894	65.4	9,197	33.6					263	1.0	27,354
St. John's West	15,953	60.1	10,338	39.0	240	0.9					26,531
Trinity-Conception	8,897	41.4	12,599	58.6							21,496
PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND											
Kings	5,018	56.4	3,884	43.6							8,902
Prince	10,444	60.4	6,636	38.4	215	1.2					17,295
Queens*	27,449	64.2	15,327	35.8							42,776
NOVA SCOTIA											
Antigonish-Guysborough	6,758	53.7	5,827	46.3							12,585
Cape Breton North and Victoria	12,046	58.3	8,616	41.7							20,662
Cape Breton South	17,636	45.9	7,754	20.2	13,044	33.9					38,434
Colchester-Hants	15,653	54.5	11,779	41.0	1,267	4.4					28,699
Cumberland	11,379	60.2	7,525	39.8							18,904
Digby-Annapolis-Kings	19,432	58.2	13,981	41.8							33,413
Halifax*	106,948	59.8	67,143	37.6	4,600	2.5					178,691
Inverness-Richmond	7,725	50.1	7,709	49.9							15,434
Pictou	13,618	60.4	8,911	39.6							22,529
Queens-Lunenburg	14,156	57.2	10,594	42.8							24,750
Shelburne-Yarmouth-Clare	12,071	54.2	10,187	45.8							22,258

NEW BRUNSWICK											
Charlotte	6,448	52.6	5,806	47.3							12,254
Gloucester	11,705	47.1	13,112	52.8							24,817
Kent	4,988	44.9	6,118	55.1							11,106
Northumberland-Miramichi	9,257	47.6	10,206	52.4							19,463
Restigouche-Madawaska	17,221	56.2	12,909	42.1			538	1.8			30,668
Royal	10,483	59.9	7,031	40.1							17,514
St. John-Albert	27,049	63.9	13,917	32.9	1,394	3.3					42,360
Victoria-Carleton	10,692	60.0	6,483	36.4			651	3.6			17,826
Westmorland	20,149	48.3	18,597	44.5	2,478	5.9	522	1.3			41,746
York-Sunbury	15,943	53.6	13,118	44.1	669	2.3					29,730
QUEBEC											
Argenteuil-Two Mountains	14,483	56.6	10,493	41.0					626	2.4	25,602
Beauce	4,217	17.1	10,417	42.3					9,984	40.6	24,618
Beauharnois-Salaberry	13,202	51.6	12,368	48.4							25,570
Bellechasse	6,861	52.3	6,255	47.7							13,116
Berthier-Maskinonge-Delanaudiere	12,702	59.2	8,738	40.8							21,440
Bonaventure	9,135	54.1	7,741	45.9							16,876
Brome-Missisquoi	11,361	61.6	7,093	38.4							18,454
Chambly-Rouville	10,546	49.9	10,224	48.4			366	1.7			21,136
Champlain	13,537	50.3	13,374	49.7							26,911
Chapleau	14,705	59.5	9,764	39.5					243	1.0	24,712
Charlevoix	12,315	60.9	7,918	39.1							20,233
Chateauguay-Huntingdon-Laprairie	12,365	56.6	9,472	43.4							21,837
Chicoutimi	15,407	50.6	12,348	40.6	2,666	8.8					30,421
Compton-Frontenac	9,383	51.9	8,349	46.2	331	1.8					18,063
Dorchester	8,766	55.2	7,111	44.8							15,877
Drummond-Arthabaska	16,522	47.0	17,288	49.2			1,308	3.7			35,118
Gaspe	14,535	58.6	9,994	40.3	282	1.1					24,811
Gatineau	9,004	43.5	10,840	52.3			878	4.2			20,722
Hull	12,869	35.9	20,152	56.2			2,484	6.9	348	1.0	35,833
Iles de la Madeleine	2,471	52.2	2,115	44.7					146	3.1	4,732

TABLE 55—Continued

1958 ELECTION RESULTS BY RIDING

	Progressive Conservative	%	Liberal	%	Co-operative Commonwealth Federation	%	Social Credit	%	Other	%	Total
Joliette-L'Assomption-Montcalm	21,821	58.5	15,454	41.5							37,275
Kamouraska	7,691	52.9	6,847	47.1							14,538
Labelle	10,606	58.1	7,660	41.9							18,266
Lake St. John	8,255	46.6	7,353	41.5	2,120	12.0					17,728
Lapointe	9,864	34.0	12,113	41.7	7,042	24.3					29,019
Levis	9,164	42.5	12,410	57.5							21,574
Longueuil	18,637	49.8	16,238	43.4	2,529	6.8					37,404
Lotbiniere	9,610	59.9	6,432	40.1							16,042
Matapedia-Matane	14,969	58.9	10,433	41.1							25,402
Megantic	13,030	48.7	13,486	50.4					246	0.9	26,762
Montmagny-L'Islet	7,963	47.8	8,689	52.2							16,652
Nicolet-Yamaska	11,880	62.2	7,219	37.8							19,099
Pontiac-Temiscamingue	8,842	51.2	8,431	48.8							17,273
Portneuf	11,386	53.2	10,031	46.8							21,417
Quebec East	22,285	49.5	21,649	48.1			1,104	2.5			45,038
Quebec-Montmorency	25,394	55.1	19,610	42.5			1,109	2.4			46,112
Quebec West	14,223	51.5	12,357	44.7			1,054	3.8			27,634
Quebec South	15,771	50.4	15,507	49.6							31,278
Richelieu-Vercheres	11,005	44.9	13,497	55.1							24,502
Richmond-Wolfe	11,984	50.3	11,299	47.4			560	2.3			23,842
Rimouski	16,426	57.7	11,503	40.4			534	1.9			28,463
Roberval	10,696	53.9	9,130	46.1							19,826
St. Hyacinthe-Bagot	15,761	58.8	10,857	40.5					157	0.6	26,775
St. John-Iberville-Napierville	12,100	45.8	14,332	54.2							26,432
St. Maurice-Lafleche	14,405	41.4	18,556	53.3	1,863	5.3					34,824
Saguenay	13,194	53.8	11,330	46.2							24,524
Shefford	12,211	47.1	13,001	50.1	739	2.8					25,951
Sherbrooke	15,383	51.0	14,458	47.9			349	1.2			30,190
Stanstead	10,363	56.0	7,638	41.3					489	2.6	18,490

Temiscouata	13,361	57.7	9,810	42.3							23,171
Terrebonne	19,319	51.4	18,241	48.6							37,560
Three Rivers	18,049	59.7	11,193	37.1					968	3.2	30,210
Vaudreuil-Soulanges	8,161	52.9	7,274	47.1							15,435
Villeneuve	9,811	34.0	10,102	35.0	662	2.3			8,276	28.7	28,851
ISLAND OF MONTREAL											
Cartier	6,850	42.3	7,097	43.8	713	4.4			1,528	9.4	16,188
Dollard	16,677	43.6	18,760	49.1	1,742	4.6	1,063	2.8			38,242
Hochelaga	12,845	40.5	16,706	52.7	1,294	4.1			883	2.8	31,728
Jacques Cartier-Lasalle	30,908	52.8	24,233	41.4	3,364	5.7					58,505
Lafontaine	10,299	43.4	12,195	51.3	979	4.1			276	1.2	23,749
Laurier	8,915	45.1	10,125	51.2	741	3.7					19,781
Laval	26,076	47.5	25,363	46.2	2,165	3.9			1,272	2.4	54,876
Maisonneuve-Rosemont	19,479	45.0	21,515	49.7	2,276	5.2					43,270
Mercier	26,463	50.4	23,103	44.0	2,219	4.2			687	1.3	52,472
Mount Royal	21,562	47.3	22,051	48.4	1,952	4.3					45,565
Notre Dame de Grace	27,145	60.5	16,172	36.1	1,526	3.4					44,843
Outremont-St.John	8,906	38.9	12,715	55.6	1,249	5.5					22,870
Papineau	14,468	41.5	18,466	52.9	1,328	3.8			632	1.8	34,894
St. Ann	5,941	37.4	8,289	52.2	394	2.5			1,256	7.9	15,880
St. Antoine-Westmont	15,882	53.5	12,941	43.6	684	2.3	192	0.6			29,699
St. Denis	12,166	42.4	14,737	51.4			879	3.1	917	3.2	28,699
St. Henri	10,196	34.7	11,533	39.3	691	2.4	714	2.4	6,218	21.2	29,352
St. James	12,798	51.9	10,517	42.7	670	2.7			666	2.7	24,651
St. Lawrence-St. George	9,702	55.0	7,132	40.4	534	3.0			279	1.6	17,647
St. Mary	11,635	52.0	9,662	43.2	634	2.8			433	1.9	22,364
Verdun	16,357	46.3	14,604	41.3	2,205	6.2	264	0.7	1,901	5.4	35,331
ONTARIO											
Algoma East	8,208	38.2	11,240	52.2	2,039	9.5					21,487
Algoma West	11,355	39.8	12,390	43.4	4,801	16.8					28,546
Brantford	14,059	55.2	7,694	30.2	3,726	14.6					25,479
Brant-Haldimand	15,182	65.2	6,630	28.5	1,462	6.3					23,274
Bruce	9,510	65.6	4,975	34.3							14,485
Carleton	32,741	67.4	13,652	28.1	1,777	3.7	355	0.7			48,525
Cochrane	6,941	39.6	7,851	44.8	2,729	15.6					17,521
Dufferin-Simcoe	13,037	69.4	5,750	30.6							18,787

TABLE 55—Continued
1958 ELECTION RESULTS BY RIDING

	Progressive Conservative	%	Liberal	%	Co-operative Commonwealth Federation	%	Social Credit	%	Other	%	Total
Durham	9,732	56.0	6,178	35.5	1,480	8.5					17,390
Elgin	17,146	68.4	6,656	26.6	1,008	4.0	252	1.0			25,062
Essex East	16,451	38.2	18,074	42.0	8,530	19.8					43,055
Essex South	14,326	61.2	8,222	35.1	861	3.7					23,409
Essex West	18,927	45.8	14,190	34.3	7,898	19.1	355	0.9			41,370
Fort William	9,798	39.4	9,915	39.8	4,953	19.9			224	0.9	24,890
Glengarry-Prescott	10,385	51.3	9,865	48.7							20,250
Grenville-Dundas	10,793	69.2	4,340	27.8			473	3.0			15,606
Grey-Bruce	11,878	65.5	6,248	34.5							18,126
Grey North	12,240	62.8	5,990	30.7	1,265	6.5					19,495
Halton	21,056	61.0	9,978	28.9	3,481	10.1					34,515
Hamilton East	15,046	51.3	7,427	25.3	6,315	21.5			537	1.8	29,325
Hamilton South	24,453	54.1	9,860	21.8	10,874	24.1					45,187
Hamilton West	19,863	64.7	6,094	19.9	4,742	15.4					30,699
Hastings-Frontenac	13,983	69.4	5,564	27.6			606	3.0			20,153
Hastings South	17,849	61.6	10,069	34.7	1,058	3.7					28,976
Huron	14,108	65.1	7,550	34.9							21,658
Kenora-Rainy River	11,773	43.3	11,956	43.9	3,487	12.8					27,216
Kent	17,348	55.9	13,005	41.9			661	2.1			31,014
Kingston	16,989	51.9	14,862	45.4	887	2.7					32,738
Lambton-Kent	12,835	69.1	5,749	30.9							18,584
Lambton West	16,603	57.1	10,197	34.9	2,124	7.3			164	0.6	29,088
Lanark	12,116	73.7	4,315	26.3							16,431
Leeds	12,675	58.1	9,145	41.9							21,820
Lincoln	29,958	58.8	15,063	29.6	4,978	9.8	949	1.9			50,948
London	24,276	67.5	9,107	25.3	2,598	7.2					35,981
Middlesex East	24,896	69.4	7,849	21.9	3,125	8.7					35,870
Middlesex West	11,974	67.1	5,883	32.9							17,857
Niagara Falls	13,504	44.1	14,025	45.8	3,115	10.2					30,644
Nickle Belt	8,556	34.0	11,866	47.1	4,772	18.9					25,194
Nipissing	10,422	39.0	15,046	56.3	1,242	4.6					26,710

Norfolk	12,369	62.7	7,347	37.3							19,716
Northumberland	12,517	64.0	7,028	36.0							19,545
Ontario	26,887	58.4	10,848	23.6	8,023	17.4			248	0.5	46,006
Ottawa East	9,850	35.3	17,161	61.4	573	2.1	357	1.3			27,941
Ottawa West	17,673	47.1	19,098	50.9	751	2.0					37,522
Oxford	22,079	75.1	7,305	24.9							29,384
Parry Sound-Muskoka	14,888	61.7	6,833	28.3	2,414	10.0					24,135
Peel	23,379	61.2	10,357	27.1	3,848	10.1	640	1.7			38,224
Perth	18,295	70.4	6,842	26.3					859	3.3	25,996
Peterborough	19,032	66.8	7,254	25.5	1,887	6.6	326	1.1			28,499
Port Arthur	10,215	32.5	9,043	28.7	12,217	38.8					31,475
Prince Edward-Lennox	10,783	70.7	4,458	29.3							15,241
Renfrew North	10,226	49.5	10,425	50.5							20,651
Renfrew South	9,259	53.2	8,148	46.8							17,407
Russell	19,464	45.4	21,575	50.3	1,224	2.9	594	1.4			42,857
Simcoe East	15,149	63.2	7,403	30.9	1,423	5.9					23,975
Simcoe North	13,855	70.2	5,890	29.8							19,745
Stormont	13,964	53.2	11,977	45.6			331	1.3			26,272
Sudbury	11,084	35.0	16,216	51.1	4,413	13.9					31,713
Timiskaming	7,318	34.8	6,118	29.2	7,544	36.0					20,980
Timmins	6,252	32.4	5,719	29.6	7,342	38.0					19,313
Victoria	16,080	71.8	5,190	23.2	1,112	5.0					22,382
Waterloo North	24,526	54.6	15,206	33.9	5,148	11.5					44,880
Waterloo South	15,624	60.5	5,793	22.4	4,415	17.1					25,832
Welland	14,053	39.1	15,365	42.7	6,550	18.2					35,968
Wellington-Huron	10,574	68.1	4,963	31.9							15,537
Wellington South	15,160	59.4	8,194	32.1	2,186	8.6					25,540
Wentworth	23,854	65.5	7,578	20.8	4,972	13.7					36,404
York Centre	30,764	53.3	19,065	33.0	7,888	13.7					57,717
York East	22,900	61.5	8,317	22.3	6,033	16.2					37,250
York-Humber	23,723	60.0	9,557	24.2	6,257	15.8					39,537
York North	21,499	63.9	9,523	28.3	2,148	6.4	494	1.5			33,664
York-Scarborough	57,396	65.1	22,019	25.0	8,123	9.2	653	0.7			88,191
York South	22,980	49.5	13,141	28.3	9,643	20.8	258	0.6	427	0.9	46,449
York West	34,208	60.1	15,589	27.4	6,502	11.4	612	1.1			56,911
CITY OF TORONTO											
Broadview	15,364	64.3	4,738	19.8	3,356	14.0			447	1.9	23,905
Danforth	24,139	58.8	7,529	18.4	9,352	22.8					41,020

TABLE 55—Continued
1958 ELECTION RESULTS BY RIDING

	Progressive Conservative	%	Liberal	%	Co-operative Commonwealth Federation	%	Social Credit	%	Other	%	Total
Davenport	12,117	48.6	7,872	31.5	4,963	19.9					24,952
Eglinton	28,565	70.2	9,468	23.3	2,646	6.5					40,679
Greenwood	16,284	62.1	4,320	16.5	5,626	21.4					26,230
High Park	14,289	52.2	9,586	35.0	3,256	11.9	237	0.9			27,368
Parkdale	13,640	52.3	8,599	33.0	3,492	13.4			344	1.3	26,075
Rosedale	15,429	63.2	6,412	26.3	2,570	10.5					24,411
St. Paul's	18,213	64.8	7,212	25.7	2,686	9.6					28,111
Spadina	14,616	50.2	10,596	36.4	3,040	10.4	233	0.8	652	2.2	29,137
Trinity	10,203	45.5	8,177	36.5	3,170	14.2			851	3.8	22,401
MANITOBA											
Brandon-Souris	22,185	74.0	5,303	17.7	1,552	5.2	946	3.2			29,986
Churchill	11,506	64.7	4,159	23.4	2,118	11.9					17,776
Dauphin	8,674	46.4	3,981	21.3	6,023	32.2					18,678
Lisgar	13,072	66.8	4,546	23.2	520	2.7	1,445	7.4			19,583
Marquette	14,748	64.4	5,598	24.4	1,572	6.9	993	4.3			22,911
Portage-Neepawa	15,304	65.6	6,434	27.6	1,598	6.8					23,336
Provencher	8,278	54.5	5,268	34.7	281	1.8	1,363	9.0			15,190
St. Boniface	12,688	44.0	9,500	33.0	5,759	20.0	881	3.1			28,828
Selkirk	8,878	47.6	4,467	24.0	5,291	28.4					18,636
Springfield	7,045	42.4	3,491	21.0	4,962	29.9	1,125	6.8			16,623
Winnipeg North	19,629	42.4	5,700	12.3	19,414	42.0			1,503	3.3	46,246
Winnipeg North Centre	14,911	46.6	3,552	11.1	13,536	42.3					31,999
Winnipeg South	32,308	63.2	12,524	24.5	6,305	12.3					51,137
Winnipeg South Centre	27,722	66.6	7,927	19.0	5,975	14.4					41,624
SASKATCHEWAN											
Assiniboia	6,360	29.4	6,173	28.5	9,104	42.1					21,637
Humboldt-Melfort	9,975	49.6	3,501	17.4	6,619	32.9					20,095
Kindersley	8,935	41.9	5,362	25.1	7,027	32.9					21,324
Mackenzie	9,138	53.1	2,511	14.6	5,559	32.3					17,208
Meadow Lake	6,830	53.3	3,272	25.5	2,719	21.2					12,821

Melville	8,440	42.6	5,673	28.6	5,698	28.7					19,811
Moose Jaw-Lake Centre	18,736	59.6	4,030	12.8	8,535	27.1			146	0.5	31,447
Moose Mountain	9,287	46.1	5,130	25.5	5,712	28.4					20,129
Prince Albert	16,583	72.1	2,538	11.0	3,870	16.8					22,991
Qu'Appelle	10,514	59.0	4,357	24.5	2,941	16.5					17,812
Regina City	24,424	54.4	7,844	17.5	12,391	27.6			262	0.6	44,921
Rosetown-Biggar	9,962	47.7	2,886	13.8	8,051	38.5					20,899
Rosthern	8,166	46.2	4,446	25.1	3,322	18.8	1,745	9.9			17,679
Saskatoon	24,622	60.9	5,505	13.6	10,324	25.5					40,451
Swift Current-Maple Creek	11,618	45.3	6,932	27.0	6,921	27.0			196	0.8	25,667
The Battlefords	10,970	54.0	2,975	14.6	6,363	31.3					20,308
Yorkton	9,882	43.9	4,986	22.1	7,644	34.0					22,512
ALBERTA											
Acadia	9,669	50.4	2,995	15.6	942	4.9	5,597	29.1			19,203
Athabaska	9,751	51.7	4,473	23.7	820	4.4	3,806	20.2			18,850
Battle River-Camrose	13,049	57.4	2,216	9.7	1,340	5.9	6,137	27.0			22,742
Bow River	12,695	63.1	1,772	8.8			5,646	28.1			20,113
Calgary North	30,930	72.0	4,555	10.6	2,018	4.7	5,484	12.8			42,987
Calgary South	29,482	70.5	7,039	16.8	1,416	3.4	3,884	9.3			41,821
Edmonton East	15,236	54.3	4,413	15.7	1,220	4.4	6,441	23.0	726	2.6	28,036
Edmonton-Strathcona	25,885	61.3	7,218	17.1	1,838	4.4	7,270	17.2			42,211
Edmonton West	30,937	66.7	8,544	18.4	2,023	4.4	4,893	10.5			46,397
Jasper-Edson	12,522	57.3	3,683	16.9	1,396	6.4	4,240	19.4			21,841
Lethbridge	13,364	58.3	2,714	11.8			6,471	28.2	361	1.6	22,910
Macleod	11,911	59.0	1,907	9.5	736	3.6	5,623	27.9			20,177
Medicine Hat	10,886	46.3	2,572	10.9	907	3.9	9,151	38.9			23,516
Peace River	13,328	58.8	2,535	11.2	1,064	4.7	5,737	25.3			22,664
Red Deer	11,569	54.5	1,537	7.2	1,029	4.8	7,087	33.4			21,222
Vegreville	7,918	46.5	1,706	10.0	1,326	7.8	5,360	31.5	723	4.2	17,033
Wetaskiwin	10,557	58.1	1,704	9.4	1,591	8.8	4,314	23.7			18,166
BRITISH COLUMBIA											
Burnaby-Coquitlam	11,422	38.1	3,533	11.7	12,917	43.1	2,113	7.0			29,985
Burnaby-Richmond	15,570	45.6	5,286	15.5	10,063	29.5	3,190	9.4			34,109
Cariboo	9,327	43.2	3,279	15.2	3,175	14.7	5,811	26.9			21,592
Coast-Capilano	19,343	43.5	17,411	39.1	6,134	13.8	1,599	3.6			44,487
Comox-Alberni	11,483	46.1	2,472	9.9	9,607	38.6	1,354	5.4			24,916

TABLE 55—Continued
1958 ELECTION RESULTS BY RIDING

	Progressive Conservative	%	Liberal	%	Co-operative Commonwealth Federation	%	Social Credit	%	Other	%	Total
Esquimalt-Saanich	18,768	65.4	3,576	12.5	4,755	16.6	1,331	4.6	280	1.0	28,710
Fraser Valley	13,890	44.1	4,562	14.5	5,640	17.9	7,414	23.5			31,506
Kamloops	13,858	63.3	2,868	13.1	2,777	12.7	2,390	10.9			21,893
Kootenay East	5,363	33.5	4,483	28.0	4,006	25.0	2,174	13.6			16,026
Kootenay West	8,248	37.9	2,306	10.6	9,460	43.5	1,753	8.1			21,767
Nanaimo	10,734	43.9	2,606	10.7	10,029	41.0	1,077	4.4			24,446
New Westminster	21,202	41.7	4,559	9.0	13,220	26.0	10,886	21.4	958	1.9	50,825
Okanagan Boundary	13,065	48.4	2,637	9.8	7,829	29.0	3,470	12.9			27,001
Okanagan-Revelstoke	7,004	47.9	2,329	15.9	1,859	12.7	3,213	22.0	205	1.4	14,610
Skeena	5,028	30.1	4,148	24.8	6,647	39.8	876	5.2			16,699
Vancouver-Burrard	18,001	60.5	5,154	17.3	5,121	17.2	1,459	4.9			29,735
Vancouver Centre	14,044	61.4	3,927	17.2	3,183	13.9	1,059	4.6	650	2.8	22,863
Vancouver East	8,654	36.6	2,175	9.2	11,486	48.6	1,338	5.7			23,653
Vancouver-Kingsway	11,928	42.7	2,631	9.4	11,724	42.0	1,642	5.9			27,925
Vancouver Quadra	24,802	70.8	5,713	16.3	3,496	10.0	1,062	3.0			35,033
Vancouver South	22,292	60.5	6,528	17.7	5,717	15.5	1,914	5.2	422	1.1	36,873
Victoria	24,945	61.1	8,706	21.3	4,560	11.2	2,637	6.5			40,848
YUKON TERRITORY											
Yukon	2,947	54.5	2,340	43.3					122	2.3	5,409
NORTHWEST TERRITORIES											
Mackenzie River	2,080	42.8	2,782	57.2							4,862

Part III

RESULTS OF FEDERAL BY-ELECTIONS 1921-1958

TABLE 56
FEDERAL BY-ELECTIONS
1921-1930

		Conservative	
1921-1925			%
Jan. 26, 1922	Grenville (Ont.)	4,482	61.4
Mar. 14, 1922	Kootenay East (B.C.)		
Aug. 31, 1922	St. John's-Iberville (Que.)		
Dec. 4, 1922	Halifax (N.S.)		
Dec. 4, 1922	Lanark (Ont.)	8,497	54.7
Mar. 1, 1923	Essex North (Ont.)	9,384	47.3
April 10, 1923	Moose Jaw (Sask.)		
July 31, 1923	Cape Breton North and Victoria (N.S.)	4,215	39.4
Oct. 24, 1923	Winnipeg North (Man.)		
Dec. 5, 1923	Halifax (N.S.)	13,365	53.9
Dec. 20, 1923	Kent (N.B.)	3,643	51.5
Sept. 2, 1924	Rimouski (Que.)	3,876	40.5
Sept. 2, 1924	St. Antoine (Que.)	4,062	44.6
Oct. 7, 1924	Northumberland (N.B.)	5,583	47.3
Nov. 6, 1924	Yale (B.C.)	6,354	51.5
Nov. 25, 1924	Hastings West (Ont.)	7,901	48.7
Dec. 1, 1924	Temiscouata (Que.)		
1925-1926			
Dec. 7, 1925	Bagot (Que.)	3,245	46.6
Feb. 15, 1926	Prince Albert (Sask.)		
Mar. 29, 1926	Middlesex West (Ont.)	3,783	37.0
1926-1930			
Jan. 18, 1927	Antigonish-Guysborough (N.S.)	5,292	45.2
Sept. 12, 1927	Huron North (Ont.)	4,595	39.4
Dec. 6, 1928	Victoria (B.C.)	5,636	50.4
Dec. 17, 1928	Joliette (Que.)		
July 29, 1929	Lanark (Ont.)	5,682	44.2
July 29, 1929	Prescott (Ont.)		
July 29, 1929	Vaudreuil-Soulanges (Que.)		

TABLE 56
FEDERAL BY-ELECTIONS
1921-1930

Liberal	%	Progressive	%	Other	%	Total
		2,820	38.6			7,302
3,223	62.5	1,943	37.7			5,166
5,629	64.6			3,078	35.4	8,707
8,668	54.6			7,205	45.5	15,873
7,048	45.3					15,545
10,456	52.7					19,840
7,362	45.1	8,960	54.9			16,322
4,839	45.2			1,652	15.4	10,706
5,628	64.7			3,072	35.3	8,700
11,433	46.1					24,798
3,435	48.5					7,078
5,701	59.5					9,577
5,044	55.4					9,106
6,222	52.7					11,805
5,988	48.5					12,342
8,315	51.3					16,216
5,544	38.8			8,759*	61.2	14,303
3,724	53.4					6,969
7,920	77.5			2,299	22.5	10,219
6,443	63.0					10,226
6,415	54.8					11,707
4,407	37.7	2,673	22.9			11,675
5,544	49.6					11,180
5,251	66.6			2,636	33.4	7,887
				7,174*	55.8	12,856
5,152	59.1			3,562	40.9	8,714
4,409	68.0			2,072	31.9	6,481

TABLE 57
FEDERAL BY-ELECTIONS
1930-1940

		Conservative	
1930-1935			%
Aug. 10, 1931	Hamilton East (Ont.)	7,263	38.9
Aug. 10, 1931	Three Rivers-St. Maurice (Que.)	13,539	50.1
Mar. 21, 1932	Athabaska (Alta.)	4,910	32.1
June 27, 1932	Maisonneuve (Que.)	14,443	45.6
June 27, 1932	Royal (N.B.)	7,754	52.1
Oct. 3, 1932	Huron South (Ont.)	5,060	41.8
Oct. 23, 1933	Mackenzie (Sask.)	1,541	12.3
Oct. 23, 1933	Restigouche-Madawaska (N.B.)	5,498	28.1
Oct. 23, 1933	Yamaska (Que.)	3,817	49.5
April 16, 1934	Oxford South (Ont.)	5,199	43.7
Sept. 24, 1934	Elgin West (Ont.)	6,724	39.8
Sept. 24, 1934	Frontenac-Addington (Ont.)	6,917	42.2
Sept. 24, 1934	Kenora-Rainy River (Ont.)	2,453	22.2
Sept. 24, 1934	Toronto East (Ont.)	13,227	46.3
Sept. 24, 1934	York North (Ont.)	7,793	40.4
1935-1940			
Jan. 6, 1936	Assiniboia (Sask.)		
June 8, 1936	Victoria (B.C.)	5,977	34.0
Oct. 26, 1936	Ottawa East (Ont.)		
Mar. 22, 1937	Bonaventure (Que.)	6,076	43.3
Mar. 22, 1937	Hamilton West (Ont.)	8,102	42.8
April 5, 1937	Renfrew North (Ont.)	5,459	48.2
Nov. 29,1937	Victoria (B.C.)	7,654	32.3
Dec. 27, 1937	Lotbiniere (Que.)		
Jan. 17, 1938	St. Henri (Que.)		
Feb. 28, 1938	Argenteuil (Que.)	4,939	57.3
Mar. 21, 1938	Edmonton East (Alta.)	2,466	12.2
Nov. 14, 1938	Brandon (Man.)	5,600	35.5
Nov. 14, 1938	London (Ont.)	11,364	58.2
Nov. 14, 1938	Waterloo South (Ont.)	7,776	51.7
Dec. 18, 1939	Jacques Cartier (Que.)		
Dec. 18, 1939	St. James (Que.)		
Dec. 18, 1939	Saskatoon (Sask.)		

TABLE 57
FEDERAL BY-ELECTIONS
1930-1940

Liberal	%	Co-operative Commonwealth Federation	%	Social Credit	%	Other	%	Total
						11,426*	61.1	18,689
13,501	49.9							27,040
4,586	30.0					5,806	37.9	15,302
15,748	49.8					1,448	4.6	31,639
7,127	47.9							14,881
7,046	58.2							12,106
5,926	47.4	4,312	34.5			713	5.7	12,492
11,958	61.1					2,117	10.8	19,573
3,901	50.5							7,718
6,692	56.3							11,891
9,617	56.9					562	3.3	16,903
9,488	57.8							16,405
8,618	77.8							11,071
10,721	37.5	4,649	16.3					28,597
10,480	59.6							19,273
7,282	66.2	3,717	33.8					10,999
5,725	32.5	5,887	33.5					17,589
9,726	41.2					13,856	58.7	23,582
7,735	55.1					225	1.6	14,036
7,295	38.5					3,536	18.7	18,933
5,863	51.8							11,322
9,493	40.1	6,550	27.6					23,697
9,910	65.4					5,239	34.6	15,149
16,594	57.5					12,277	42.5	28,871
3,281	38.0					405	4.7	8,625
7,920	39.0			9,904	48.8			20,290
6,583	41.8	3,577	22.7					15,760
		8,166	41.8					19,530
3,730	24.8	3,544	23.5					15,050
6,829	77.6					1,976	22.4	8,805
16,986	72.7					6,368	27.3	23,354
5,766	34.9					10,756*	65.1	16,522

TABLE 58
FEDERAL BY-ELECTIONS
1940-1949

		Progressive Conservative	
1940-1945			%
Aug. 19, 1940	Carleton (Ont.)	6,045	80.3
Aug. 19, 1940	Saskatoon (Sask.)	4,798	31.5
Aug. 19, 1940	Waterloo North (Ont.)	5,436	38.1
June 2, 1941	Edmonton East (Alta.)		
Feb. 9, 1942	Quebec East (Que.)		
Feb. 9, 1942	St. Mary (Que.)		
Feb. 9, 1942	Welland (Ont.)		
Feb. 9, 1942	York South (Ont.)	11,952	42.1
Nov. 30, 1942	Charlevoix-Saguenay (Que.)		
Nov. 30, 1942	Outremont (Que.)		
Nov. 30, 1942	Winnipeg North Centre (Sask.)		
Aug. 9, 1943	Cartier (Que.)		
Aug. 9, 1943	Humboldt (Sask.)		
Aug. 9, 1943	Selkirk (Man.)		
Aug. 9, 1943	Stanstead (Que.)		
Feb. 5, 1945	Grey North (Ont.)	7,333	44.3
1945-1949			
Aug. 6, 1945	Glengary (Ont.)		
Sept. 16, 1946	Pontiac (Que.)	7,487	23.5
Oct. 21, 1946	Parkdale (Ont.)	8,212	35.1
Oct. 21, 1946	Portage-Laprairie (Man.)	4,805	40.8
Dec. 23, 1946	Richelieu-Vercheres (Que.)	1,875	9.4
Mar. 31, 1947	Cartier (Que.)		
July 14, 1947	Halifax (N.S.)	13,768	25.3
Oct. 20, 1947	York-Sunbury (N.B.)	8,119	34.0
May 31, 1948	Yale (B.C.)	7,953	28.1
June 8, 1948	Ontario (Ont.)	7,541	29.0
June 8, 1948	Vancouver Centre (B.C.)	4,965	22.7
Oct. 25, 1948	Algoma East (Ont.)		
Oct. 25, 1948	Rosthern (Sask.)		
Dec. 13, 1948	Digby-Annapolis-Kings (N.S.)	14,057	49.3
Dec. 20, 1948	Carleton (Ont.)	12,284	76.3
Dec. 20, 1948	Laval-Two Mountains (Que.)		
Dec. 20, 1948	Marquette (Man.)		
Feb. 7, 1949	Nicolet-Yamaska (Que.)	8,382	49.5

TABLE 58
FEDERAL BY-ELECTIONS
1940-1949

Liberal	%	Co-operative Commonwealth Federation	%	Social Credit	%	Other	%	Total
				1,483	19.7			7,528
2,421	15.9					7,998	52.6	15,217
8,826	61.9							14,262
7,306	51.8			4,199	29.8	2,605	18.5	14,110
16,708	56.7					12,768	43.3	29,476
11,980	71.4					4,802	28.6	16,782
12,836	45.9	6,088	21.8			9,046	32.3	27,970
		16,408	57.9					28,360
						19,455	100.0	19,455
12,378	64.0					6,948	36.0	19,326
4,718	28.5	11,639	70.2			220	1.3	16,577
4,180	22.0	3,313	17.4			11,537*	60.6	19,030
5,287	36.6	8,910	61.7	251	1.7			14,448
3,781	27.0	9,396	67.1	833	5.9			14,010
5,349	43.6	257	2.1			6,661*	54.3	12,267
6,097	36.8	3,118	18.8					16,548
4,551	93.3					325	6.7	4,876
10,379	32.6	1,975	6.2	11,412	35.9	572	1.8	31,825
7,659	32.8	6,470	27.7			1,030	4.4	23,371
4,137	35.2	2,821	24.0					11,763
11,984	59.9			6,164	30.8			20,023
9,649	40.1					14,418	59.9	24,067
24,469	45.0	16,151	29.7					54,388
12,237	51.3	3,514	14.7					23,870
7,500	26.5	12,838	45.4					28,291
8,311	31.9	10,187	39.1					26,039
7,348	33.7	9,518	43.6					21,831
4,685	56.4	2,382	28.7	1,236	14.9			8,303
6,233	52.5	3,278	27.6	2,369	19.9			11,880
12,469	43.7	1,992	7.0					28,518
		3,371	20.9	451	2.8			16,106
6,280	65.6					3,287	34.4	9,567
7,421	71.4	2,974	28.6					10,395
8,095	47.8					469	2.8	16,946

TABLE 59
FEDERAL BY-ELECTIONS
1949-1958

		Progressive Conservative	
1949-1953			%
Oct. 24, 1949	Gatineau (Que.)	2,705	29.1
Oct. 24, 1949	Greenwood (Ont.)	9,399	40.2
Oct. 24, 1949	Jacques Cartier (Que.)		
Oct. 24, 1949	Kamouraska (Que.)		
Oct. 24, 1949	Laurier (Que.)		
Oct. 24, 1949	Mercier (Que.)		
Oct. 24, 1949	New Westminster (B.C.)	3,068	12.4
Oct. 24, 1949	Restigouche-Madawaska (N.B.)		
May 15, 1950	Broadview (Ont.)	10,399	48.1
May 15, 1950	Hamilton West (Ont.)	8,008	42.5
June 19, 1950	Annapolis-Kings (N.S.)	14,255	55.0
June 19, 1950	Cartier (Que.)	2,833	15.8
June 19, 1950	Halifax (N.S.)	13,696	31.7
Oct. 16, 1950	Rimouski (Que.)		
Oct. 16, 1950	St. Mary (Que.)		
Oct. 16, 1950	Welland (Ont.)	13,031	32.4
June 25, 1951	Brandon (Man.)	11,124	57.1
June 25, 1951	Queens (P.E.I.)	9,540	51.2
June 25, 1951	Waterloo South (Ont.)	8,950	42.2
June 25, 1951	Winnipeg South Centre (Man.)	6,009	43.6
Dec. 10, 1951	Calgary West (Alta.)	10,686	47.3
May 26, 1952	Brome-Missisquoi (Que.)	6,013	40.0
May 26, 1952	Gloucester (N.B.)	11,245	52.3
May 26, 1952	Ontario (Ont.)	12,275	41.1
May 26, 1952	Roberval (Que.)	6,703	41.2
May 26, 1952	Victoria-Carleton (N.B.)	9,440	56.9
May 26, 1952	Waterloo North (Ont.)	10,892	38.9
Oct. 6, 1952	Outremont-St. John (Que.)	3,203	28.5
Oct. 6, 1952	Richelieu-Vercheres (Que.)	4,374	24.8
1953-1957			
Mar. 22, 1954	Elgin (Ont.)	11,821	52.5
Mar. 22, 1954	Gatineau (Que.)	2,614	24.5
Mar. 22, 1954	Peel (Ont.)	13,500	55.3
Mar. 22, 1954	Verdun (Que.)	5,755	22.9
Nov. 8, 1954	St. Antoine-Westmount (Que.)	9,161	39.0
Nov. 8, 1954	St. Lawrence-St. George (Que.)	4,489	38.3
Nov. 8, 1954	Selkirk (Man.)	2,471	14.8
Nov. 8, 1954	Stormont (Ont.)	11,091	49.2
Nov. 8, 1954	Trinity (Ont.)	4,237	29.3
Nov. 8, 1954	York West (Ont.)	12,822	46.5
June 30, 1955	Battle River-Camrose (Alta.)		
Sept. 26, 1955	Bellechasse (Que.)	5,383	47.5
Sept. 26, 1955	Quebec South (Que.)	10,677	43.1
Sept. 26, 1955	Restigouche-Madawaska (N.B.)	12,942	52.9
Sept. 26, 1955	Temiscouata (Que.)	8,055	40.1
Oct. 24, 1955	Spadina (Ont.)	6,740	34.4
Dec. 19, 1955	St. John-Iberville-Napierville (Que)	2,997	13.8
1957-1958			
Nov. 21, 1957	Hastings-Frontenac (Ont.)	10,513	97.5
Dec. 16, 1957	Yukon	2,365	51.4

TABLE 59
FEDERAL BY-ELECTIONS
1949-1958

Liberal	%	Co-operative Commonwealth Federation	%	Social Credit	%	Other	%	Total
5,438	58.6					1,140	12.3	9,283
7,230	30.9	6,580	28.1			189	0.8	23,398
6,903	42.5					9,327*	57.5	16,230
5,230	46.4					6,033*	53.6	11,263
10,164	93.4					713	6.6	10,877
9,389	74.9					3,153	25.2	12,542
8,727	35.2	5,769	23.3			7,220	29.2	24,784
7,194	41.5					11,124*	58.5	17,318
6,055	28.0	4,975	23.0			184	0.9	21,613
7,602	40.3	3,235	17.2					18,845
11,670	45.0							25,925
9,701	54.1	1,473	8.2			3,913	21.8	17,920
24,665	57.1	4,861	11.2					43,222
9,431	46.0					11,100*	54.1	20,531
5,251	33.9					10,237*	66.1	15,488
19,553	48.7	5,972	14.9			1,616	4.0	40,172
8,371	42.9							19,495
9,087	48.8							18,627
6,483	30.6	5,754	27.2					21,187
5,273	38.3	2,497	18.1					13,779
6,424	28.4			5,489	24.3			22,599
8,394	55.8	640	4.3					15,047
10,256	47.7							21,501
9,091	30.5	8,464	28.4					29,830
5,854	36.0					3,703	22.8	16,260
7,140	43.1							16,580
12,436	44.4	4,701	16.8					28,029
6,294	56.0	1,135	10.1			603	5.3	11,235
13,285	75.2							17,659
10,680	47.5							22,501
6,568	61.7	674	6.3			796	7.5	10,652
8,944	36.6	1,985	8.1					24,429
8,221	32.8	2,745	10.9			8,377	33.4	25,098
13,960	59.5					357	1.6	23,478
6,548	55.8	415	3.5			277	2.4	11,729
5,715	34.3	8,462	50.8					16,648
11,441	50.8							22,532
5,589	38.6	3,700	25.6			953	6.6	14,479
9,788	35.5	4,711	17.1			282	1.0	27,603
8,067	39.8	3,753	18.5	8,455	41.7			20,275
5,945	52.5							11,328
13,881	56.0					231	0.9	24,789
10,770	44.1			737	3.0			24,449
12,010	59.9							20,065
6,096	31.1	2,873	14.7			3,894	19.9	19,603
9,920	45.7					8,782	40.5	21,699
						266	**2.5**	**10,779**
2,237	**48.6**							**4,602**

TABLE 60
SUMMARY OF BY-ELECTION RESULTS: 1921-1958

	Seats Contested	Seats Retained	Seats Gained	Seats Lost	Net Gain or Loss	No. of Accl's
1921-1925						24
Con.	11	3	2	1	+1	
Lib.	16	9	1	3	—2	
Prog.	3	1	–	–	–	
Other	4	–	1[1]	–	+1	
1925-1926						1
Con.	2	–	–	–	–	
Lib.	3	3	–	–	–	
Other	1	–	–	–	–	
1926-1930						26
Con.	4	1	1	2	—1[2]	
Lib.	6	2	2	–	+2[2]	
Other	5	–	1[3]	2	—1	
1930-1935						16
Con.	15	2	2	4	—2	
Lib.	14	6	4	2	+2	
Other	7	–	1[4]	1	–	
1935-1940						14
Con.	10	5	–	2	—2	
Lib.	16	8	2	1	+1	
C.C.F.	6	–	–	–	–	
S.C.	1	1	–	–	–	
Other	9	–	1[5]	–	+1	

NOTE: Until 1931 a member of the House of Commons, upon being appointed to the Cabinet, was required to seek-re-election. Consequently a large number of the by-elections took place under these circumstances, most of them occuring within a few months following the formation of a new Government. Usually the opposition parties did not contest elections of this sort, the Cabinet minister winning re-election by acclamation.

[1] Ind. Lib.
[2] The actual net loss for the Conservatives was two, and the net gain for the Liberals three, since in one by-election the Liberals gained a seat by acclamation.
[3] Ind. Con.
[4] Labor.
[5] United Reform.

TABLE 60—Continued
SUMMARY OF BY-ELECTION RESULTS: 1921-1958

	Seats Contested	Seats Retained	Seats Gained	Seats Lost	Net Gain or Loss	No. of Accl's
1940-1945						1
Con.	5	1	2	1	+1	
Lib.	13	6	–	6	—6	
C.C.F.	8	1	3	–	+3	
S.C.	4	–	–	–	–	
Other	10	–	3[6]	1	+2	
1945-1949						–
Con.	12	2	3	1	+2	
Lib.	17	6	3	5	—2	
C.C.F.	13	–	3	–	+3	
S.C.	5	–	1	–	+1	
Other	6	–	–	4	—4	
1949-1953						1
Con.	22	5	8	–	+8	
Lib.	29	11	–	13	—13	
C.C.F.	13	–	–	–	–	
S.C.	1	–	–	–	–	
Other	15	–	5[7]	–	+5	
1953-1957						–
Con.	16	3	2	–	+2	
Lib.	17	10	–	3	—3	
C.C.F.	9	–	1	–	+1	
S.C.	2	1	–	–	–	
Other	10	–	–	–	–	
1957-1958						1
Con.	2	1	1	–	+1	
Lib.	1	–	–	1	—1	
Other	1	–	–	–	–	

[6] 1 Ind.; 1 Labor Prog.; 1 **Bloc Populaire Canadien.**
[7] 4 Ind. Lib.; 1 Ind.

Part IV

RESULTS OF PROVINCIAL GENERAL ELECTIONS 1920-1960

TABLE 61
PROVINCIAL ELECTION RESULTS
NEWFOUNDLAND

Date	Progressive Conservative Candidates	Seats	Votes	%	Liberal Candidates	Seats	Votes	%
May 27, 1949	28	5	55,381	33.0	28	22	109,802	65.4
Nov. 26, 1951	23	4	47,480	35.9	28	24	83,729	63.3
Oct. 2, 1956	31	4	36,591	32.0	35	32	75,883	66.3
Aug. 20, 1959	32	3	33,002	25.3	32	31	75,560	58.0

Date	Other Candidates	Seats	Votes	%	Total Candidates	Seats	Votes
May 27, 1949	2	1	2,642	1.6	58	28	167,825
Nov. 26, 1951	3	—	1,156	0.9	54	28	132,365
Oct. 2, 1956	11	—	1,964	1.7	77	36	114,438
Aug. 20, 1959	30	2	21,763	16.7	94	36	130,325

Source:

Newfoundland Gazette.

A. Smallest unit reported: riding.
B. Largest totals: since 1959, total vote in province.
C. Party affiliation: party labels not included.
D. Turnout: since 1959, number on voters list included.

Electoral System:

1949-1951: 22 single member districts; 3 two-member districts.
1956-1959: 34 single member districts; 1 two-member district. In both periods, in each of the double member districts the voter places an "X" beside the names of two candidates.

Explanation of Party Totals:

1949: The votes in the column "Other" are those polled by two Independents.

1951: Five Liberal seats were won by acclamation.
The votes in the column "Other" are those polled by three Independents.

1956: One Progressive Conservative seat was won by acclamation.
Three Liberal seats were won by acclamation.
The votes in the column "Other" are those polled by three Independents (696), 7 C.C.F. (661), and one Independent Liberal (607).

1959: The votes in the column "Other" include those polled by 9 break-away Conservatives who ran under the label of United Newfoundland. They polled 10,639 votes, two being elected. A new party with labor union backing entered 18 candidates under the label of Newfoundland Democrat. They polled 9,352 votes. Finally, three Independents polled 1,772 votes. Turnout was 67.3 percent of registered voters.

TABLE 62
PROVINCIAL ELECTION RESULTS
PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND

Date	Conservative				Liberal				Other Major Party			
	Candidates	Seats	Votes	%	Candidates	Seats	Votes	%	Candidates	Seats	Votes	%
											Progressive	
July 24, 1923	30	25	27,144	51.5	30	5	23,087	43.8	5	—	1,765	3.4
June 25, 1927	30	6	30,072	46.9	30	24	34,004	53.1	—	—	—	—
Aug. 6, 1931	30	18	36,229	51.7	30	12	33,833	48.3	—	—	—	—
July 23, 1935	30	—	31,780	42.0	40	30	43,824	58.0	—	—	—	—
May 18, 1939	30	3	35,600	47.0	30	27	40,205	53.0	—	—	—	—
											C.C.F.	
Sept. 15, 1943	30	10	31,849	46.1	30	20	35,396	51.3	9	—	1,436	2.1
											C.C.F.	
Dec. 11, 1947	30	6	37,461	45.8	30	24	40,758	49.8	16	—	3,509	4.3
											C.C.F.	
Aug. 26, 1951	30	6	36,971	46.7	30	24	40,847	51.6	5	—	1,336	1.7
May 25, 1955	30	3	36,705	45.0	30	27	44,918	55.0	—	—	—	—
Sept. 1, 1959	30	22	43,845	50.9	30	8	42,214	49.1	—	—	—	—

TABLE 62
PROVINCIAL ELECTION RESULTS
PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND

Date	Other				Total		
	Candidates	Seats	Votes	%	Candidates	Seats	Votes
July 24, 1923	2	—	677	1.3	67	30	52,673
June 25, 1927	—	—	—	—	60	30	64,076
Aug. 6, 1931	—	—	—	—	60	30	70,062
July 23, 1935	—	—	—	—	60	30	75,604
May 18, 1939	—	—	—	—	60	30	75,805
Sept. 15, 1943	3	—	379	0.5	72	30	69,060
Dec. 11, 1947	1	—	89	0.1	77	30	81,817
Aug. 26, 1951	—	—	—	—	65	30	79,154
May 25, 1955	—	—	—	—	60	30	81,623
Sept. 1, 1959	—	—	—	—	60	30	86,059

Source:
Official unpublished returns.
Prince Edward Island does not publish the results of its elections. Nor is information regarding the number of names on the voters list available.

Electoral System:
Fifteen of the legislators are designated as "Councillors," and 15 as "Assemblymen." Only property holders are elegible to vote for both. Non-property holders vote only for Assemblymen. Election for both Councillors and Assemblymen is by the single member district, plurality system. In the table the votes for both Councillors and Assemblymen have been added together.

Explanation of Party Totals:
1923: The votes in the column "Other" are those polled by two Independents.
1943: The votes in the column "Other" are those polled by three Independent Liberals.
1947: The votes in the column "Other" are those polled by one Independent.

TABLE 63
PROVINCIAL ELECTION RESULTS
NOVA SCOTIA

Date	Conservative Candidates	Conservative Seats	Conservative Votes	Conservative %	Liberal Candidates	Liberal Seats	Liberal Votes	Liberal %	Other Major Party Candidates	Other Major Party Seats	Other Major Party Votes	Other Major Party %
July 27, 1920	34	3	86,054	24.7	40	29	154,627	44.4	12	4	Labor 58,727	16.9
June 25, 1925	43	40	270,544	60.9	43	3	161,158	36.3	10	—	Labor 12,260	2.8
Oct. 1, 1928	43	23	228,974	51.7	43	20	209,380	47.2	2	—	Labor 4,862	1.1
Aug. 22, 1933	30	8	145,107	45.9	30	22	166,170	52.6	3	—	C.C.F. 2,336	0.7
June 29, 1937	30	5	143,670	46.0	30	25	165,397	52.9	1	—	Labor 3,396	1.1
Oct. 28, 1941	29	4	106,133	40.3	30	23	138,915	52.7	6	3	C.C.F. 18,583	7.0
Oct 23, 1945	30	—	97,774	33.5	30	28	153,503	52.7	20	2	C.C.F. 39,637	13.6
June 9, 1949	37	7	134,311	39.2	37	28	174,604	51.0	21	2	C.C.F. 32,869	9.6
May 26, 1953	37	13	150,480	43.6	37	22	169,118	49.0	16	2	C.C.F. 23,700	6.9
Oct. 30, 1956	43	24	160,996	48.6	43	18	159,656	48.2	11	1	C.C.F. 9,932	3.0
June 7, 1960	43	27	168,023	48.3	43	15	147,951	42.6	34	1	C.C.F. 31,036	8.9

Date	Other Candidates	Other Seats	Other Votes	Other %	Total Candidates	Total Seats	Total Votes
July 27, 1920	14	7	48,546	14.0	100	43	347,954
June 25, 1925	—	—	—	—	96	43	443,962
Oct. 1, 1928	—	—	—	—	88	43	443,216
Aug. 22, 1933	3	—	2,469	0.8	66	30	316,082
June 29, 1937	—	—	—	—	61	30	312,463
Oct. 28, 1941	—	—	—	—	65	30	263,631
Oct 23, 1945	3	—	634	0.2	83	30	291,548
June 9, 1949	1	—	749	0.2	96	37	342,533
May 26, 1953	1	—	2,065	0.6	91	37	345,363
Oct. 30, 1956	1	—	812	0.2	98	43	331,396
June 7, 1960	1	—	650	0.2	121	43	347,660

TABLE 63

Source:

Legislature of Nova Scotia, **Election Returns.**

A. Smallest unit reported: polling stations.
B. Largest totals: vote for each candidate.
C. Party affiliation: party labels included (since 1925).
D. Turnout: number on voters list and number voting (since 1925).

Electoral System:

1920:	14 two-member districts; 2 three-member districts; 1 four-member district; 1 five-member district. In this year, and in subsequent years where there are multiple-member districts, each voter places an "X" beside the names of as many candidates as there are members to be elected.
1925-1928:	16 two-member districts; 2 three-member districts; 1 five-member district.
1933-1945:	22 single member districts; 4 two-member districts.
1949-1953:	27 single member districts; 5 two-member districts.
1956-1960:	37 single member districts; 3 two-member districts.

Explanation of Party Totals:

1920:	Two Liberals contested a single riding. The votes in the column "Other" are those polled by the 14 Farmers candidates.
1933:	The votes in the column "Other" are those polled by three United Front candidates.
1945:	The votes in the column "Other" are those polled by two Independents (374) and one Labor Progressive (260).
1949:	The votes in the column "Other" are those polled by an Independent.
1953:	The votes in the column "Other" are those polled by an Independent.
1956:	The votes in the column "Other" are those polled by an Independent.
1960:	The votes in the column "Other" are those polled by an Independent.

Voter Turnout: Percent of Registered Voters Casting Ballots:

1920	**1925**	**1928**	**1933**	**1937**	**1941**
——	69.1	70.9	85.9	79.7	63.1

1945	**1949**	**1953**	**1956**	**1960**
64.7	77.7	75.8	80.2	82.0

TABLE 64
PROVINCIAL ELECTION RESULTS
NEW BRUNSWICK

Date	Conservative				Liberal				Other Major Party			
	Candidates	Seats	Votes	%	Candidates	Seats	Votes	%	Candidates	Seats	Votes	%
										United Farmers		
Oct. 9, 1920	27	13	82,427	26.7	46	24	142,124	46.0	26	9	65,051	21.1
										United Farmers		
Aug. 10, 1925	48	37	217,904	52.9	45	11	184,610	44.8	3	—	7,927	1.9
June 19, 1930	48	31	242,922	52.3	48	17	221,396	47.7	—	—	—	—
June 27, 1935	48	5	229,690	40.2	48	43	340,621	59.6	—	—	—	—
										C.C.F.		
Nov. 20, 1939	48	19	243,597	45.0	48	29	296,838	54.8	1	—	712	0.1
										C.C.F.		
Aug. 28, 1944	48	11	233,301	40.0	48	37	282,367	48.4	41	—	68,248	11.7
										C.C.F.		
June 28, 1948	40	5	179,680	31.2	52	47	332,321	57.8	20	—	34,415	6.0
										C.C.F.		
Sept. 22, 1952	52	36	369,919	48.9	52	16	372,140	49.2	12	—	9,490	1.3
										Social Credit		
June 18, 1956	52	37	391,775	52.2	52	15	346,021	46.1	18	—	11,828	1.6
June 27, 1960	52	21	362,171	46.2	52	31	418,043	53.4	—	—	—	—

Date	Other				Total		
	Candidates	Seats	Votes	%	Candidates	Seats	Votes
Oct. 9, 1920	7	2	19,313	6.2	106	48	308,915
Aug. 10, 1925	2	—	1,330	0.3	98	48	411,771
June 19, 1930	1	—	183	0.1	97	48	464,501
June 27, 1935	2	—	1,482	0.3	98	48	571,793
Nov. 20, 1939	1	—	562	0.1	98	48	541,709
Aug. 28, 1944	—	—	—	—	137	48	583,916
June 28, 1948	13	—	28,634	5.0	125	52	575,050
Sept. 22, 1952	7	—	4,858	0.6	123	52	756,407
June 18, 1956	2	—	726	0.1	124	52	750,350
June 27, 1960	2	—	3,185	0.4	106	52	783,399

TABLE 64

Source:

New Brunswick Legislative Assembly, **Journal.**

A. Smallest unit reported: riding.
B. Largest totals: vote for each candidate.
C. Party affiliation: not included.
D. Turnout: number on voters list not included.

Electoral System:

1920:	1 single member district; 7 two-member districts; 3 three-member districts; 6 four-member districts. In this year, and in subsequent years where there are multiple-member districts, each voter places an "X" beside the names of as many candidates as there are members to be elected.
1925:	3 single member districts; 7 two-member districts; 5 three-member districts; 4 four-member districts.
1930-1944:	1 single member district; 7 two-member districts; 3 three-member districts; 6 four-member districts.
1948-1960:	6 two-member districts; 5 three-member districts; 5 four-member districts; 1 five-member district.

Explanation of Party Totals:

1920:	Two Liberal seats were won by acclamation. Because of disputed election returns, no official returns were made for 12 candidates. In these cases the figures used are from newspaper accounts. The votes in the column "Other" are those polled by four Labor candidates (16,135), two Independents (2,723), and one Soldier candidate (455). Two Labor candidates were elected.
1925:	The votes of 6 candidates have been taken from unofficial sources. The votes in the column "Other" are those polled by two Independents.
1930:	The votes in the column "Other" are those polled by one Independent.
1935:	The votes in the column "Other" are those polled by two Independents.
1939:	The votes in the column "Other" are those polled by one Independent Liberal.
1948:	Five Liberal seats were won by acclamation. The votes in the column "Other" are those polled by 8 Independents (25,500) and five Social Credit (3,134).
1952:	The votes in the column "Other" are those polled by 7 Independent Liberals.
1956:	The votes in the column "Other" are those polled by two Independents.
1960:	The votes in the column "Other" are those polled by two Independents.

TABLE 65
PROVINCIAL ELECTION RESULTS
QUEBEC

Date	Conservative (1923-1935) Union Nationale (1936-1960) Candidates	Seats	Votes	%	Liberal Candidates	Seats	Votes	%
Feb. 5, 1923	68	20	115,449	39.7	88	64	154,568	53.2
May 16, 1927	67	9	107,104	33.7	85	73	189,800	59.7
Aug. 24, 1931	90	11	214,034	43.6	90	79	268,748	54.8
Nov. 25, 1935	33	18	103,596	19.3	90	47	249,586	46.5
Aug. 17, 1936	90	76	323,812	56.9	89	14	224,565	39.4
Oct. 25, 1939	84	14	217,413	38.6	86	69	301,631	53.5
Aug. 8, 1944	90	48	505,651	38.0	90	37	523,316	39.3
July 28, 1948	91	82	775,747	51.2	92	8	547,478	36.2
July 16, 1952	92	68	855,327	50.9	92	23	768,539	45.8
June 20, 1956	93	72	956,082	51.8	91	20	827,268	44.8
June 22, 1960	95	43	977,318	46.6	95	51	1,081,152	51.6

Date	Other Candidates	Seats	Votes	%	Total Candidates	Seats	Votes
Feb. 5, 1923	23	1	20,632	7.1	179	85	290,649
May 16, 1927	15	3	21,057	6.6	167	85	317,961
Aug. 24, 1931	16	—	7,740	1.6	196	90	490,522
Nov. 25, 1935	80	26	183,179	34.2	203	90	536,361
Aug. 17, 1936	26	—	20,918	3.7	205	90	569,295
Oct. 25, 1939	78	3	44,253	7.9	248	86	563,297
Aug. 8, 1944	152	6	300,982	22.6	332	91	1,329,949
July 28, 1948	128	2	190,746	12.6	311	92	1,513,971
July 16, 1952	52	1	55,397	3.3	236	92	1,679,263
June 20, 1956	88	1	62,379	3.4	272	93	1,845,729
June 22, 1960	62	1	38,127	1.8	252	95	2,096,597

Source:

Province of Quebec, Clerk of the Crown in Chancery (since 1948, Chief Returning Officer), **Report on the General Election.**

A. Smallest unit reported: polling station.
B. Largest total: total vote in province and total vote for Government and Opposition (through 1939).
C. Party affiliation: through 1939, a summary Appendix presented the total votes for all Liberal and other pro-Government and all Conservative and other Opposition candidates.
D. Turnout: number on voters list included.

Electoral System: Single member district, plurality system.

Explanation of Party Totals:

1923: Two Conservatives contested a single riding.
There were five instances of two Liberals contesting a single riding.
Eight Liberal seats were won by acclamation.
The following is an itemization of the votes included in the column "Other." The candidates are grouped according to whether they were listed in the official returns as pro-Government, Opposition, or Other.

Pro-Government: Labor (2) 4,202; Ind. Lib. (6) 2,100.

Opposition: Ind. (7) 5,386; Farmer (3) 3,180; Lib. Opposition (2) 3,062; Labor (2) 1,777.
ELECTED: 1 Liberal Opposition.

Other: Labor (1) 925.

QUEBEC
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1927: Twelve Liberal seats were won by acclamation.
The following is an itemization of the votes included in the column "Other." The candidates are grouped according to whether they were listed in the official returns as pro-Government, Opposition, or Other.

Pro-Government: Ind. Lib. (5) 8,232; Ind. (3) 1,365.
ELECTED: 2 Independent Liberals.

Opposition: Ind. (5) 4,686; Labor (1) 4,432.
ELECTED: 1 Labor.

Other: Labor (1) 2,342.

1931: Two Independent Liberals (elected) are counted as Liberals.
The following is an itemization of the votes included in the column "Other." The candidates are grouped according to whether they were listed in the official returns as pro-Government, Opposition, or Other.

Pro-Government: Ind. (2) 2,787; Ind. Con. (1) 711; Ind. Lib. (1) 243.

Opposition: Ind. Con. (6) 1,459; Labor (1) 1,630; Ind. (1) 106.

Other: Labor (1) 416; Ind. (2) 323; Ind. Labor (1) 65.

1935: Three Liberal seats were won by acclamation.
The following is an itemization of the votes included in the column "Other." The candidates are grouped according to whether they were listed in the official returns as pro-Government, Opposition, or Other.

Pro-Government: Ind. Lib. (1) 18,256; Lib.-Labor (1) 998; Ind. (3) 615.
ELECTED: 1 Independent Liberal.

Opposition: National Liberal Action (A.L.N.) (52) 156,078 (29.1%); Ind. Lib. (1) 1,532.
ELECTED: 25 National Liberal Action.

Other: Ind. Lib. (4) 3,331; Labor (2) 2,238; Ind. (1) 94; Ind. Con. (1) 37.

1936: One Independent Liberal is counted as a Liberal.
The following is an itemization of the votes included in the column "Other." The candidates are grouped according to whether they were listed in the official returns as pro-Government, Opposition, or Other.

Pro-Government: Ind. Lib. (10) 9,525; Ind. (2) 3,765.

Opposition: Ind. U.N. (3) 1,928; Con. (2) 1,703; Ind. Con. (1) 167.

Other: C.C.F. (1) 1,469; Comm. (3) 1,045; Ind. (2) 767; People's (1) 470; Labor (1) 79.

1939: One Liberal seat was won by acclamation.
Two Liberals contested a single riding.
The following is an itemization of the votes included in the column "Other." The candidates are grouped according to whether they were listed in the official returns as pro-Government, Opposition, or Other.

QUEBEC
NOTES

Pro-Government: Con. (1) 2,989; Ind. U.N. (3) 469.
ELECTED: 1 Conservative.

Opposition: Nationalist (1) 3,074; Ind. Lib. (2) 539.
ELECTED: 1 Nationalist.

Other: National Liberal Action (A.L.N.) (57) 25,523; Ind. (5) 6,281; C.C.F. (1) 2,513; Con. (3) 1,679; Ind. A.L.N. (1) 617; Labor (2) 281; Comm. (1) 159; Ind. Labor (1) 129.

1944: The following is an itemization of the votes included in the column "Other."
Bloc Populaire Canadien (80) 191,564; C.C.F. (24) 33,986; Social Credit (12) 16,542; Ind. (16) 12,766; Ind. Lib. (7) 8,656; Ind. Workers (2) 8,355; Labor Prog. (3) 7,873; Ind. U.N. (3) 6,775; National (1) 6,587; Ind. C.C.F. (1) 3,015; People's (1) 2,583; National Ind. (1) 2,124; Ind. B.P.C. (1) 156.
ELECTED: 4 **Bloc Populaire Canadien;** 1 C.C.F.; 1 National.

1948: The following is an itemization of the votes included in the column "Other."
Union of Electors (92) 140,050; Ind. (10) 23,381; C.C.F. (7) 9,016; Ind. U.N. (8) 8,649; Labor Prog. (1) 4,899; Ind. Lib. (7) 2,968; Labor (1) 1,098; People's (1) 575; Ind. C.C.F. (1) 110.
ELECTED: 2 Independents.

1952: The following is an itemization of the votes included in the column "Other."
C.C.F. (23) 16,039; Ind. (6) 14,138; National (1) 9,734; Ind. U.N. (7) 5,220; Ind. Lib. (7) 4,799; Labor Prog. (4) 3,932; Ind. Labor (3) 1,027; Ind. National (1) 508.
ELECTED: 1 Independent.

1956: The following is an itemization of the votes included in the column "Other."
Ind. (7) 33,205; C.C.F. (running under label Social Democrat) (26) 11,232; Labor Prog. (32) 6,517; Ind. Lib. (8) 5,434; Ind. U.N. (11) 4,624; Labor (3) 1,274; Lib. Labor (1) 93.
ELECTED: 1 Independent.

1960: The following is an itemization of the votes included in the column "Other."
Ind. (14) 18,842; Ind. U.N. (22) 10,531; Ind.-Lib. (19) 7,536; Comm. (2) 536; Republican Lib. (1) 188; Soc. (1) 166; Capital Familial (1) 144; U.N. Labor (1) 134; Ind. Labor (1) 50.

Voter Turnout: Percent of Registered Voters Casting Valid Ballots:

1923	1927	1931	1935	1936	1939
62.0	62.8	77.1	75.9	76.6	77.0

1944	1948	1952	1956	1960
72.2	75.2	75.9	78.3	80.4

TABLE 66
PROVINCIAL ELECTION RESULTS
ONTARIO

Date	Conservative				Liberal				Other Major Party			
	Candidates	Seats	Votes	%	Candidates	Seats	Votes	%	Candidates	Seats	Votes	%
June 25, 1923	103	76	473,665	49.8	77	14	203,605	21.4	75	17	U.F.O. 209,938	22.1
Dec. 1, 1926	113	73	642,054	56.0	71	23	284,873	24.8	21	14	Progressive 93,724	8.2
Oct. 30, 1929	113	92	573,847	56.9	85	13	329,248	32.6	13	6	Progressive 50,420	5.0
June 19, 1934	90	17	621,218	39.8	87	70	778,135	49.8	37	1	C.C.F. 108,961	7.0
Oct. 6, 1937	90	23	626,416	39.8	89	66	802,434	51.1	39	—	C.C.F. 83,579	5.3
Aug. 4, 1943	90	38	469,672	35.7	90	16	406,064	30.9	86	34	C.C.F. 415,441	31.6
June 4, 1945	90	66	781,345	44.2	88	14	526,433	29.8	89	8	C.C.F. 395,708	22.4
June 7, 1948	90	53	725,799	41.3	90	14	523,477	29.8	81	21	C.C.F. 466,274	26.5
Nov. 22, 1951	90	79	860,898	48.5	90	8	559,733	31.5	77	2	C.C.F. 339,376	19.1
June 9, 1955	98	84	853,625	48.5	96	11	585,079	33.2	81	3	C.C.F. 291,410	16.5
June 11, 1959	98	71	868,815	46.1	98	22	689,149	36.6	81	5	C.C.F. 315,346	16.8

Date	Other				Total		
	Candidates	Seats	Votes	%	Candidates	Seats	Votes
June 25, 1923	37	4	64,730	6.8	292	111	951,938
Dec. 1, 1926	36	2	125,852	11.0	241	112	1,146,503
Oct. 30, 1929	25	1	55,803	5.5	236	112	1,009,318
June 19, 1934	47	2	53,512	3.4	261	90	1,561,826
Oct. 6, 1937	48	1	58,704	3.7	266	90	1,571,133
Aug. 4, 1943	16	2	22,762	1.7	282	90	1,313,939
June 4, 1945	50	2	62,307	3.5	317	90	1,765,793
June 7, 1948	24	2	42,487	2.4	285	90	1,758,037
Nov. 22, 1951	14	1	16,609	0.9	271	90	1,776,616
June 9, 1955	39	—	31,411	1.8	314	98	1,761,525
June 11, 1959	19	—	9,263	0.5	296	98	1,882,573

ONTARIO
NOTES

Source:
Ontario Legislative Assembly, **Returns from the Record of the General Election.**

A. Smallest unit reported: polling station.
B. Largest totals: total vote in province and (since 1945) total vote for parties.
C. Party designation: party labels included since 1945.
D. Turnout: number on voters list included.

Electoral System: Single member district, plurality system.

Explanation of Party Totals:

1923: One Conservative seat was won by acclamation.
Two Conservatives contested a single riding.
Two Liberals contested a single riding.
One Independent Liberal is counted as a Liberal.
The votes in the column "Other" are those polled by 22 Labor (48,251) (three elected, one by acclamation); and 15 Independents (16,479) (one elected).

1926: There were two instances of two Conservatives contesting a single riding.
Three Conservative seats were won by acclamation.
Counted as Liberals are 10 Liberal-Progressives (five elected); 7 Independent Liberals (four elected); two Liberal-Labor; three Liberal-Prohibitionist (one elected); and one Liberal-Labor-Prohibitionist.
The following is an itemization of the votes included in the column "Other."
Prohibitionist (26) 88,903; Ind. Con. (6) 18,623; Labor (3) 14,794; Ind. (1) 3,532.
ELECTED: 1 Independent Conservative; 1 Labor.

1929: Two Conservatives contested a single riding.
Eight Conservative seats were won by acclamation.
Two U.F.O. candidates (one elected) are counted as Progressives.
The following is an itemization of the votes included in the column "Other."
Prohibitionist (8) 25,807; Ind. Con. (6) 17,837; Labor (4) 10,030; Comm. (4) 1,330; Ind. (3) 799.
ELECTED: I Labor.

1934: Four Liberal-Progressives (elected) and one Liberal-Labor (elected) are counted as Liberals.
The following is an itemization of the votes included in the column "Other."
Ind. (13) 18,981; Comm. (13) 9,559; U.F.O. (2) 8,648; Ind. Lib. (2) 7,508; Ind. Labor (2) 5,310; Labor-Soc. (5) 1,626; Farmer-Labor (1) 608; Ind. Con. (3) 423; Labor (1) 216; Ind. Dry (1) 165; Worker (1) 158; Ind. Farmer (1) 122; Lib.-Dry (1) 107; Soc. (1) 81.
ELECTED: I Independent; 1 U.F.O.

1937: One Independent Conservative is counted as a Conservative.
One Independent Liberal is counted as a Liberal.
Two Liberal-Progressives (elected) are counted as Liberals.
The following is an itemization of the votes included in the column "Other."

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Farmer-Labor (6) 14,675; Ind. Lib. (6) 12,032; Labor (7) 11,832; U.F.O. (1) 7,296; Ind. (9) 4,758; Lib.-Prog. (2) 3,502; Soc.-Labor (11) 2,199; Ind. Con. (4) 1,464; Social Credit (1) 538; Comm. (1) 408.
ELECTED: 1 U.F.O.

1943: One Independent Liberal (elected) is counted as a Liberal.
The following is an itemization of the votes included in the column "Other."
Labor Prog. (2) 11,888; Ind. Lib. (3) 3,244; Ind. (3) 2,540; Ind. Labor (2) 2,215; Ind. C.C.F. (1) 1,566; Soc.-Labor (3) 740; Ind. Soc. (1) 298; Ind. Soldier (1) 271.
ELECTED: 2 Labor Progressives.

1945: Seven Liberal-Labor (two elected) and two Liberal-Progressives are counted as Liberals.
Two Liberals contested a single riding.
The following is an itemization of the votes included in the column "Other."
Labor Prog. (30) 44,654; Ind. (14) 9,750; Labor (4) 6,285; Ind. Soldier (1) 1,411; Soc.-Labor (1) 207.
ELECTED: 2 Labor Progressives.

1948: Two Liberal-Labor (one elected) are counted as Liberals.
The following is an itemization of the votes included in the column "Other."
Labor Prog. (2) 17,654; Union of Electors (12) 8,844; Ind. C.C.F. (1) 8,613; Ind. Prog. Con. (3) 3,340; Ind. (1) 1,766; S.C. (3) 1,104; Soc.-Labor (1) 913; Ind. Labor (1) 253.
ELECTED: 2 Labor Progressives.

1951: Two Liberal-Labor (one elected) are counted as Liberals.
The following is an itemization of the votes included in the column "Other."
Labor Prog. (6) 11,914; Ind. (4) 1,869; Ind. Labor (1) 1,375; Ind. Prog. Con. (2) 1,080; Soc.-Labor (1) 371.
ELECTED: 1 Labor Progressive.

1955: One unendorsed Progressive Conservative is counted as a Progressive Conservative.
Two Liberal-Labor (one elected) are counted as Liberals.
The following is an itemization of the votes included in the column "Other."
Labor Prog. (31) 20,875; Ind. (5) 9,169; Ind. Lib. (1) 641; Ind. S.C. (1) 602; Soc.-Labor (1) 124.

1959: One Liberal-Labor (elected) is counted as a Liberal.
One Labor-C.C.F. is counted as a C.C.F.
The following is an itemization of the votes included in the column "Other."
Labor Prog. (9) 4,304; Ind. Prog. Con. (2) 2,119; S.C. (5) 1,740; Ind. (2) 832; White Canada (1) 268.

Voter Turnout: Percent of Registered Voters Casting Valid Ballots:

1923	1926	1929	1934	1939	1943
57.0	63.6	55.9	73.3	70.5	57.9

1945	1948	1951	1955	1959
66.9	67.0	64.6	60.6	58.9

TABLE 67
PROVINCIAL ELECTION RESULTS
MANITOBA

Date	Conservative Candidates	Seats	Votes	%	Liberal (1920-1932) Liberal-Progressive (1936-1959) Candidates	Seats	Votes	%
June 29, 1920	30	7	24,210	16.9	52	21	51,659	35.9
July 18, 1922	26	7	25,043	16.5	38	9	37,071	24.4
June 28, 1927	40	15	44,291	27.1	41	7	34,472	21.1
June 16, 1932	49	10	90,325	35.5	12	—	5,544	2.2
July 27, 1936	39	16	71,934	28.5	49	23	91,378	36.0
April 22, 1941								
C.*	18	13	27,524	16.8	40	27	57,293	35.0
A.C.†	4	2	7,430	4.5	1	—	701	0.4
Oct. 15, 1945								
C.	21	15	39,834	18.2	35	25	72,679	33.2
A.C.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Nov. 10, 1949								
C.	13	10	25,434	12.9	33	31	79,573	40.4
A.C.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
June 8, 1953	38	12	56,278	21.0	52	35	109,614	41.0
June 16, 1958	56	26	117,822	40.5	56	19	101,763	35.0
May 14, 1959	57	36	147,140	46.7	57	11	95,452	30.3

* For Coalition.
† Anti-Coalition.

Date	Other Major Party Candidates	Seats	Votes	%	Other Major Party Candidates	Seats	Votes	%
	Farmer				Labor			
June 29, 1920	25	12	22,739	15.8	18	11	29,869	20.8
	United Farmers of Manitoba				Labor			
July 18, 1922	50	28	49,767	32.8	20	6	24,290	16.0
	Progressive				Labor			
June 28, 1927	47	29	53,939	33.1	9	3	15,540	9.5
	Liberal-Progressive				Labor			
June 16, 1932	52	38	100,801	39.6	20	5	43,365	17.0
	Social Credit				C.C.F.			
July 27, 1936	20	5	23,413	9.3	20	7	30,996	12.3
	Social Credit				C.C.F.			
April 22, 1941								
C.*	3	3	2,723	1.7	15	3	28,301	17.3
A.C.†	9	—	9,156	5.6	—	—	—	—
	Social Credit				C.C.F.			
Oct. 15, 1945								
C.	2	2	2,953	1.3	—	—	—	—
A.C.	1	—	913	0.4	40	10	74,745	34.1
					C.C.F.			
Nov. 10, 1949								
C.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
A.C.	—	—	—	—	26	7	51,445	26.1
	Social Credit				C.C.F.			
June 8, 1953	43	1	35,750	13.3	25	5	44,332	16.6
	Social Credit				C.C.F.			
June 16, 1958	12	—	5,174	1.8	43	11	58,671	20.2
					C.C.F.			
May 14, 1959	—	—	—	—	45	10	69,594	22.1

TABLE 67
PROVINCIAL ELECTION RESULTS—(Continued)
MANITOBA

Date	Other				Total		
	Candidates	Seats	Votes	%	Candidates	Seats	Votes
June 29, 1920	23	4	15,163	10.6	148	55	143,640
July 18, 1922	21	5	15,603	10.3	155	55	151,774
June 28, 1927	17	1	14,927	9.1	154	55	163,169
June 16, 1932	14	2	14,627	5.7	147	55	254,662
July 27, 1936	7	4	35,756	14.0	135	55	253,477
April 22, 1941							
C.*	14	5	18,879	11.5	90	51	134,720
A.C.†	6	2	11,601	7.1	20	4	28,888
Oct. 15, 1945							
C.	7	1	5,754	2.6	65	43	121,220
A.C.	17	2	22,152	10.1	58	12	97,810
Nov. 10, 1949							
C.	5	2	6,667	3.4	51	43	111,674
A.C.	20	7	33,944	17.2	46	14	85,389
June 8, 1953	16	4	21,662	8.1	174	57	267,636
June 16, 1958	12	1	7,471	2.6	179	57	290,901
May 14, 1959	6	—	2,902	0.9	165	57	315,088

MANITOBA
NOTES

Source:

1920-1941; 1958-1959: Official unpublished returns.

1945-1953: For the elections of 1945, 1949, and 1953 the Chief Electoral Officer published a **Summary of Election Results.** Only the 1945 and 1953 statements included party designations, and all three statements varied in coverage. Since 1949, the Manitoba Government **Gazette** has included the election returns, giving the number of votes received by each candidate, but excluding party designations.

Electoral System:

1920-1922: 45 single member districts; 1 ten-member district, Winnipeg. The voting system used for Winnipeg was the Hare system of proportional representation.

1927-1936: In the 45 single member districts, the system used was the alternative (or preferential) vote.

1941-1945: Like during the period 1920-1922, the 45 single member districts used the plurality system, while Winnipeg continued to use the Hare system.

1949-1953: 41 single member districts; 1 two-member district; 3 four-member districts. The multiple member districts used the Hare system.

1958-1959: Single member district, plurality system.

TABLE 67—Continued

Explanation of Party Totals:

1920: One Liberal seat was won by acclamation.
Two Liberals contested a single riding.
One Farmer seat was won by acclamation.
There were two instances of two Farmers contesting a single riding.
One Independent Farmer is counted as a Farmer.
The votes in the column "Other" are those polled by 23 Independents (4 elected, one by acclamation).

1922: Two U.F.M. seats were won by acclamation.
Thirteen of the 20 Labor candidates contested the ten-member district of Winnipeg. Two others contested one single-member district.
The votes in the column "Other" are those polled by 21 Independents.

1927: Two Progressive seats were won by acclamation.
The votes in the column "Other" are those polled by 15 Independents (12,346) (one elected); one Communist (2,015); and one Independent Progressive (566).

1932: One Independent Conservative is counted as a Conservative.
One Liberal seat was won by acclamation.
There were two instances of two Liberal-Progressives contesting a single riding.
The votes in the column "Other" are those polled by 14 Independents.

1936: One Liberal-Progressive seat was won by acclamation.
The votes in the column "Other" are those polled by five Independents (29,206) (two elected); one Communist (5,864) (elected); and one Independent Liberal (686) (elected).

NOTE: Beginning with the 1936 election the Liberal Party, in recognition of its close relationship with the Liberal-Progressive (formerly Progressive) Party, stopped entering candidates under the Liberal label in provincial elections. As years passed, however, and as the "Progressive" element within the Liberal-Progressive Party became less dominant, the Liberal-Progressive Party became in effect Manitoba's provincial Liberal Party. In 1961 the word "Progressive' was finally removed from the party's name.

1941: In late 1940 Premier Bracken had formed a non-partisan coalition Government, and in the 1941 election candidates declared themselves as being for or against the coalition.
Five Conservative (Coalition) seats were won by acclamation.
Ten Liberal-Progressive (Coalition) seats were won by acclamation.
One Social Credit (Coalition) seat was won by acclamation.
The votes in the column "Other" (Coalition) are those

TABLE 67—Continued

polled by 13 Independents (18,065) (five elected) and one Liberal (814).
The votes in the column "Other" (Anti-Coalition) are those polled by two Independents (5,848) (one elected); one Workers (4,889) (elected); and three Sound Money candidates (864) who took no stand on the question of coalition.

1945: Four Progressive Conservative seats were won by acclamation.
Three Liberal-Progressive seats were won by acclamation.
The votes in the column "Other" (Coalition) are those polled by four Independent Liberals (2,944) and three Independents (2,810) (one elected).
The votes in the column "Other" (Anti-Coalition) are those polled by 13 Labor Progressives (10,566) (one elected); three Independents (9,936) (one elected); and one Independent C.C.F. (1,650).

1949: One Independent C.C.F. is counted as a C.C.F.
The votes in the column "Other" (Coalition) are those polled by three Independents (4,042) (two elected); one Independent Liberal (1,673); and one Independent Liberal-Progressive (952).
The following is an itemization of the votes included in the column "Other" (Anti-Coalition).
Ind. Prog. Con. (6) 14,735; Ind. (5) 8,241; Labor Prog. (3) 5,243; Ind. Lib. (4) 4,766; Ind. Lib.-Prog. (1) 860; Ind. Labor (1) 99.
ELECTED: 4 Independent Progressive Conservatives; one Labor Progressive; one Independent; one Independent Liberal.

1953: Two Independent Liberal-Progressives are counted as Liberal-Progressives.
The votes in the column "Other" are those polled by eleven Independents (9,577) (two elected); four Independent Liberal-Progressives (8,273) (one elected); and one Labor-Progressive (3,812) (elected).

1958: The votes in the column "Other" are those polled by eight Independents (5,041) (one elected); three Independent Progressive Conservatives (1,223); and one Labor Progressive (1,207).

1959: The votes in the column "Other" are those polled by three Labor Progressive (1,731), and three Independents (1,171).

Voter Turnout: Percent of Registered Voters Casting Ballots:

1920	1922	1927	1932	1936	1941
70.6	69.4	69.9	73.0	66.1	49.9

1945	1949	1953	1958	1959
55.8	54.0	60.4	61.0	65.6

Figures for 1920-1927 based on valid ballots only.

TABLE 68
PROVINCIAL ELECTION RESULTS
SASKATCHEWAN

Date	Conservative Candidates	Seats	Votes	%	Liberal Candidates	Seats	Votes	%
June 9, 1921	7	3	13,431	7.4	62	46	94,285	52.2
June 2, 1925	19	3	47,053	19.0	63	51	132,246	53.4
June 6, 1929	40	24	131,701	36.5	63	28	168,694	46.7
June 19, 1934	52	—	114,936	26.7	57	50	206,188	48.0
June 8, 1938	25	—	53,194	12.1	53	38	200,370	45.5
June 15, 1944	39	—	42,511	10.7	52	5	140,901	35.4
June 24, 1948	9	—	37,985	7.6	42	19	155,693	31.3
June 11, 1952	9	—	12,177	2.3	53	11	211,463	39.3
June 20, 1956	9	—	10,955	2.0	52	14	167,419	30.3
June 8, 1960	55	—	94,713	14.0	55	17	222,066	32.7

Date	Other Major Party Candidates	Seats	Votes	%	Other Major Party Candidates	Seats	Votes	%
		Progressive				Independent Party		
June 9, 1921	7	6	13,613	7.5	35	7	46,593	25.8
		Progressive				Independent Party		
June 2, 1925	40	6	57,104	23.0	6	2	8,703	3.5
		Progressive				Independent Party		
June 6, 1929	16	5	24,988	6.9	17	6	32,778	9.1
		Farmer-Labor						
June 19, 1934	53	5	103,050	24.0	—	—	—	—
		C.C.F.				Social Credit		
June 8, 1938	31	10	82,568	18.8	41	2	69,720	15.8
		C.C.F.				Social Credit		
June 15, 1944	52	47	211,365	53.1	1	—	249	0.1
		C.C.F.				Social Credit		
June 24, 1948	52	31	236,920	47.6	36	—	40,299	8.1
		C.C.F.				Social Credit		
June 11, 1952	53	42	290,557	54.0	24	—	21,002	3.9
		C.C.F.				Social Credit		
June 20, 1956	53	36	249,576	45.2	53	3	118,498	21.5
		C.C.F.				Social Credit		
June 8, 1960	55	38	276,897	40.8	55	—	83,761	12.3

Date	Other Candidates	Seats	Votes	%	Total Candidates	Seats	Votes
June 9, 1921	8	1	12,861	7.1	119	63	180,783
June 2, 1925	1	1	2,653	1.1	129	63	247,759
June 6, 1929	4	—	3,102	0.9	140	63	361,263
June 19, 1934	8	—	5,554	1.3	170	55	429,728
June 8, 1938	10	2	34,421	7.8	160	52	440,273
June 15, 1944	9	—	2,777	0.7	153	53	397,803
June 24, 1948	10	2	27,214	5.5	149	52	498,111
June 11, 1952	6	—	2,763	0.5	145	53	537,962
June 20, 1956	4	—	5,250	1.0	171	53	551,698
June 8, 1960	5	—	1,806	0.2	225	55	679,243

TABLE 68
SASKATCHEWAN

Source:

Saskatchewan Archives Board, **Directory of Saskatchewan Ministries, Members of the Legislative Assembly, and Elections, 1905-53.** (Regina and Saskatoon, 1954).

A. Smallest unit reported: riding.
B. Largest totals: vote of each candidate.
C. Party affiliation: party labels included.
D. Turnout: number on voters list not included.

For the 1956 and 1960 elections, the Chief Electoral Officer issued a complete summary of the vote, broken down by riding, and including party totals. Turnout data is also included.

Electoral System:

1921-1944: 3 two-member districts; the others single member districts.

1948-1956: 2 two-member districts; 1 three-member district; the others single member districts.
In the multiple member districts the voter places an "X" beside the names of as many candidates as there are members to be elected.

1960: 1 two-member district; 1 three-member district; 1 four-member district; the others are single member districts.

Explanation of Party Totals:

1921: Two Independent pro-Government candidates are counted as Liberals, one of whom was elected by acclamation. In addition, 16 Liberals were elected by acclamation.
Three Independent Conservatives are counted as Conservatives.
The votes in the column "Other" are those polled by four Labor (1 elected) and Independent Labor (7,724) and four Non-Partisans (5,137).

1925: One Labor-Liberal (elected) is counted as a Liberal.
One Independent Conservative is counted as a Conservative.
Three Liberal seats were won by acclamation.
The votes included in the column "Other" are those polled by an Independent Liberal (2,653).

1929: One Liberal-Labor is counted as a Liberal.
Two Progressives contested a single riding.
The votes in the column "Other" are those polled by three Economic Group (1,942) and one Independent Liberal (1,160).

1934: Two Liberal candidates contested a single riding.
The following is an itemization of the votes included in the column "Other".
Ind. (3) 2,949; United Front (3) 1,052; Labor (1) 1,420; Ind. Lib. (1) 133.

TABLE 68—Continued
SASKATCHEWAN

1938: One Independent Conservative is counted as a Conservative.
Two Liberal candidates contested a single riding.
Two Social Credit candidates contested a single riding.
The following is an itemization of the votes included in the column "Other".
Ind. Labor (3) 12,047; Unity (4) 11,421; Labor Prog. (2) 8,502; Ind. (1) 2,451.
ELECTED: 2 Unity.

1944: In addition to the 53 regularly elected representatives, there were three armed services representatives.
The votes in the column "Other" are those polled by three Labor Progressive (2,067); five Independents (705); and one Independent Liberal (5).

1948: One Independent Liberal is counted as a Liberal.
The votes in the column "Other" are those polled by five Independents (11,088) (one elected); three Liberal-Progressive Conservatives (9,574); one Conservative-Liberal (5,251) (elected); and one Labor Progressive (1,301).

1952: One Independent Progressive Conservative is counted as a Progressive Conservative.
The votes in the column "Other" are those polled by three Independents (1,517); two Labor Progressives (1,143); and one Independent Liberal (103).

1956: The votes in the column "Other" are those polled by two Independents (4,714) and two Labor Progressive (536).

1960: The votes in the column "Other" are those polled by 3 Independents (1,427) and 2 Communists (379).

Voter Turnout: Percent of Registered Voters Casting Ballots:

1956	1960
83.9	84.1

TABLE 69
PROVINCIAL ELECTION RESULTS
ALBERTA

Date	Conservative Candidates	Seats	Votes	%	Liberal Candidates	Seats	Votes	%
July 18, 1921	13	1	34,548	11.6	59	15	100,814	33.8
June 28, 1926	56	4	40,091	22.9	55	7	45,901	26.2
June 19, 1930	18	6	25,449	13.5	36	11	46,275	24.6
Aug. 22, 1935	40	2	19,616	6.5	61	5	69,845	23.1
March 21, 1940	—	—	—	—	2	1	2,755	0.9
Aug. 8, 1944	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Aug. 17, 1948	—	—	—	—	49	2	52,655	17.9
Aug. 5, 1952	12	2	10,971	3.7	55	4	66,738	22.4
June 29,1955	26	3	34,757	9.2	53	15	117,741	31.1
June 18,1959	60	1	98,730	23.9	51	1	57,408	13.9

Date	Other Major Party Candidates	Seats	Votes	%	Other Major Party Candidates	Seats	Votes	%
			Farmers				Labor	
July 18, 1921	45	38	85,925	28.8	10	4	33,987	11.4
			U.F.A.				Labor	
June 28, 1926	46	43	70,968	40.5	13	6	14,123	8.1
			U.F.A.				Labor	
June 19, 1930	47	39	74,187	39.4	11	4	14,354	7.6
			U.F.A.				Social Credit	
Aug. 22, 1935	45	—	33,063	11.0	63	56	163,700	54.2
			C.C.F.				Social Credit	
March 21, 1940	36	—	34,316	11.1	56	36	132,507	42.9
			C.C.F.				Social Credit	
Aug. 8, 1944	57	2	70,307	24.9	57	51	146,367	51.9
			C.C.F.				Social Credit	
Aug. 17, 1948	51	2	56,387	19.1	57	51	164,003	55.6
			C.C.F.				Social Credit	
Aug. 5, 1952	41	2	41,929	14.1	61	52	167,789	56.2
			C.C.F.				Social Credit	
June 29, 1955	38	2	31,180	8.2	62	37	175,553	46.4
			C.C.F.				Social Credit	
June 18, 1959	32	—	17,899	4.3	65	63	232,617	56.3

Date	Other Candidates	Seats	Votes	%	Total Candidates	Seats	Votes
July 18, 1921	30	3	42,903	14.4	157	61	298,177
June 28, 1926	13	—	4,054	2.3	183	60	175,137
June 19, 1930	29	3	27,954	14.9	141	63	188,219
Aug. 22, 1935	30	—	15,528	5.1	239	63	301,752
March 21, 1940	71	20	139,286	45.1	165	57	308,864
Aug. 8, 1944	70	4	65,432	23.2	184	60	282,106
Aug. 17, 1948	16	2	21,748	7.4	173	57	294,793
Aug. 5, 1952	14	1	10,908	3.7	183	61	298,335
June 29, 1955	23	4	18,948	5.0	202	61	378,179
June 18, 1959	8	—	6,861	1.7	216	65	413,515

TABLE 69—Continued

ALBERTA

Source:

Clerk of Executive Council, **Election Returns.**

A. Smallest unit reported: until 1959, ridings; beginning with 1959, polling stations.

B. Largest totals: total vote in province (since 1926), and total vote for each party (since 1926).

C. Party affiliation: party labels included (since 1926).

D. Turnout: number on voters list (since 1952). (A separate **Statement of Votes** was issued from 1935 to 1948 which included the number of registered voters).

Electoral System:

1921:	49 single member districts, 1 two-member district; 2 five-member districts. Each voter placed an "X" beside the names of as many candidates as there were members to be elected.
1926:	50 single member districts; 2 five-member districts. In this year and until 1959, in the single member districts voting was by the alternative (or preferential) system; while in the multiple member districts the Hare system of proportional representation was used.
1930-1935:	51 single member districts; 2 six-member districts.
1940-1948:	47 single member districts; 2 five-member districts.
1953-1956:	48 single member districts; 1 six-member district; 1 seven-member district.
1959:	Single member, plurality system.

Explanation of Party Totals:

1921:	Two Independent Liberals are counted as Liberals. Two Independent Farmers are counted as Farmers. Two Liberal seats were won by acclamation. The following is an itemization of the votes included in the column "Other". Ind. (14) 29,691; Ind. Labor (5) 5,483; Soc. (2) 2,628; Ind. Lib. (4) 2,370; Ind. Prog. (1) 1,744; Non-partisan (1) 763; Ind. Farmers (3) 224. ELECTED: 3 Independents.
1926:	One Independent Liberal is counted as a Liberal. One Independent Labor (elected) is counted as Labor. The following is an itemization of the votes included in the column "Other". Ind. Lib. (4) 1,549; Ind. (3) 1,254; Ind. U.F.A. (4) 626; Ind. Farmer (1) 373; Lib.-Prog. (1) 252.
1930:	Four U.F.A. seats were won by acclamation. The votes included in the column "Other" are those polled by 29 Independents (3 elected).

TABLE 69—Continued
ALBERTA

1935: One Independent Conservative is counted as a Conservative.
The following is an itemization of the votes included in the column "Other".
Comm. (9) 5,771; Labor and Ind. Labor (11) 5,310; Ind. (7) 2,740; Ind. Lib. (1) 955; United Front (1) 560; Economic Reconstruction (1) 192.

1940: The following is an itemization of the votes included in the column "Other".
Ind. (59) 131,172; Labor (2) 3,258; Ind. Prog. (4) 1,726; Ind. Lib. (1) 1,136; Comm. (1) 1,067; Ind. S.C. (1) 362; Ind. Farmer (2) 314; Ind. Labor (1) 251.
ELECTED 19 Independents; 1 Labor.

1944: In addition to the 57 regularly elected representatives, there were 3 non-partisan representatives of the armed forces.
The following is an itemization of the votes included in the column "Other".
Ind. (36) 47,239; Labor Prog. (30) 12,003; Veterans (1) 3,532; Labor Union (1) 1,788; Single Tax (1) 480; Farmer-Labor (1) 390.
ELECTED: 3 Independents; 1 Veterans.

1948: The following is an itemization of the votes included in the column "Other".
Ind. (7) 9,014; Ind. Cit. Ass'n. (2) 3,969; Labor (1) 3,579; Ind. S.C. (3) 2,958; Labor Prog. (2) 1,372; United Labor (1) 856.
ELECTED: 1 Indepedent; 1 Independent Social Credit.

1952: One Social Credit seat was won by acclamation.
The following is an itemization of the votes included in the column "Other".
Ind. S.C. (6) 4,203; Ind. Labor (1) 2,927; Labor Prog. (2) 1,132; Ind. (1) 705; Farmer's (1) 655; Labor (1) 527; Non-partisan Farmer (1) 463; People's (1) 296.
ELECTED 1 Independent Social Credit.

1955: The following is an itemization of the votes included in the column "Other".
Coalition (2) 4,581; Ind. (7) 4,225; Lib.-Con. (2) 4,001; Labor Prog. (9) 3,420; Ind. S.C. (3) 2,721.
ELECTED: 1 Coalition; 1 Independent Social Credit; 1 Liberal-Conservative; 1 Independent.

1959: One Independent Social Credit (elected) is counted as a Social Credit.
The following is an itemization of the votes included in the column "Other".
Ind. (2) 3,640; Coalition (1) 2,279; Labor Prog. (4) 884; Ind. S.C. (1) 58.

Voter Turnout: Percent of Registered Voters Casting Ballots:

1935	1940	1944	1948	1952	1955	1959
82.6	75.0	69.3	64.1	59.4	68.0	63.9

TABLE 70
PROVINCIAL ELECTION RESULTS
BRITISH COLUMBIA

Date	Conservative Candidates	Seats	Votes	%	Liberal Candidates	Seats	Votes	%
Dec. 1, 1920	43	14	111,380	31.5	46	26	134,591	38.0
June 20, 1924	48	16	102,433	29.6	49	27	111,574	32.3
July 18, 1928	48	35	192,867	53.3	46	12	146,552	40.5
Nov. 2, 1933	—	—	—	—	47	34	159,131	41.7
June 1, 1937	43	8	119,521	28.6	48	31	156,074	37.3
Oct. 21, 1941	43	12	140,282	30.9	48	21	149,525	32.9
Oct. 25, 1945	47	37	261,147	55.8	Coalition of Con. and Lib.			
June 15, 1949	48	39	428,773	61.4	Coalition of Con. and Lib.			
June 12, 1952	48	4	129,439	16.8	48	6	180,289	23.5
June 9, 1953	39	1	40,780	5.6	48	4	171,671	23.6
Sept. 19, 1956	22	—	25,373	3.1	52	2	177,922	21.8
Sept. 12, 1960	52	—	66,943	6.7	50	4	208,249	20.9

Date	Other Major Party Candidates	Seats	Votes	%	Other Major Party Candidates	Seats	Votes	%
			Labor				Soldier	
Dec. 1, 1920	22	3	44,766	12.6	11	—	9,298	2.6
			Labor				Provincial	
June 20, 1924	20	3	44,166	12.8	45	2	83,517	24.2
			Labor					
July 18, 1928	10	1	16,649	4.6	—	—	—	—
			C.C.F.					
Nov. 2, 1933	46	7	120,185	31.5	—	—	—	—
			C.C.F.				Social Credit	
June 1, 1937	46	7	119,400	28.6	18	—	4,812	1.2
			C.C.F.					
Oct. 21, 1941	45	14	151,440	33.4	—	—	—	—
			C.C.F.				Social Credit	
Oct. 25, 1945	48	10	175,960	37.6	16	—	6,627	1.4
			C.C.F.				Social Credit	
June 15, 1949	48	7	245,284	35.1	14	—	8,464	1.2
			C.C.F.				Social Credit	
June 12, 1952	48	18	236,562	30.8	47	19	209,049	27.2
			C.C.F.				Social Credit	
June 9, 1953	47	14	224,513	30.9	48	28	274,771	37.8
			C.C.F.				Social Credit	
Sept. 19, 1956	51	10	231,511	28.3	52	39	374,711	45.8
			C.C.F.				Social Credit	
Sept. 12,1960	52	16	326,094	32.7	52	32	386,886	38.8

Date	Other Candidates	Seats	Votes	%	Total Candidates	Seats	Votes
Dec. 1, 1920	33	4	53,993	15.3	155	47	354,028
June 20, 1924	6	—	3,918	1.1	168	48	345,608
July 18, 1928	13	—	5,746	1.6	117	48	361,814
Nov. 2, 1933	116	6	101,907	26.7	209	47	381,223
June 1, 1937	29	2	18,122	4.3	184	48	417,929
Oct. 21, 1941	19	1	12,646	2.8	155	48	453,893
Oct. 25, 1945	36	1	24,013	5.1	147	48	467,747
June 15, 1949	28	2	16,302	2.3	138	48	698,823
June 12, 1952	22	1	13,222	1.7	213	48	768,561
June 9, 1953	47	1	16,104	2.2	229	48	727,839
Sept. 19, 1956	22	1	7,880	1.0	199	52	817,397
Sept. 12, 1960	24	—	8,232	0.8	230	52	996,404

TABLE 70
BRITISH COLUMBIA

Source:

British Columbia Department of Provincial Secretary (since 1949, Chief Electoral Officer), **Statement of Votes.**

A. Smallest unit reported: polling station (since 1928).

B. Largest totals: since 1928 total vote in province and total vote for each party.

C. Party affiliation: party labels of winning candidates, 1928-1933; party labels for all candidates since 1937.

D. Turnout: number on voters list, and number casting ballots, included.

Electoral System:

1920-1928: 37 single member districts; 1 four-member district; 1 six-member district.
In this year, and in subsequent years (except 1952-53), in each of the multiple member districts the voter places an "X" beside the names of as many candidates as there are members to be elected.

1933-1937: 35 single member districts; 3 two-member districts; 1 three-member district, and one four-member district.

1941-1949: 36 single member districts; 3 two-member districts; 2 three-member districts.

1952-1953: Representation of each district was the same as in 1949, but the voting system used was the alternative (or preferential) vote for the single member districts, and a modified Hare system of proportional representation for the multiple member districts.

1956-1960: 34 single member districts; 6 two-member districts; 2 three-member disrticts. Pre-1952 voting system was restored.

Explanation of Party Totals:

1920: One Independent Conservative is counted as a Conservative.
One Liberal seat was won by acclamation.
One Liberal-Conservative is counted as a Liberal.
The votes in the Labor column are those polled by ten Federated Labor (29,532), seven Socialists (12,354), four Labor (2,461), and one Labor-Socialist (419).
ELECTED: 1 Federated Labor; 1 Socialist; 1 Labor.
The votes in the Soldier column are those polled by Soldier, Soldier-Farmer, and Soldier-Labor candidates.
The following is an itemization of the votes included in the column "Other".
Ind. (21) 41,170; Gov't. Aid (2) 5,441; Farmer (4) 1,934; United Farmer (1) 1,770; Ind. Lib. (2) 1,388; People's (1) 1,354; Ind. Con. (1) 697; Farmer-Labor (1) 239.
ELECTED: 3 Independents; 1 People's.

TABLE 70
BRITISH COLUMBIA

1924: Three Independent Liberals (two elected) are counted as Liberals.
The votes in the Labor column are those polled by 18 Labor (39,802) and two Socialists (4,364).
The votes in the column "Other" are those polled by four Independents (3,570), one Independent Conservative (276), and one Independent Liberal (72).

1928: One Independent Liberal is counted as a Liberal.
Most of the Labor candidates ran under the label of Independent Labor.
The votes in the column "Other" are those polled by ten Independents (4,554) and three Independent Conservatives (1,192).

1933: The Non-Partisan movement was headed by a former leader of the Conservative Party, and represented the Conservative Government's desire to form a non-partisan Government to meet the financial crisis. There was considerable confusion in the reporting of this election, with sources disagreeing over whether certain candidates were to be labeled as Independents, or whether they were to be included as part of the Non-Partisan movement. For the purposes of the table, the doubtful candidates have been counted as Non-Partisan.
The following is an itemization of the votes included in the column "Other".
Non-Partisan (31) 39,357; Ind. (33) 31,714; Unionist (12) 15,445; Con. (4) 5,860; United Front of Workers and Farmers (20) 4,584; Labor and Ind. Labor (3) 2,292; Ind. C.C.F. (7) 2,055; Soc. (5) 370; Ind. Lib. (1) 230.
ELECTED: 2 Non-Partisan; 2 Independents; 1 Unionist; 1 Labor.

1937: The following is an itemization of the votes included in the column "Other".
B.C. Constructive (14) 8,086; Ind. (9) 7,341; Labor (2) 1,787; Comm. (1) 567; Soc. (2) 287; Financial Justice (1) 54.
ELECTED: 1 Independent; 1 Labor.

1941: The following is an itemization of the votes included in the column "Other".
Ind. Labor (2) 3,899; Labor (4) 2,975; Official Con. (1) 2,161; Ind. (3) 1,638; Soc. Labor (4) 950; Ind. Farmer (1) 388; Emancipation (1) 265; Victory Without Debt (1) 209; Religious Political Brotherhood (1) 105; Ind. Soc. (1) 56.
ELECTED: 1 Independent Labor.

1945: The Liberals and Conservatives had joined in a coalition after the 1941 election.
The following is an itemization of the votes included in the column "Other".
Labor Prog. (21) 16,479; People's Co-op. Commonwealth (2) 2,786; Ind. (2) 1,532; Labor (1) 1,289; Ind. Prog. Con. (1) 473; Democratic (1) 423; Soc. Labor (3) 285; Prog. Con. (1) 275; Ind. Lib. (1) 199;

TABLE 70—Continued

Ind. Labor (1) 106; Soc. Party of Canada (1) 105; Prog. Lib. (1) 61.
ELECTED: 1 Labor.

1949: The following is an itemization of the votes included in the column "Other".
Ind. (7) 5,163; B.C. Social Credit (2) 3,072; Union of Electors (12) 2,790; Labor Prog. (2) 1,660; Labor (1) 1,483; Con. (1) 1,241; People's (2) 607; Soc. Labor (1) 286.
ELECTED: 1 Independent; 1 Labor.

1952: The following is an itemization of the votes included in the column "Other".
Christian Democratic (8) 7,176; Labor Prog. (5) 2,514; Ind. (6) 1,312; Labor (1) 1,290; Labor Rep. (1) 654; Soc. Party of Canada (1) 276.
ELECTED: 1 Labor.

1953: The following is an itemization of the votes included in the column "Other".
Labor Prog. (25) 7,496; Christian Democratic (14) 5,036; Ind. (6) 1,951; Labor (1) 1,601; People's (1) 20.
ELECTED: 1 Labor.

1956: The following is an itemization of the votes included in the column "Other".
Labor Prog. (14) 3,381; Ind. (6) 3,005; Labor (1) 1,321; People (1) 173.
ELECTED: 1 Labor.

1960: The votes in the clumn "Other" are those polled by 79 Communists (5,675) and five Independents (2,557).

Voter Turnout: Percent of Registered Voters Casting Ballots:

1920	1924	1928	1933	1937	1941
73.0	65.9	71.3	73.1	71.2	72.7
1945	**1949**	**1952**	**1953**	**1956**	**1960**
65.3	73.7	68.5	70.6	65.4	71.8

NOTE: Figures for 1920 and 1924 are based on valid ballots only, and figured by dividing the total votes in Vancouver and Victoria by 6 and 4, respectively. Figures for 1956 and 1960 are based on valid ballots only.

Part V

SUMMARY OF ELECTION TRENDS

TABLE 71
PERCENTAGE OF TOTAL VOTE POLLED BY CONSERVATIVE AND LIBERALS, FEDERAL ELECTIONS 1878-1958

Date	Nfld.		P.E.I.		N.S.		N.B.		Que.	
	Con.	Lib.	Con.	Lib.	Con.	Lib.	Con.	Lib.	Con.	Lib.
1878			56.8	43.2	52.3	44.2	45.0	55.0	56.4	40.1
1882			48.5	51.5	55.0	45.0	54.5	45.5	59.3	40.7
1887			46.5	53.5	50.2	47.4	51.1	48.9	50.6	49.1
1891			48.5	51.5	54.0	45.0	59.3	37.7	52.0	45.4
1896			49.0	51.0	50.4	48.8	49.0	44.3	45.8	53.5
1900			48.2	51.3	48.3	51.7	47.8	51.9	43.5	56.3
1904			50.9	49.1	44.5	54.5	48.8	51.0	43.4	56.4
1908			49.6	50.4	49.0	51.0	46.2	53.8	40.8	57.3
1911			51.1	48.9	48.8	50.8	49.2	50.8	49.2	50.7
1917			49.8	50.2	48.4	45.5	59.4	40.6	25.1	72.7
1921			37.2	45.7	32.3	52.4	39.4	49.4	18.4	70.2
1925			48.0	52.0	56.4	41.9	59.7	40.3	33.7	59.4
1926			47.3	52.7	53.7	43.5	53.9	46.1	34.3	62.3
1930			50.0	50.0	52.5	47.5	59.4	40.6	44.7	53.2
1935			38.4	58.2	32.1	52.0	31.9	57.2	28.2	54.4
1940			44.7	55.3	39.8	50.6	43.4	54.6	19.8	63.3
1945			47.4	48.4	36.8	45.7	38.3	50.0	8.4	50.8
1949	27.9	71.9	48.4	49.1	37.5	52.7	39.4	53.8	24.6	60.4
1953	28.1	67.2	48.1	51.1	40.1	53.0	41.9	52.7	29.4	61.0
1957	37.8	61.9	52.3	46.6	50.4	45.1	48.7	48.1	31.1	57.6
1958	45.2	54.4	62.2	37.5	57.0	38.4	54.1	43.4	49.6	45.7

TABLE 71

PERCENTAGE OF TOTAL VOTE POLLED BY CONSERVATIVE AND LIBERALS, FEDERAL ELECTIONS 1878-1958

Ont.		Man.		Sask.		Alta.		B.C.		CANADA	
Con.	Lib.	Con	Lib.	Con.	Lib.	Con.	Lib.	Con.	Lib.	Con.	Lib.
52.2	47.3	49.6	50.4					88.8	—	53.2	45.1
51.0	49.0	46.7	53.3					82.8	10.6	53.4	46.6
50.5	49.5	51.4	48.6	69.3	30.8			86.9	13.1	50.7	48.9
49.4	49.1	53.1	46.9	81.0	19.0			71.6	28.4	52.0	46.4
45.0	40.2	49.0	35.0	43.9	46.0	N.W.T.		50.9	49.1	46.3	45.1
49.7	49.8	48.2	51.8	44.9	55.1			40.9	49.1	47.4	52.0
50.3	49.5	41.8	55.5	41.5	58.2			38.8	49.5	46.9	52.5
51.4	47.1	51.5	45.4	36.8	56.6	44.4	50.2	46.8	35.9	47.0	50.6
56.2	43.1	51.9	44.8	39.0	59.4	42.5	53.3	58.8	37.5	51.2	47.8
62.3	34.1	79.7	20.3	74.1	25.9	61.0	35.5	68.4	25.6	57.0	40.1
39.2	29.8	24.4	10.9	16.7	20.7	20.3	15.8	47.9	29.8	30.3	40.7
57.0	31.0	41.3	20.3	25.4	41.9	31.8	25.9	49.3	34.7	46.5	39.8
54.1	38.9	42.2	37.9	27.5	56.8	31.5	24.5	54.2	37.0	45.3	46.1
54.4	43.9	47.7	37.2	37.6	46.5	33.9	30.0	49.3	40.9	48.7	45.5
35.3	42.7	26.9	40.5	18.8	40.3	16.9	21.2	24.6	31.8	29.6	44.9
42.7	50.8	26.0	47.8	14.1	43.0	13.0	37.9	30.5	37.4	30.7	51.5
41.7	41.1	24.9	34.7	18.8	32.7	18.7	21.8	30.0	27.5	27.4	41.1
37.4	45.7	22.0	47.9	14.4	43.4	16.8	34.5	27.9	36.7	29.7	49.5
40.3	46.9	27.0	40.2	11.7	37.7	14.5	35.0	14.1	30.9	31.0	48.9
48.8	37.1	35.9	26.1	23.2	30.3	27.6	27.9	32.6	20.5	38.9	40.9
56.4	32.6	56.7	21.6	51.4	19.6	59.9	13.7	49.4	16.1	53.6	33.6

TABLE 72
NUMBER OF SEATS WON BY CONSERVATIVES, LIBERALS, AND OTHERS, FEDERAL ELECTIONS, 1878-1958

	Nfld.			P.E.I.			N.S.			N.B.			Que.			Ont.		
	C.	L.	O.	C.	L.	O.	C.	L.	O.	C.	L.	O.	C.	L.	O.	C.	L.	O.
1878				5	1	—	14	6	1	5	11	—	45	20	—	62	26	—
1882				1	5	—	14	7	—	9	7	—	52	13	—	54	38	—
1887				—	6	—	14	7	—	10	6	—	36	29	—	54	38	—
1891				2	4	—	16	5	—	13	3	—	29	34	2	48	44	—
1896				3	2	—	10	10	—	9	5	—	16	49	—	43	43	6
1900				2	3	—	5	15	—	5	9	—	8	57	—	56	36	—
1904				3	1	—	—	18	—	6	7	—	11	54	—	48	38	—
1908				1	3	—	6	12	—	2	11	—	11	54	—	48	37	1
1911				2	2	—	9	9	—	5	8	—	27	38	—	73	13	—
1917				2	2	—	12	4	—	7	4	—	3	62	—	74	8	—
1921				—	4	—	—	16	—	5	5	1	—	65	—	37	21	24
1925				2	2	—	11	3	—	10	1	—	4	59	2	68	11	3
1926				1	3	—	12	2	—	7	4	—	4	60	1	53	26	3
1930				3	1	—	10	4	—	10	1	—	24	40	1	59	22	1
1935				—	4	—	—	12	—	1	9	—	5	55	5	25	56	1
1940				—	4	—	1	10	1	5	5	—	1	61	3	25	57	—
1945				1	3	—	2	9	1	3	7	—	2	53	10	48	34	—
1949	2	5	—	1	3	—	2	10	1	2	8	—	2	68	3	25	56	2
1953	—	7	—	1	3	—	1	10	1	3	7	—	4	66	5	33	51	1
1957	2	5	—	4	—	—	10	2	—	5	5	—	9	62	4	61	21	3
1958	2	5	—	4	—	—	12	—	7	7	3	—	50	25	—	67	15	3

TABLE 72
NUMBER OF SEATS WON BY CONSERVATIVES, LIBERALS, AND OTHERS, FEDERAL ELECTIONS, 1878-1958

Man.			Sask.			Alta.			B.C.			Yukon			CANADA		
C.	L.	O.	C.	L.	O.	C.	L.	O.	C.	L.	O.	C.	L.	O.	C.	L.	O.
3	1	—							6	—	—				140	65	1
2	3	—							6	—	—				138	73	—
4	1	—	4	—	—				6	—	—				128	87	—
4	1	—	4	—	—				6	—	—				122	91	2
4	2	1	1	3	—	N.W.T.			2	4	—				88	118	7
3	4	—	—	4	—				2	4	—				81	132	—
3	7	—	3	7	—				—	7	—	1	—	—	75	139	—
8	2	—	1	9	—	3	4	—	5	2	—	—	1	—	85	135	1
8	2	—	1	9	—	1	6	—	7	—	—	1	—	—	134	87	—
14	1	—	16	—	—	11	1	—	13	—	—	1	—	—	153	82	—
—	1	14	—	1	15	—	—	12	7	3	3	1	—	—	50	116	69
7	1	9	—	15	6	3	4	9	10	3	1	1	—	—	116	99	30
—	11	6	—	18	3	1	3	12	12	1	1	1	—	—	91	128	26
11	4	2	8	11	2	4	3	9	7	5	2	1	—	—	137	91	17
1	14	2	1	16	4	1	1	15	5	6	5	1	—	—	40	173	32
1	15	1	2	12	7	—	7	10	4	10	2	1	—	—	40	181	24
2	10	5	1	2	18	2	2	13	5	5	6	1	—	—	67	125	53
1	12	3	1	14	5	2	5	10	3	11	4	—	1	—	41	193	28
3	8	3	1	5	11	2	4	11	3	8	11	—	2	—	51	171	43
8	1	5	3	4	10	3	1	13	7	2	13	—	2	—	112	105	48
14	—	—	16	—	1	17	—	—	18	—	4	1	1	—	208	49	8

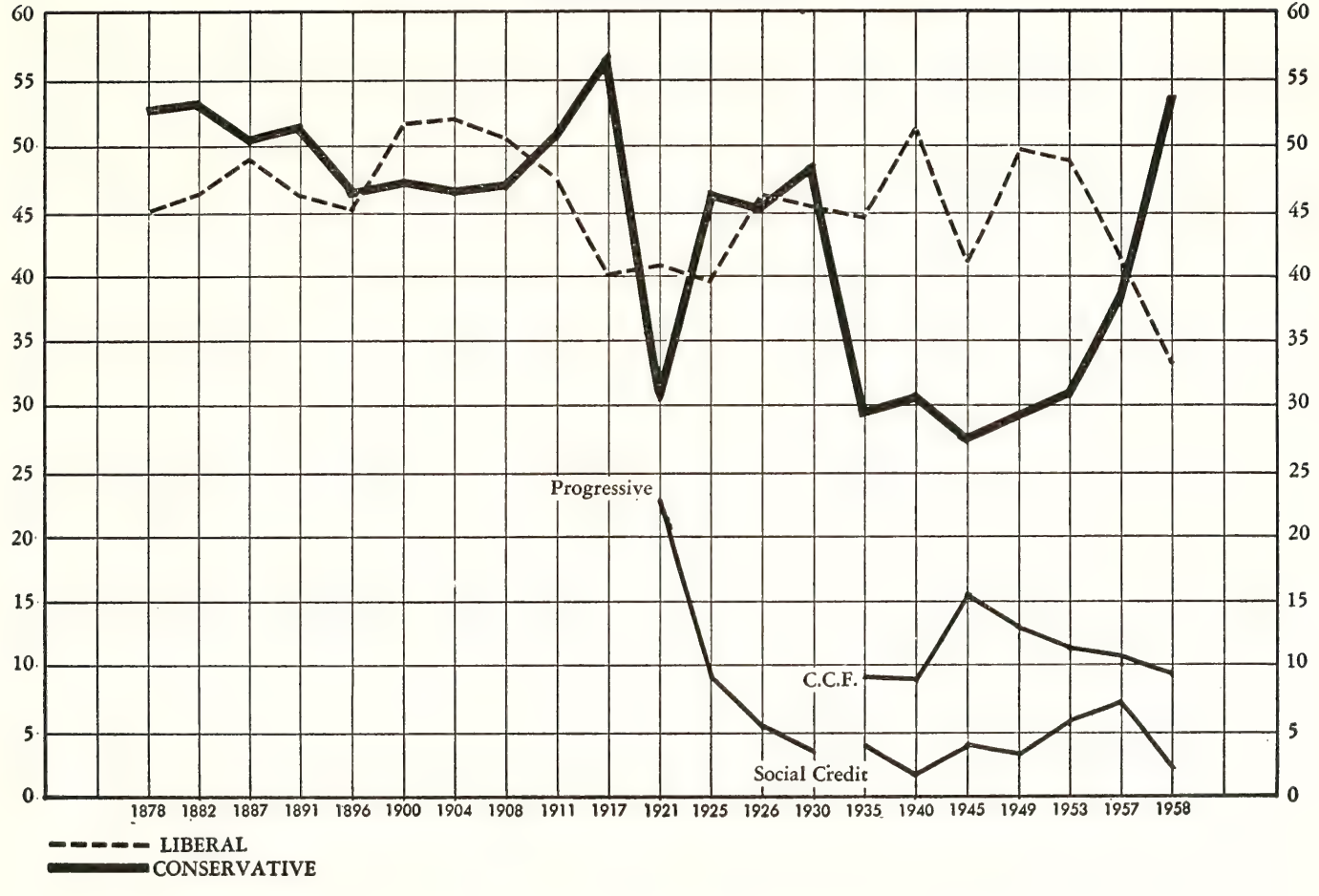
TABLE 73

PERCENTAGE OF POPULAR VOTE POLLED BY VICTORIOUS PARTY IN FIVE REGIONS, FEDERAL ELECTIONS 1896-1958

	Maritime Provinces	Quebec	Ontario	Prairie Provinces	British Columbia	Spread	Standard Deviation
1896	47.5	53.5	40.2	38.9	49.1	14.6	5.52
1900	51.8	56.3	49.8	53.0	49.1	7.2	2.55
1904	52.5	56.4	49.5	56.8	49.5	7.3	3.19
1908	51.9	57.3	47.1	50.5	35.9	21.4	7.12
1911	49.3	49.2	56.2	44.3	58.8	14.5	5.24
1917	52.8	25.1	62.3	71.6	68.4	46.5	16.75
1921	50.6	70.2	29.8	16.3	29.8	53.9	18.94
1925	56.6	33.7	57.0	32.5	49.3	24.5	10.75
1926	45.6	62.3	38.9	42.1	37.0	25.3	9.05
1930	54.7	44.7	54.4	40.0	49.3	14.7	5.69
1935	54.5	54.4	42.7	35.3	31.8	22.7	9.43
1940	52.5	63.3	50.8	43.1	37.4	25.9	8.82
1945	47.5	50.8	41.1	30.0	27.5	23.3	9.26
1949	55.4	60.4	45.7	41.9	36.7	23.7	8.70
1953	54.9	61.0	46.9	37.5	30.9	30.1	11.00
1957	48.6	31.1	48.8	28.6	32.6	20.2	8.88
1958	54.5	49.6	56.4	56.2	49.4	7.0	3.10

NOTE: The table begins with the election of 1896, since prior to this date the pattern of Conservative-Liberal competition had not been established in British Columbia. The figures for the 1925 election relate to the Conservative party performance; if the Liberal party performance is taken as the basis of measurement, the percentage point spread is 29.3.

PERCENTAGE OF VOTE POLLED BY MAJOR PARTIES
Federal Elections 1878-1958



GOVERNING PARTY IN PROVINCES AND DOMINION
1920-1960

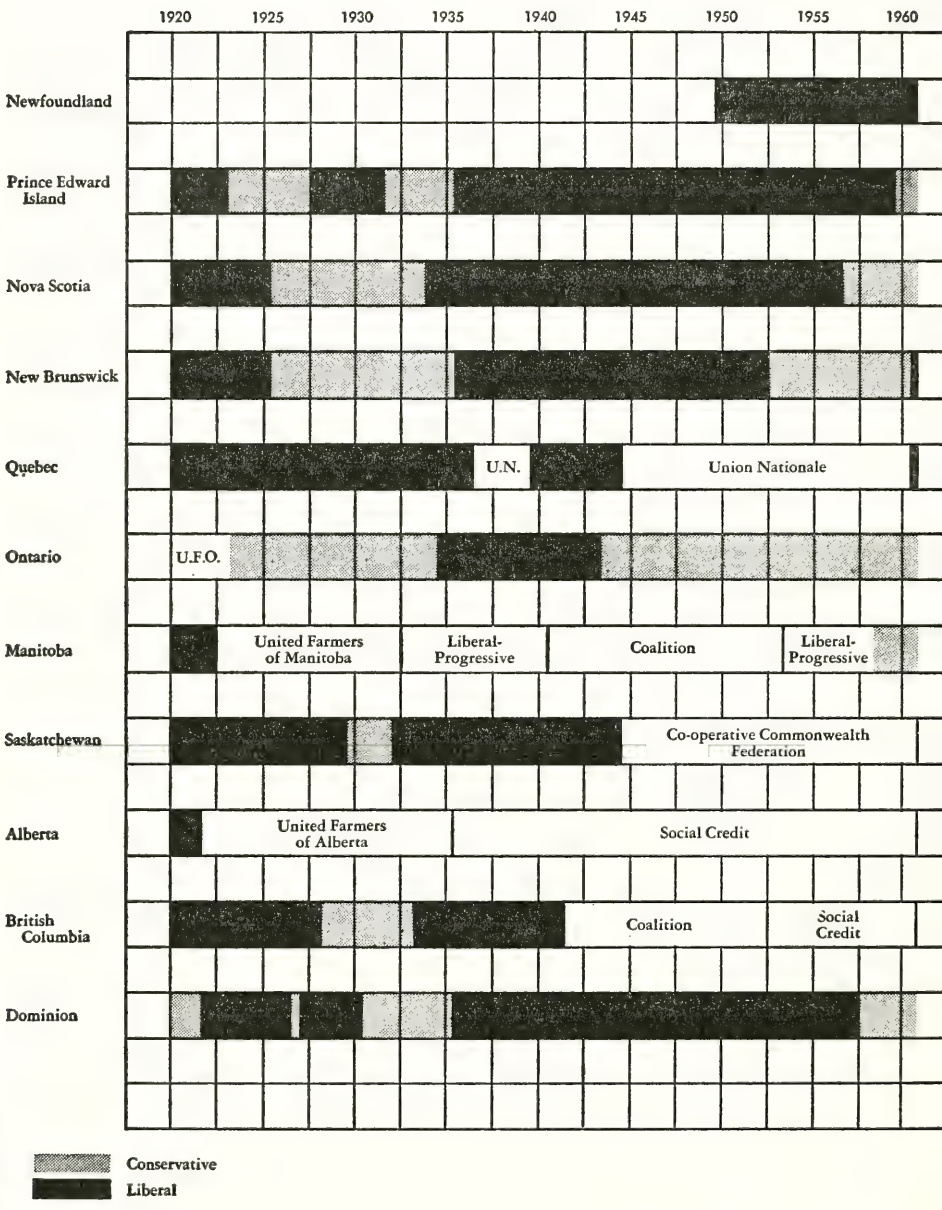


TABLE 74

SWING IN POPULAR VOTE OF GOVERNMENT PARTY IN FIVE REGIONS, FEDERAL ELECTIONS 1900-1958

	Maritime Provinces	Quebec	Ontario	Prairie Provinces	British Columbia	Spread	Standard Deviation
1900	+ 4.3	+ 2.8	+ 9.6	+14.1	± 0	14.1	5.05
1904	+ 0.7	+ 0.1	— 0.3	+ 3.8	+ 0.4	4.1	1.46
1908	— 0.6	+ 0.9	— 2.4	— 6.3	—13.6	14.5	5.21
1911	— 1.3	— 6.6	— 4.0	+ 2.3	+ 1.6	8.9	3.36
1917	+ 3.5	—24.1	+ 6.1	+27.3	+ 9.6	51.4	16.54
1921	—17.6	— 6.7	—23.1	—51.5	—20.5	44.8	14.90
1925	— 8.1	—10.8	+ 1.2	+13.8	+ 4.9	24.6	8.92
1926	+ 3.1	+ 2.9	+ 7.9	+12.0	+ 2.3	9.7	3.75
1930	— 0.3	— 9.1	+ 5.0	— 2.7	+ 3.9	14.1	5.07
1935	—21.9	—16.5	—19.1	—19.1	—24.7	8.2	2.80
1940	— 2.0	+ 8.9	+ 8.1	+ 7.8	+ 5.6	10.9	3.99
1945	— 5.0	—12.5	— 9.7	—13.1	— 9.9	8.1	2.86
1949	+7.9	+ 9.6	+ 4.6	+11.9	+ 9.2	7.3	2.40
1953	— 0.5	+ 0.6	+ 1.2	— 4.4	— 5.8	7.0	2.80
1957	— 6.8	— 3.4	— 9.8	— 8.9	—10.4	7.0	2.55
1958	+ 5.9	+18.5	+ 7.6	+27.6	+16.8	21.7	7.89

NOTE: The table shows (1) the percentage point increase or decrease in popular vote registered by the Government party from one election to the next; (2) the spread of the swings among the five regions; and (3) the standard deviation from the average (mean) swing. In the case of the 1926 election, the Government party is taken to be the Liberal Party.

TABLE 75
VOTER TURNOUT AT FEDERAL ELECTIONS, 1921-1958

	1921	1925	1926	1930	1935	1940	1945	1949	1953	1957	1958
Newfoundland								57.7%	57.4%	51.9%	78.6%
Prince Edward Island	79.6%	75.5%	83.5%	88.6%	80.4%	78.3%	81.0%	85.3	83.3	85.4	88.2
Nova Scotia	69.5	69.9	72.4	82.6	76.4	71.1	71.7	75.4	71.5	81.1	84.3
New Brunswick	65.4	60.9	67.9	77.9	77.4	69.3	77.9	78.7	78.4	81.4	84.8
Quebec	75.7	71.6	71.4	76.2	73.8	66.1	73.2	74.0	68.6	72.3	79.4
Ontario	63.1	64.9	63.9	69.5	74.0	69.5	74.5	75.1	67.0	74.0	79.5
Manitoba	68.2	68.3	77.0	71.7	75.3	75.5	75.5	71.7	59.4	74.2	80.1
Saskatchewan	67.5	56.8	69.7	80.8	77.0	77.5	85.2	79.4	74.2	81.0	81.9
Alberta	63.5	56.9	56.5	66.2	65.3	64.3	73.4	69.3	62.6	73.0	74.4
British Columbia	67.7	75.2	70.7	73.1	76.5	77.9	79.5	69.0	65.1	74.3	75.9
Yukon	83.7	77.7	80.2	81.9	70.1	83.0	62.8	75.3	69.2	74.8	81.4
CANADA	68.2	66.4	67.7	73.5	74.2	69.9	75.3	73.8	67.5	74.0	79.4

NOTES

The table is confined to those elections held since the passage of the 1920 Elections Act, which established a uniform franchise for federal elections. Nationwide turnout figures from 1896 to 1917 were: 1896, 62.9%; 1900, 77.4%; 1904, 71.6%; 1908, 70.3%; 1911, 70.2%; 1917 (civilian vote only), 75.0%.

Since 1930 (with some variation for 1935) the voters list has been prepared immediately prior to the election by means of a house-to-house canvass conducted by enumerators nominated by the major parties. Consequently, the number of names on the list (which is used as the divisor in calculating voter turnout) may be assumed to approximate as nearly as humanly possible the number of eligible voters. Prior to 1930 the method of preparing the voters list did not guarantee such complete results. See Norman Ward, **The Canadian House of Commons Representation** (Toronto, 1950), Ch. X.

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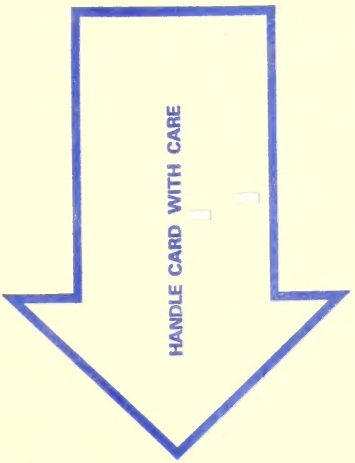
Date Due

Due	Returned	Due	Returned

Canada Votes, Main
324.71S286c C.2
3 1262 03308 0028
324.71
S286c
2

1) INSERT CARD

IN DATA COLLECTOR



2) RETURN CARD

TO BOOK POCKET

324.71S286c C.2